ENVIRONMENT AND SOCIAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT - ENVIRONMENT AND SOCIAL MANAGEMENT PLAN REPORT FOR THREE SUBSTATIONS

(BIHPURIA, KHUMTAI AND AGOMANI)

ASSAM INTRA-STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

SUBMITTED TO ASIAN INFRASTRUCTURE INVESTMENT BANK



SUBMITTED BY ASSAM ELECTRICITY GRID CORPORATION LIMITED



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ABBREVIATIONS

AH Affected Household

AIIB Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank
AEGCL Assam Electricity Grid Corporation Limited

AIS Air Insulated Substation

AISTSEP Assam Intra-State Transmission System Enhancement Project

APCB Assam Pollution Control Board
AGM Assistant General Manager

BOQ Bill of Quantity

CEA Central Electricity Authority

CESMP Contractor's Environmental and Social Management Plan
CPCB Central Pollution Control Board, Government of India

CBO Community Based Organization

DisCom Distribution Company
DPR Detailed Project Report

DC or D/C Double Circuit
EA Executing Agency
EHV Extra High Voltage

EIA Environmental Impact Assessment

EPC Engineering, Procurement And Construction Management

E&S Environment and Social
E&S officer Environment and Social Officer
E&S Specialist Environment and Social Specialist

ESIA Environmental and Social Impact Assessment

ESMPF Environmental and Social Management and Planning Framework

ESMP Environmental and Social Management Plan

ESP Environmental and Social Policy
ESS Environmental and Social Standard

FGD Focus Group Discussion
GoA Government of Assam
Gol Government of India
GHG Greenhouse Gas

GIS Gas Insulated Substation

GSS Grid Sub-station

GRC Grievance Redress Committee
GRM Grievance Redress Mechanism
HTLS High Temperature Low Sag
IA Implementing Agency
IGC Industrial Growth Centre

IMD Indian Meteorological Department

INR Indian Rupee

IPP Indigenous People Plan

IPPF Indigenous People Planning Framework

IP Indigenous Peoples
LA Land Acquisition

MoEF&CC Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change

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NWBL National Wildlife Board

NGO Non-Government Organization
OPGW Optical Power Ground Wire
PAPs Project Affected Persons

PFA Power for All

PIU Project Implementation Unit PMC Project Management Consultancy

PMU Project Management Unit

RP Resettlement Plan

RPF Resettlement Planning Framework

RoW Right of Way

RFCLARRA Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition Rehabilitation

and Resettlement Act, 2013

SBWL State Wildlife Board

SC or S/C Single Circuit

SF6 Sulphur Hexafluoride

S/S Substation (s)
ST Scheduled Tribe

STU State Transmission Utility

TL Transmission Line

T&T Tower and Transmission

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES

GW Gigawatt

Ha. (hectare) 10,000 sq. m = 2.47105 Acre

km (kilometer) 1,000 meters

kV kilovolt (1,000 volts) kW kilowatt (1,000 watts) MVA Megavolt Ampere

MW Megawatt

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

To support the implementation of Power for All (PFA) plan, Government of Assam (GoA) has requested the Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank (AIIB), through Government of India (GOI), for financial and technical assistance to upgrade and strengthen the power transmission network in the state of Assam. AIIB has considered supporting enhancement of power transmission to improve the reliability of power supply through "Assam Intra-State Transmission System Enhancement Project" in two phases.

AEGCL, the State Transmission Utility (STU) of Assam, owns and operates intra-state Transmission system of Assam and is responsible for transmission of electricity to the distribution entity of Assam from the Generating Plants of the State as well as from Central Sector Generating Utilities and the power contracted from other sources. AEGCL is the implementing agency of the project.

The Project under Phase I includes the construction of 10 new substation in 400kV, 220kV and 132kV voltage level along with the associated (332.945 km) transmission lines (TL), Conversion of one no. of existing AEGCL S/S (132/33kV Gohpur) from AIS to GIS; Augmentation of 14 existing substations (replacement of old transformers with new transformers); Augmentation of 186 km of transmission line (restringing of One Single Circuit (S/C) line and two Double Circuit (D/C) line) by High Temperature Low Sag (HTLS) conductors; Replacement of ground wire to Optical Power Ground Wire (OPGW) for 636 km of transmission lines and substation equipment at substations.

Power transmission projects including the construction of substations have not been listed in the list of environmentally sensitive projects and hence, no environmental clearance is required, as per the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) notification of 2006 and its subsequent amendments by the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC). However, project associated activity like quarry operation (if any) for the project may require prior Environmental Clearance. Clearance from the Forest Department is required only in cases where a project is constructed on forest land or requires cutting of forest trees. Clearance from the State Wildlife Board (SBWL) / National Wildlife Board (NWBL) is required only in cases where a project is constructed on Notified Wildlife area or within the Eco-sensitive Zone of Wildlife area. Clearance from the Wetland authority is required only in cases where a project is constructed on Notified Wetland or within the Eco-sensitive Zone of Wetland. Based on the screening, forest, wildlife and wetland clearances are not applicable for substation locations.

As the Project is funded through the AIIB, the Bank's Environmental and Social Policy (ESP) applies. The Project has been assigned to "Category B" as per the ESP, as substations are not located in sensitive areas.

The present Environmental and Social Impact Assessment (ESIA) and Environmental and Social Management Plan (ESMP) report focuses on the three numbers of substations (S/S) namely Bihpuria, Khumtai and Agomani.

ESS 1 will be applicable to the Project as civil works may cause a limited number of potentially adverse environmental and social impacts. These impacts are not unprecedented and are limited to the Project area.

ESS 2 does not trigger in Khumtai, Agomani and Bihpuria site because there is no requirement of

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resettlement/displacement of people. However, at the acquired land for the Bihpuria S/S, it is observed that, four nos. of non-title holders (squatters) is staying near the village of the proposed substation used that land for temporarily cultivation. As per the provision of entitlement matrix of ESMPF, one time financial assistance of Rs. 25,000 has already been paid to the four numbers of non-title holders (squatters) on 12th April 2022. The cultivators now vacated that land parcel. Abbreviated Resettlement Action Plan (ARAP) will be prepared in due course.

ESS 3 does not trigger in three substations namely Bihpuria, Khumtai and Agomani.

ESIA-ESMP of the associated transmission lines for all the substations of the project will be prepared separately.

The detail of the various regulatory frameworks pertaining to the project has already been discussed / considered in ESMPF.

AEGCL's working operation safety manual also serves as its commitment towards fulfilling the E&S responsibilities including occupation health and safety.

A baseline study to assess the environmental and socio-economic conditions within the three substations premises and adjoining areas has been conducted on 18th January 2022, 8th April and 4th January 2022 respectively for Bihpuria, Khumtai and Agomani to gather baseline information of the environmental and social profile. The detail of the baseline conditions of substations are provided in main report.

Environmental sensitive sites are away from the proposed substation sites. Environmental conditions of the substation sites are quite good.

As assessed from the baseline condition, the impacts are manageable as no major environmental issues have been recorded during site visit. Details of impact and mitigation measures are discussed in the main report. ESMP cost to implement the key environmental & social measures and environmental & social monitoring plan which a part of Engineering Procurement Construction (EPC) Contractor's contract as included in Bill Of Quantity (BOQ) item and as part of their good Engineering practice. An amount of **INR 89,01,900.00** is estimated to be required for implementation of ESMP.

The land for construction of Bihpuria S/S is transferred to AEGCL by Revenue Department, Government of Assam. The land for construction of Khumtai S/S is acquired from Amalgamated Plantation Pvt. Ltd (APPL), whereas, the land for construction of Agomani S/S is AEGCL's own land.

Public consultations were conducted with local habitants (33 participants in three S/S namely Bihpuria, Khumtai and Agomani) like economically poor communities, women, vulnerable groups and other local community members nearby substation location on 18th January, 8th April and 4th January 2022 respectively.

Community welcomed the construction of proposed sub- stations and associated activities. No major environmental issues were raised during the consultation process. A few of the local villagers has shown their interest on unskilled works on temporary basis when the civil works are initiated.

Local people are waiting eagerly for the implementation to start, so they could receive better power and hoped for some employment generation.

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The transcript of these discussions will help AEGCL and the EPC contractor to conduct a proper needs assessment to ensure the issues raised by people are addressed appropriately. Consultation will be carried out on an on-going basis throughout the sub-project cycle. This draft ESIA - ESMP will be disclosed online on the website of AIIB and AEGCL. Their hardcopies in English are available at the following locations:

1. PMU: Project Director,

Address: 1st Floor, AEGCL, Bijulee Bhawan,

Contact No.: 0361-2739520 Website: www.aegcl.co.in,

Contact Person: Mr. Lokhnath Choudhury

2. PIU:

Name of the T&T Circle	Name of the Project Districts	Pkg	Name of EPC Contractor	Sub- Projects	Focal point / Nominated Official	Contact number (Mobile and WhatsApp)	Communication Address
N. Lakhimpur	Lakhimpur	A	M/s Neccon Power & Infra Ltd.	Bihpuria S/S	Sri Nayan Jyoti Kuli, DM, (Nalkata GSS) for Bihpuria GIS	7002949313	O/o The DGM, T&T Circle, AEGCL, North Lakhimpur, Nalkata, 787031
Jorhat	Golaghat	D	M/s R. S. Infraprojects Pvt. Ltd. JV with M/s Parth Electricals	Khumtai S/S	Sri Mausam Deka, DM	8638612407	O/o The DGM, UATTC, AEGCL, LMTC, Garmur, Jorhat, 785007
Bongaigaon	Kokrajhar	E	M/s Godrej & Boyce Mgf. Co. Ltd.	Agomoni S/S	Sri Rajib Das, AM	8011925974	O/o The DGM, Bongaigaon T&T Circle, AEGCL (ASEB), Dhaligaon, Chirang, 783385 Assam.

The executive summary in English and Assamese can be found at the following locations:

1. PMU: Project Director,

Address: 1st Floor, AEGCL, Bijulee Bhawan,

Contact No.: 0361-2739520 Website: www.aegcl.co.in,

Contact Person: Mr. Lokhnath Choudhury

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2. PIU: As mentioned in table above.

3. GRC

Tier 2:

(i) Chief General Manager (CGM, PP&D), AEGCL

Address: 1st Floor, AEGCL, Bijulee Bhawan,

Contact No.: 0361-2739520 Website: www.aegcl.co.in

Contact Person: Mr. Lokhnath Choudhury

(ii) PMU: Project Director,

Address: 1st Floor, AEGCL, Bijulee Bhawan,

Contact No.: 0361-2739520 Website: www.aegcl.co.in,

Contact Person: Mr. Lokhnath Choudhury

Tier 1: As mentioned in table above.

The Project provides for the establishment of a Grievance Redress Mechanism (GRM). The GRM is a free system that registers and attempts to resolve concerns or complaints by Project-affected people (PAPs) or construction workers. This process aims to quickly resolve disputes and avoid litigation, thus ensuring the smooth implementation of the project activities.

At all levels of the project Grievance Redress Mechanism, the Grievance Redress Committee members should uphold the objectives of the GRM and strive to achieve them. The primary objectives of GRM are:

- Provide an accessible, transparent, efficient and predictable mechanism for resolution of grievances to all project by:
 - o Popularizing the GRM and how it can be accessed for free.
 - Receiving grievances in various possible forms (Written, Verbal, Electronic, Email, Social Media, Telephone, Fax, Suggestion Box)
 - Establishing clear procedures for redress that covers:
 - Registrations in the GRM log all grievances (including minor and verbal).
 - Acknowledgement to the complainant, explaining expected duration for resolution.
 - Investigation of the grievance, proposing a solution to the complainant and if acceptable closure of the complaint. OR
 - Escalation of the grievance to Tier II which should be communicated to the complaint.
 - Investigation of the grievance, proposing a solution to the complainant
 - Provision of feedback and closure of the grievance in the GRM Log.
 - Complaint should be made aware that:
 - There is no retribution or intimidation for complainants.

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- Access of the GRM is free for the complainants.
- The GRM does not replace the judicial system.
- Observe for any repeated complaints and inform PMU of such for their systemic resolution.
- Providing an environment that fosters free and honest exchange of information, views, and ideas.

The GRM can be accessed through the following channels:

- Project Sign board
- Display in PIU office/T&T Circle office
- To be upload in the AEGCL web site

The Project-affected People's Mechanism (PPM) has been established by AIIB to provide an opportunity for the independent and impartial review of submissions from Project-affected people who believe they have been or are likely to be adversely affected by the AIIB's failure to implement its ESP in situations when their concerns cannot be addressed satisfactorily through the Project-level GRM or the AIIB's management processes. Information about the PPM is available at: https://www.aiib.org/en/policies-strategies/operational-policies/policy-on-the-project-affected-mechanism.html

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

1 INTRODUCTION

Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank (AIIB) extends financial assistance for "Assam Intra-State Transmission System Enhancement Project" (AISTSEP) in two phases to Assam Electricity Grid Corporation Limited (AEGCL), the Implementing Agency (IA), to support the implementation of Power for All (PFA) plan. The Project under Phase I includes the construction of 10 new substation in 400kV, 220kV and 132kV voltage level along with the associated (332.945 km) transmission lines (TL), Conversion of one no. of existing AEGCL S/S (132/33kV Gohpur) from AIS to GIS; Augmentation of 14 existing substations (replacement of old transformers with new transformers); Augmentation of 186 km of transmission line (restringing of One Single Circuit (S/C) line and two Double Circuit (D/C) line) by High Temperature Low Sag (HTLS) conductors; Replacement of ground wire to Optical Power Ground Wire (OPGW) for 636 km of transmission lines and substation equipment at substations.

The present Environmental and Social Impact Assessment (ESIA) and Environmental and Social Management Plan (ESMP) report focuses on the three numbers of substations (S/S) namely Bihpuria, Khumtai and Agomani.

ESIA-ESMP of the associated transmission lines for all the substations of the project will be prepared separately.

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2 DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT AND SUB-PROJECT

2.1 Description of Project

AEGCL, the State Transmission Utility (STU) of Assam, has planned to execute "Assam Intra-State Transmission System Enhancement Project" to materialize the vision of Govt. of India to provide "Power for All" (PFA) and evacuate power from Generating Plants of the State as well as from Central Sector Generating Utilities and other sources as well as strengthen the Grid Infrastructure of the State reducing the transmission losses. AEGCL is responsible for transmission of electricity to the Distribution Company (DisCom) of Assam.

The project scope involves construction of substations and associated transmission lines of substations.

2.2 Project component features

The sub-projects are located in different areas of Assam. The location maps of substations are depicted in Figure below.

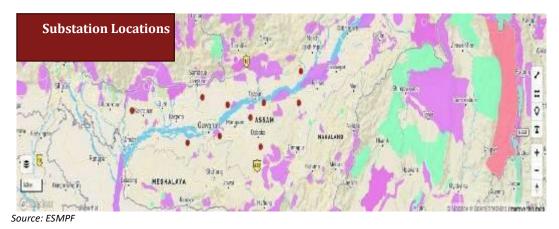


Figure - 1A: Location of Proposed Substations



Figure - 1B: Location of Bihpuria Substation



Figure – 1C: Location of Khumtai Substation



Figure - 1D: Location of Agomani Substation

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Details of sub-project component features are discussed below.

2.2.1 ESTABLISHMENT OF NEW 220/33 kV GIS SUB-STATION AT BIHPURIA

- **a.** Logistics: The Sub-Station is approx. 330 km from Guwahati City via NH-27, NH-127, NH 715 & NH-15 which takes around 7hrs to travel. The road is in good condition. Nearest railway station is at Tatibahar which is around 5 km from S/S.
- **b. Sub-Station:** The Scope involves a GIS Sub-Station having 2 nos. 100 MVA 220/33 kV Transformers.

2.2.2 ESTABLISHMENT OF NEW 220/132 kV & 132/33KV GIS SUB-STATION AT KHUMTAI

- a. Logistics: The substation is approx. 260 Km from Guwahati City via Guwahati- Numaligarh National Highway (NH-127 & 129) road which takes around 5 hrs. to travel. The Road is in very good condition till the sub-station. The Proposed Sub-Station is just opposite to Numaligarh Refinery Main gate. Nearest Railway Station is Furkating Junction Railway Station which is approx. 38 km from S/S.
- **b. Sub-Station:** The Scheme involves a GIS Sub-Station having 2 nos. 160 MVA 220/132 kV Transformers & 2 nos 50 MVA 132/33 kV Transformers.

2.2.3 ESTABLISHMENT OF NEW 220/132 kV GIS SUB-STATION AT AGOMONI

- **a.** Logistics: The Sub-Station is approx. 250 km from Guwahati City via NH-27 up to Gosaigaon. The road condition is good up to Sub-Station. The nearest railway station is Gosaigaon railway station which is approx. 6 km from Sub-station.
- **b. Sub-Station:** The scheme provides for a GIS Sub-Station having 2 nos. 160 MVA 220/132 kV Transformers.

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2.3 Detailed Description of Sub-Project

Table - 1: Details of the proposed substations and the land ownership

SI. No.	Scope of Work	GPS coordinates of Substation locations	Location / Village / Town / Tehsil / District	Consignee / Concerned Division Official	Area as per ESMPF (in Hectare)	Area at present (In Hectare)	Slope / Plain	Type of Land	Ownership
1.	Establishment of new 220/33kV (2X 100MVA), GIS substation at Bihpuria.	26°59'17.975"N 93°50'14.797" E	Bihpuria / North Lakhimpur	AGM, North Lakhimpur T&T Division, AEGCL	2	2	Plain Low land	Government land used temporarily for cultivation by four nos. of non-title holders (squatters) staying near the village of the proposed substation	Transferred to AEGCL by Revenue Department, Government of Assam
2.	Establishment of new 220/132kV (2X160MVA), GIS substation at Khumtai	26°34'23.45"N 93°46'56.43"E	Khumtai / Golaghat	AGM, 220kV Mariani GSS, AEGCL	6.8	6.83	Sloppy	Tea Garden land	Acquired from Amalgamated Plantation Pvt. Ltd (APPL)
3.	Establishment of new 220/132kV (2X160MVA), GIS substation at Agomoni.	26°28'11.59"N 90° 0'41.00"E	Agomoni / Kokrajhar	AGM, 132kV Dhaligaon GSS, AEGCL	3.6	3.6	Plain	Barren	AEGCL own land

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3 REVIEW OF LEGAL & POLICY FRAMEWORK

The laws, regulations and policies of Government of India (GoI), Government of Assam (GoA), International conventions and the AIIB pertaining to E&S risks and impacts need to be considered for effective management of environmental aspects.

As a sequel to the UN Conference on the Human Environment (1972), Indian Parliament in 1976 amended the Constitution of India by introducing articles 48A and 51A. These articles incorporated environmental concerns into the Directive Principles of state policy and postulated as a fundamental duty of all citizens to preserve and protect the environment.

Power transmission projects including the construction of substations have not been listed in the list of environmentally sensitive projects and hence, no environmental clearance is required, as per the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) notification of 2006 and its subsequent amendments by the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC). However, project associated activity like quarry operation (if any) for the project may require prior Environmental Clearance. Clearance from the Forest Department is required only in cases where a project is constructed on forest land or requires cutting of forest trees.

Based on the screening, forest, wildlife and wetland clearances are not applicable for substation locations.

The Project has been assigned to "Category B" as per AIIB's categorization, as substations are not located in sensitive areas.

The present Environmental and Social Impact Assessment (ESIA) and Environmental and Social Management Plan (ESMP) report focuses on the three numbers of substations (S/S) namely Bihpuria, Khumtai and Agomani.

ESS 1 will be applicable to the Project as civil works may cause a limited number of potentially adverse environmental and social impacts. These impacts are not unprecedented and are limited to the Project area.

ESS 2 does not trigger in Khumtai, Agomani and Bihpuria site because there is no requirement of resettlement/displacement of people. However, at the acquired land for the Bihpuria S/S, it is observed that, four nos. of non-title holders (squatters) is staying near the village of the proposed substation used that land for temporarily cultivation. As per the provision of entitlement matrix of ESMPF, one time financial assistance of Rs. 25,000 has already been paid to the four numbers of non-title holders (squatters) on 12th April 2022. The cultivators now vacated that land parcel. Abbreviated Resettlement Action Plan (ARAP) will be prepared in due course.

ESS 3 does not trigger in three substations namely Bihpuria, Khumtai and Agomani.

ESIA-ESMP of the associated transmission lines for all the substations of the project will be prepared separately.

The detail of the various regulatory frameworks pertaining to the project has already been discussed / considered in ESMPF.

AEGCL's working operation safety manual also serves as its commitment towards fulfilling the E&S responsibilities including occupation health and safety.

Assam Electricity Grid Corporation Ltd

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4 DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENTAL & SOCIAL BASELINE CONDITIONS

4.1 E&S baseline and primary data pertinent to the potential E&S risks of Sub-project activities for S/S

Site visits were conducted for three new S/S sites. The monitoring data generated in pre-construction phase for ambient air quality, water quality, soil quality and noise level by respective EPC contractors of Bihpuria and Agomani S/S site considered as baseline data which has been provided in Contractor's Environmental and Social Management Plan (CESMP) report is given in the Table below. For Khumtai S/S, secondary source like Draft Environment Impact Assessment and Environmental & Social Management Plan which was part of Detailed Project Report of "Improvement and Upgradation of A15 Kamargaon to Kamarbandha under Asom Mala" is also presented in Table below. The pre-construction phase ambient air quality, water quality, soil quality and noise level data for Khumtai will be generated by EPC Contractor, which will be provided in Contractor's Environmental and Social Management Plan (CESMP) report. The data generated by EPC contractors will be considered as baseline data.

Based on the secondary information acquired through consultation with local populace and the site reconnaissance survey it was observed that baseline air quality and ambient noise appeared to be within acceptable limits and air or noise pollution poses insignificant threat currently in all the sites.

Table-2: Air Quality Monitoring Data of nearby area of proposed sub- stations

SL. No	Name of Monitoring Station	Monitoring Period/Date	PM10 (μg/m³)	PM2.5 (μg/m³)	Remarks
SL. NO	National Ambient Air Qualit	y Standards (NAAQS)	100	60	24-hours average
	National Ambient Air Qualit	y Standards (NAAQS)	60	40	Annual
1	Bihpuria	03.02.2022 to 04.02.2022	64	28	
2	Agomoni	04.04.2022 to 05.04.2022	59	28	
3	Khumtai	14.01.2020 to 15.01.2020	49.4	18.6	

Table-3: Noise Level Monitoring Data of nearby area of proposed sub-stations

SL.	Name of	Monitoring	Sound Parameters(dBA)				
No.	Monitoring	Period/Date	Category of	Limits in dB(A) /	Limits in dB(A) /		
	Station		Zones	Day time	Night time		
			Industrial	75	70		
			Commercial	65	55		
			Residential 55 45		45		
			Silence Zone				
			(Sensitive	50	40		
			Locations)				
1	Bihpuria	03.02.2022	Commercial	48.7	38.4		
2	Agomoni	04.04.2022	Commercial	56.4	38.2		
3	Khumtai	14.01.2020	Commercial	46.2	35.8		

Table-4: Ground Water Quality Data of nearby area of proposed sub- stations

	Name of						IS	-10500-2012
SL. No.	Name of Monitoring Station	Sampling Period/Date	Parameters	Method	Unit	Results	Requirement (Acceptable Limit)	Permissible Limit in the absence of alternate source
			рН	IS 3025 part 11 1983 (RA:2017)	_	6.52	6.5-8.5	No relaxation
			Conductivity	IS 3025 part 14 1984 (RA:2013)	ms/cm	0.068	_	_
			Colour	IS 3025 part 4 1983 (RA:2017)	hazen	1	5	15
			Total Dissolved Solids	IS 3025 part 16 1984 (RA:2017)	mg/l	36	500	2000
			Total Suspended Solids	IS 3025 part 17 1984 (RA:2017)	mg/l	<10	_	_
			Turbidity	IS 3025 part 10 1984(RA:2017)	NTU	4	1	5
			BOD	IS 3025 part 44 1993(RA:2014)	mg/l	<2	_	_
			Dissolved Oxygen	IS 3025 part 38 1989(RA:2019)	mg/l	5.8	_	_
			Chlorides	IS 3025 part 32 1988(RA:2013)	mg/l	1	250	1000
1	Bihpuria	03.02.2022	Fluoride	IS 3025 part 60 2008(RA:2013)	mg/l	<0.5	1	1.5
1	Біприпа	03.02.2022	Iron	IS 3025 part 53 2003 (RA:2014)	mg/l	0.08	0.30	No relaxation
			Oil and Grease	IS 3025 part 39 1991 (RA:2014)	mg/l	<2	_	_
			Sulphates	IS 3025 part 24 1986 (RA:2019)	mg/l	10.3	200	400
			Hardness	IS 3025 part 21 2009 (RA:2019)	mg/l	23.8	200	600
			Nitrate	IS 3025 part 34 1988 (RA:2019)	mg/l	<1	45	No relaxation
			Odour	IS 3025 part 5 1983(RA:2017)	_	Agreeable	Agreeable	Agreeable
			E.Coli	HiMedia Kit	MPN/100ml	Absent	Absent	Absent
			Total Coliform	APHA 23 rd Edition 2017	MPN/100ml	Absent	Absent	Absent
			Pesticides	APHA 23 rd Edition 2017	μg/l	BDL		_
			Taste	APHA 23 rd Edition 2017	_	Agreeable	Agreeable	Agreeable
			Floating Materials	_	_	Not visible	_	_
			рН	Standard methods given in the	_	7.28	6.5-8.5	No relaxation
			Conductivity	manual of the American Public	ms/cm	258.51		_
2	Khumtai	14.01.2020	Colour	Health Association for the	Hazen	<5	5	25
			Total Dissolved Solids	Examination of Water and	mg/l	168.03	500	2000
			Total Suspended Solids	Wastewater (APHA)	mg/l	<1	_	_

	1		T		I	I	I	
			Turbidity		NTU	<1	1	5
			Chlorides		mg/l	18.4	250	1000
			Fluoride		mg/l	0.92	1	1.5
			Iron		mg/l	1.25	0.3	No relaxation
			Sulphates		mg/l	8.8	200	400
			Hardness		mg/l	107.98	200	600
			Nitrate		mg/l	7.8	45	No relaxation
			Odour		_	Agreeable	Agreeable	Agreeable
			Total Coliform		mg/l	Absent/100ml	Nil	Nil
			рН	IS 3025 part 11 1983 (RA:2017)	_	6.51	6.5-8.5	No relaxation
			Conductivity	IS 3025 part 14 1984 (RA:2013)	ms/cm	0.13	_	_
			Colour	IS 3025 part 4 1983 (RA:2017)	Hazen	1	5	15
			Total Dissolved Solids	IS 3025 part 16 1984 (RA:2017)	mg/l	52	500	2000
			Total Suspended Solids	IS 3025 part 17 1984 (RA:2017)	mg/l	<10	_	_
			Turbidity	IS 3025 part 10 1984(RA:2017)	NTU	<1	1	5
			BOD	IS 3025 part 44 1993(RA:2014)	mg/l	<2	_	_
			Dissolved Oxygen	IS 3025 part 38 1989(RA:2019)	mg/l	4.8	_	_
			Chlorides	IS 3025 part 32 1988(RA:2013)	mg/l	3.9	250	1000
	A:	04.04.2022	Fluoride	IS 3025 part 60 2008(RA:2013)	mg/l	<0.5	1	1.5
3	Agomoni	04.04.2022	Iron	IS 3025 part 53 2003 (RA:2014)	mg/l	0.16	0.30	No relaxation
			Oil and Grease	IS 3025 part 39 1991 (RA:2014)	mg/l	<2	_	_
			Sulphates	IS 3025 part 24 1986 (RA:2019)	mg/l	16.2	200	400
			Hardness	IS 3025 part 21 2009(RA:2019)	mg/l	22.1	200	600
			Nitrate	IS 3025 part 34 1988(RA:2019)	mg/l	<1	45	No relaxation
			Odour	IS 3025 part 5 1983(RA:2017)	_	Agreeable	Agreeable	Agreeable
			E.Coli	HiMedia Kit	MPN/100ml	Absent	Absent	Absent
			Total Coliform	APHA 23 rd Edition 2017	MPN/100ml	Absent	Absent	Absent
			Pesticides	APHA 23 rd Edition 2017	μg/l	BDL		
			Taste	APHA 23 rd Edition 2017	_	Agreeable	Agreeable	Agreeable
			Floating materials			Not visible		

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Table-5: Soil Quality Data of nearby area of proposed sub- stations

SL. No	Name of Monitoring Station	Sampling Period/Date	Parameters	Results
			pH value(1.5)	5.76
			Sulphite in SO₃ in %	4.78
			Chloride in mg/kg	8.4
1	Bihpuria	03.02.2022	ORP in mV	520
			Water soluble salts as EC in mS/m	160
			Organic matter in %	5.2
			Moisture Content in %	21.5
			pH value(1.5)	6.4
			Sulphite in SO₃ in %	5.67
			Chloride in mg/kg	8.7
2	Agomoni	04.04.2022	ORP in mV	520
			Water soluble salts as EC in mS/m	460
			Organic matter in %	4.1
			Moisture Content in %	29
			pH value(1.5)	7.19
3	Khumtai	14 01 2020	Sulphate in mg/100gm	23.27
٥	KIIUIIILAI	14.01.2020	Organic matter in %/mass	0.94
			Moisture Content in %/mass	36.32

4.2 District and location wise social profile of proposed substation locations

Table -6: Social profile of proposed substation locations

SI. No	Name of Substation	Particulars	Social profile of proposed substation locations
1.	Establishment of new 220/33 kV (2 X 100 MVA) GIS Substation at Bihpuria	Population Schedule Caste (SC) and Schedule Tribe (ST) Population Literacy rate Sex ratio	Lakhimpur district: 10, 42,137 (male –529,674 female –5, 12,643) as per the Census 2011. Bihpuriya Circle: 2,10,165 as per the Census 2011 (males – 1,06,686, females – 1,03,279) Lakhimpur district: SC-81,840, ST-2,49,426 Bihpuriya circle: ST-26,656; SC-15,321 Lakhimpur district: 77.2% Bihpuriya circle: 75.75% Lakhimpur district: 968 Bihpuriya circle: 966
2.	Establishment of New 220/132 kV (2 X 160 MVA) GIS Substation at Khumtai	Population Schedule Caste (SC) and	Golaghat district: 10, 66,888 (male – 5, 43,161 female – 5, 23,727) as per the Census 2011. Khumtai Circle: 85,835 (male –43,406 female – 42,429) as per the Census 2011. Golaghat district: SC-62,298, ST-1,11,765
	Kumutai	Schedule Tribe (ST)	Khumtai Circle: ST-14,655; SC-6,260

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SI. No	Name of Substation	Particulars	Social profile of proposed substation locations
		Population	
		Literacy rate	Golaghat district: 77.43%
		Literacy rate	Khumtai Circle: 72.74%
		Sex ratio	Golaghat district: 964
		Sex ratio	Khumtai Circle: 977
			Kokrajhar district: - 8, 87,142 (male- 452,905, female
		Population	– 4, 34,237) as per the Census 2011.
			Gossaigaon circle – 53,842 (male - 27,487, female –
	Establishment of new		26,355)
	220/132 (2 X 160	Schedule Caste (SC) and	Kokrajhar district – SC-29,570, ST-2,78,665
3.	MVA)GIS Substation	Schedule Tribe (ST)	Gossaigaon circle – SC-2,640, ST-27
	at Agamoni	Population	G033aiga011 circle 3e-2,0+0, 31-27
	at Agamom	Literacy rate	Kokrajhar district – 65.22%
		Literacy rate	Gossaigaon circle – 60.94%
		Sex ratio	Kokrajhar district – 959
		JEX Tallo	Gossaigaon circle - 959

4.3 E&S profile of Three substations

The E&S profiling and public consultation has been conducted for three substations namely Bihpuria, Khumtai and Agomani on 18th January, 8th April and 4th January 2022 respectively to gather firsthand information of the environmental and social profile. The team for the E&S assessment comprises of Environmental & Social Safeguard Expert of Project Management Unit (PMU) and officials of Project Implementation Unit (PIU).

Selection of Site

Site visit was carried out at three substations to establish the E&S profile along with consultations in S/S locations.

Adopted Methodology

The adopted methodology for establishing the E&S data involves collection of data for existing conditions on physical, ecological, economic and social aspects, together with the anticipated environmental and social impacts and proposed mitigation measures. The assessment of physical, biological and social features along the proposed substations also involved data collection from secondary sources and has been done to support the findings of the field survey.

A baseline study was conducted to assess the environmental and socio-economic conditions within the three substations premises and adjoining areas. The baseline data generation was supplemented with field observations, survey reports and interaction with the community and project personnel. The detail of the baseline conditions of substation is presented in the Table below.

Table - 7: E&S profile of the proposed substation sites visited

	N C			
SI.	Name of	Location	Status of	Detail of Disease and City and EGG Co. 1991
No.	Proposed	(District)	Land	Detail of Proposed Site and E&S Conditions
	Substation			
1.	Establishment of	· ·	Transferred to	
	new 220/33kV	North	1	93°50'14.797" E) is located near to the NH 15.
	(2X 100MVA),	'		• 2 ha of Government land (Revenue Department,
	GIS substation at		Department,	Government of Assam) have been transferred in
	Bihpuria			the name of AEGCL.
				 Land parcel is completely free of habitation.
				Approx. 51,000 Cu.m land filling is required in the
				S/S. Likely earth quantity required including
				compaction 70,400 Cu.m.
				• Approx. 9061.8 Cu.m sand and Approx. 18123.75
				Cu.m aggregate are required to be procured
				phase wise as per Implementation Schedule in the
				entire construction period of S/S.
				• Approx. 20 numbers of bamboos has been
				recorded in the proposed substation.
				No Biosphere Reserve, National Park, Wildlife
				Sanctuary and Wetland and their Eco-sensitive
				zone is recorded within 10km radius from the
				proposed S/S.
				 No Reserve Forest / Protected Forest recorded near to the proposed S/S.
				• No Air, Water and Noise pollution observed
				during site visit.
				• The local inhabitants belong to General/ Other
				Backward Caste (OBC).
				No cultural heritage site nearby proposed
				substation.
				• 1 No. Jarabari Bor Namghar (Prayer House for
				worship) (26°59'6.88"N 93°50'2.49"E) is approx.
				500m away from the proposed S/S.
				• P.Chalaguri H.S School (26°59'39.00"N
	Farablish : C	Marian de la companya	A = === 1 1	93°50'6.88"E) is approx. 1.3km away from the S/S.
	Establishment of			• The proposed substation is located at
	-	Golaghat	AEGCL from	26°34'23.45"N 93°46'56.43"E near NH 129.
	(2X160MVA), GIS		_	• 6.83 ha garden land has been acquired by AEGCL
	substation at		Plantation Pvt.	from Amalgamated Plantation Pvt. Ltd (APPL) (Letekujan Tea Estate) for construction of
	Khumtai		Ltd (APPL),	,
			(Letekujan Tea Estate)	Land parcel is completely free of habitation.
			· ·	 44,424 Cu.m land filling is required in the S/S.
				Likely earth quantity required including

SI. No.	Name of Proposed Substation	Location (District)	Status of Land	Detail of Proposed Site and E&S Conditions
				 Approx. 9061.8 Cu.m sand and Approx. 18123.75 Cu.m aggregate are required to be procured phase wise as per Implementation Schedule in the entire construction period of S/S. The proposed site is opposite NRL premises and therefore negligible air, noise, soil and water pollution may exist. Enumeration of trees and tea bushes for permission of cutting from Forest Department is under process. No Biosphere Reserve, National Park, Wildlife Sanctuary and Wetland and their Eco-sensitive zone is recorded within 10km radius from the proposed S/S. No Reserve Forest / Protected Forest recorded near to the proposed S/S. Elephants occasionally come in the Tea Garden. Borchapari Eco Camp (26°37'8.49"N 93°46'39.76"E) is approx. 5.2 km from the proposed S/S. The local inhabitants belong to General/Tea Tribe. Kalpataru Academy (26°34'9.54"N 93°46'22.57"E) is approx. 1km from the proposed S/S. Rang Bang M.E School (26°33'9.64"N 93°45'17.12"E) is approx. 3.5km away from the proposed S/S. Bokail High School (26°31'16.32"N 93°46'53.72"E) is approx. 5.8km away from the proposed S/S. Vivekanand Kendra NRL hospital (26°35'25.95"N 93°44'59.80"E) is approx. 3.8km away from the proposed S/S. Deopahar Archeological Site (26°36'3.67"N 93°43'53.80"E) is approx. 6km away from the proposed S/S. Baba Than (Lord Shiva Temple) Numaligarh (26°35'33.39"N 93°44'57.48"E) is approx. 8.2km away from the proposed S/S. Khumtai Model Hospital (26°35'9.22"N 93°48'49.94"E) is approx. 6.8km away from the proposed S/S. Khumtai Model Hospital (26°35'9.22"N 93°48'49.94"E) is approx. 6.8km away from the proposed S/S.

SI. No.	Name of Proposed Substation	Location (District)	Status of Land	Detail of Proposed Site and E&S Conditions
2	Catablishment of	Agamani	AFCCI OVE	93°45'39.02"E) is approx. 8.3km away from the proposed S/S. • CSIF unit Numalighah (26°34'50.43"N 93°48'2.57"E) is approx. 6.8km away from the proposed S/S.
3.	Establishment of new 220/132kV (2X160MVA), GIS substation at Agomoni	_	land	 The proposed substation is located at 26°28'11.59"N 90° 0'41.00"E near NH 27. 3.36 ha AEGCL own land is available construction of proposed S/S. Land parcel is completely free of habitation. 75,000 Cu.m land filling is required in the S/S. Likely earth quantity required including compaction 1,05,000 Cu.m. Approx. 9061.8 Cu.m sand and Approx. 18123.75 Cu.m aggregate are required to be procured phase wise as per Implementation Schedule in the entire construction period of S/S. No Biosphere Reserve, National Park, Wildlife Sanctuary and Wetland and their Eco-sensitive zone is recorded within 10km radius from the proposed S/S. No Reserve Forest / Protected Forest recorded near to the proposed S/S. No trees have been observed in the proposed S/S. No cultural heritage site nearby proposed substation. Joyma High School is located next to substation. (26°28'7.55'N 90°0'44.53'E). There is a Church Joyma Mission NELC Church at approx 300m distance. (26°28'3.71"N 90°0'47.72"E) St. Mary's Primary Health Centre at approx. 6.6km (26°26'52.15"N89°58'11.43"E), Gossaigaon Polyclinic Centre at approx. 6km (26°26'14.14" N89°58'36.05"E), Primary Health Centre (Kokrajhar) at approx. 9.4km (26°26'42.54"N 89°56'56.43"E). There is a Tea garden name Joyma Tea Garden at approx 120 m beside the substation area (26°28'1.55"N90°0'51.42"E). There is Joyma River at about 700 m distance

SI. No.	Name of Proposed Substation	Location (District)	Status of Land	Detail of Proposed Site and E&S Conditions
				from proposed site (26°27'58.41"N 90° 1'4.49"E).

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5 ANALYSIS OF ALTERNATIVES

The land for construction of Bihpuria S/S is transferred to AEGCL by Revenue Department, Government of Assam. The land for construction of Khumtai S/S is acquired from Amalgamated Plantation Pvt. Ltd (APPL), whereas, the land for construction of Agomani S/S is AEGCL's own land. The details of land ownership and justification of non-requirement of alternate locations are tabulated in Table below.

Table - 8: Justification for alternatives

SI. No.	Scope of Work	Area as per Appendix-11 of ESMPF (in Hectare)	Area at present (In Hectare)	Slope/ Plain	Type of Land	Ownership	Alternate (Required/Not Required)
1.	Establishment of new 220/33kV (2X 100MVA), GIS substation at Bihpuria	2	2	Plain Low land	Government land used temporarily for cultivation by four nos. of non- title holders (squatters) staying near the village of the proposed substation	Transferred to AEGCL by Revenue Department, Government of Assam	Not Required
2.	Establishment of new 220/132kV (2X160MVA), GIS substation at Khumtai	6.8	6.83	Sloppy	Tea Garden land	Acquired from Amalgamated Plantation Pvt. Ltd (APPL)	Not Required
3.	establishment of new 220/132kV (2X160MVA), GIS substation at Agomoni.	3.36	3.36	Plain	Barren	AEGCL own land	Not Required

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6 ENVIRONMENT & SOCIAL AUDIT

The key environmental and social baseline conditions are tabulated as under and the detail of the baseline conditions of substation is presented in **Chapter** – **7: Specific E&S Impacts** of this report.

Table - 9: E&S Audit of substations

SI.	Name of Proposed Substation	Location (District)	Status of Land	Detail of Proposed Site and E&S Condition	E&S risks noticed
1.	Establishment of new 220/33kV (2X 100MVA), GIS substation at Bihpuria	Bihpuria / North Lakhimpur	Transferred to AEGCL by Revenue Department, Government of Assam	The proposed substation (26°59'17.975"N 93°50'14.797" E) is located near to the NH 15. 2 ha of Government land (Revenue Department, Government of Assam) have been transferred in the name of AEGCL. Land parcel is completely free of habitation. Approx. 51,000 Cu.m land filling is required in the S/S. Likely earth quantity required including compaction 70,400 Cu.m. Approx. 9061.8 Cu.m sand and Approx. 18123.75 Cu.m aggregate are required to be procured phase wise as per Implementation Schedule in the entire construction period of S/S. Approx. 20 numbers of bamboos has been recorded in the proposed substation. No Biosphere Reserve, National Park, Wildlife Sanctuary and Wetland and their Eco-sensitive zone are recorded within 10km radius from the proposed S/S. No Reserve Forest / Protected Forest recorded near to the proposed S/S. No Air, Water and Noise pollution observed during site visit. The local inhabitants belong to General/ Other Backward Caste (OBC). No cultural heritage site nearby proposed substation. 1 No. Jarabari Bor Namghar (Prayer house for worship) (26°59'6.88"N 93°50'2.49"E) is approx. 500m away from the proposed S/S.	surface water quality due to silt runoff from land filling for construction of substation and associated facilities may occur.

SI. No.	Name of Proposed Substation	Location (District)	Status of Land	Detail of Proposed Site and E&S Condition	E&S risks noticed
		, 22 22,		• P.Chalaguri H.S School (26°59'39.00"N 93°50'6.88"E) is approx.	
				1.3km away from the S/S.	
2.	Establishment of	Khumtai,	• Acquired by	• The proposed substation is located at 26°34'23.45"N	• Temporary alteration / deterioration of
	new 220/132kV	Golaghat	AEGCL from	93°46'56.43"E near NH 129.	surface water quality due to silt runoff
	(2X160MVA), GIS		Amalgamat	• 6.83 ha garden land has been acquired by AEGCL from	from land filling for construction of
	substation at		ed	Amalgamated Plantation Pvt. Ltd (APPL) (Letekujan Tea Estate)	substation and associated facilities may
	Khumtai		Plantation	for construction of proposed S/S.	occur.
			Pvt. Ltd	 Land parcel is completely free of habitation. 	Inconvenience may be caused to local
			(APPL)	• 44,424 Cu.m land filling is required in the S/S. Likely earth	residents and road users from the
			• (Letekujan	quantity required including compaction 62,200 Cu.m.	transportation of construction material
			Tea Estate)	• Approx. 9061.8 Cu.m sand and Approx. 18123.75 Cu.m	including transportation of earth for
				aggregate are required to be procured phase wise as per	filling in S/S.
				Implementation Schedule in the entire construction period of	• There may be some disturbances and
				S/S.	safety issues may arise to local residents
				• The proposed site is opposite NRL premises and therefore	during construction of the proposed S/S.
				negligible air, noise, soil and water pollution may exist.	• Enumeration of trees and tea bushes for
				• Enumeration of trees and tea bushes for permission of cutting	permission of cutting from Forest
				from Forest Department is under process.	Department is under process.
				• No Biosphere Reserve, National Park, Wildlife Sanctuary and	 Moderate air pollution, noise and
				Wetland and their Eco-sensitive zone is recorded within 10km	vibration may takes place during
				radius from the proposed S/S.	construction of substation.
				• No Reserve Forest / Protected Forest recorded near to the	Social conflict with local people and
				proposed S/S.	labours hired from outside by contractor
				• Elephants occasionally come at the Tea Garden.	may arise during construction period.
				• Borchapari Eco Camp (26°37'8.49"N 93°46'39.76"E) is approx.	
				5.2 km from the proposed S/S.	
1				 The local inhabitants belong to General/Tea Tribe. 	
				• Kalpataru Academy (26°34'9.54"N 93°46'22.57"E) is approx. 1km	
				from the proposed S/S.	
				• Rang Bang M.E School (26°33'9.64"N 93°45'17.12"E) is approx.	

SI. No.	Name of Proposed Substation	Location (District)	Status o	Detail of Proposed Site and E&S Condition	E&S risks noticed
3.		Agomoni /		 3.5km away from the proposed S/S. Bokail High School (26°31'16.32"N 93°46'53.72"E) is approx. 5.8km away from the proposed S/S. Vivekanand Kendra NRL hospital (26°35'25.95"N 93°44'59.80"E) is approx. 3.8km away from the proposed S/S. Deopahar Archeological Site (26°36'3.67"N 93°43'53.80"E) is approx. 6km away from the proposed S/S. Baba Than (Lord Shiva Temple) Numaligarh (26°35'33.39"N 93°44'57.48"E) is approx. 8.2km away from the proposed S/S. Khumtai Model Hospital (26°35'9.22"N 93°48'49.94"E) is approx. 6.8km away from the proposed S/S. Kamargoan College (26°38'41.78"N 93°45'39.02"E) is approx. 8.3km away from the proposed S/S. CSIF unit Numalighah (26°34'50.43"N 93°48'2.57"E) is approx. 6.8km away from the proposed S/S. The proposed substation is located at 26°28'11.59"N 90° 0'41.00"E near NH 27. 3.36 ha AEGCL own land is available construction of proposed S/S. Land parcel is completely free of habitation. 75,000 Cu.m land filling is required in the S/S. Likely earth quantity required including compaction 1,05,000 Cu.m. Approx. 9061.8 Cu.m sand and Approx. 18123.75 Cu.m aggregate are required to be procured phase wise as per Implementation Schedule in the entire construction period of S/S. No Biosphere Reserve, National Park, Wildlife Sanctuary and Wetland and their Eco-sensitive zone is recorded within 10km radius from the proposed S/S. No Reserve Forest / Protected Forest recorded near to the 	 Temporary alteration / deterioration of surface water quality due to silt runoff from land filling for construction of substation and associated facilities may occur. Inconvenience may be caused to local residents and road users from the transportation of construction material including transportation of earth for filling in S/S. There may be some disturbances and safety issues may arise to local residents during construction of the proposed S/S. Minor air pollution, noise and vibration may takes place during construction of

SI.	Name of Proposed	Location	Status of	Detail of Proposed Site and E&S Condition	E&S risks noticed
No.	Substation	(District)	Land		
				proposed S/S.	substation.
				 The local inhabitants belong to General/Tea tribe. 	 Social conflict with local people and
				 No trees have been observed in the proposed S/S. 	labours hired from outside by contractor
				 No cultural heritage site nearby proposed substation. 	may arise during construction period.
				• Joyma High School is located next to substation. (26°28'7.55'N	
				90°0′44.53′E).	
				There is a Church Joyma Mission NELC Church at approx 300m	
				distance. (26°28'3.71"N 90° 0'47.72"E)	
				• St. Mary's Primary Health Centre at approx. 6.6km	
				(26°26'52.15"N89°58'11.43"E),	
				• Gossaigaon Polyclinic Centre at approx. 6km (26°26'14.14"	
				N89°58'36.05"E),	
				 Primary Health Centre (Kokrajhar) at approx. 9.4km 	
				(26°26'42.54"N 89°56'56.43"E).	
				There is a Tea garden name Joyma Tea Garden at approx 120 m	
				beside the substation area (26°28'1.55"N 90° 0'51.42"E).	
				• There is Joyma River at about 700 m distance from proposed site	
				(26°27'58.41"N 90° 1'4.49"E).	

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7 SPECIFIC E&S IMPACTS OF SUBSTATION

Details of specific E&S impacts of S/S are given the following section.

A. Bihpuria Substation

Checklist for identification of Environmental Impacts (Bihpuria S/S)

Screening Checklist	Yes	No	Remarks
A. Project Siting: Is the Project area			
adjacent to or within any of the following			
environmentally sensitive areas?			
1. Cultural heritage site		No	No cultural heritage site nearby proposed
			substation.
			1 No. Jarabari Bor Namghar (Prayer house for
			worship) (26°59'6.88"N 93°50'2.49"E) is approx.
			500m away from the proposed S/S.
			P.Chalaguri H.S School (26°59'39.00"N
			93°50'6.88"E) is approx. 1.3km away from the
			S/S.
2. Legally protected Area (core zone or		No	No Biosphere Reserve, National Park, and Wildlife
buffer zone)			Sanctuary and their Eco-sensitive zone are
			recorded within 10km radius from the proposed
			S/S.
			No Reserve Forest / Protected Forest recorded
			near to the proposed S/S.
3. Wetland/ Mangrove/ Estuarine		No	Wetland and its Eco-sensitive zone
			observed/reported within 10km radius from the
			proposed S/S.
			There is no Mangrove / Estuarine nearby the
			Project site.
4. Special area for protecting biodiversity		No	No Special area for protecting biodiversity is
			recorded within 10km radius from the proposed
			S/S.
B. Potential Environmental Impacts: Will			
the Project cause			
1. Impairment of historical/cultural areas;		No	Approx. 20 numbers of bamboos has been
disfiguration of landscape or potential			recorded in the proposed substation.
loss/damage to physical cultural			Noise and dust pollution are envisaged from the
resources?			proposed construction of substation.
			Since, the proposed site is near residential area,
			there may be some disturbances due to the
2. Dietuskanaa ta uu			proposed construction of substation.
2. Disturbance to precious ecology (e.g.		No	No Reserve Forest / Protected Forest recorded
sensitive or protected areas)?	Va -		near to the proposed S/S.
3. Alteration of surface water hydrology of	Yes		Temporary alteration of surface water hydrology
waterways resulting in increased sediment			may occur due to silt runoff from land filling for construction of substation and associated
in streams affected by increased soil			
erosion at construction site?	Voc		facilities. Temporary deterioration of surface water quality
4. Deterioration of surface water quality	Yes		
due to silt runoff and sanitary wastes from			may takes place due to silt runoff from land

Screening Checklist	Yes	No	Remarks
worker-based camps and chemicals used			filling for construction of substation and
in Construction?			associated facilities.
5. Increased air pollution due to project	Yes		Minor air pollution may takes place during
construction and operation?			construction of substation.
6. Noise and vibration due to project	Yes		Minor noise and vibration may occur during
construction or operation?			construction of substation.
7. Involuntary resettlement of people? (physical displacement and/or economic		No	There is no such Involuntary Resettlement and physical & economic relocation took place as 2
displacement)			ha of Government land (Revenue Department,
			Government of Assam) have been transferred in
			the name of AEGCL.
			Land parcel is completely free of habitation.
8. Disproportionate impacts on the poor,		No	There is no material impact on poor, women,
women and children, Indigenous Peoples			children and indigenous Peoples or any other
or other vulnerable groups?			vulnerable groups.
9. Poor sanitation and solid waste disposal		No	Contractor will hire local labour to extent
in construction camps and work sites, and			possible and provide adequate facility to labour
possible transmission of communicable			camp and work site for those hired from outside.
diseases (such as STI's and HIV/AIDS) from			Regular health checkup and an awareness camp
workers to local populations?			regarding transmission of communicable
			diseases (such as Covid 19, STI's and HIV/AIDS)
10. Creation of temporary breeding		No	will be provided by contractor. No temporary breeding habitat for diseases such
habitats for diseases such as those		NO	as those transmitted by mosquitoes and rodents
transmitted by mosquitoes and rodents?			is envisaged.
transmitted by mosquitoes and roacines.			EPC has to be informed at the time of
			implementation to take sufficient measure so
			that the possibility of such contamination does
			not arise.
11. Social conflicts if workers from other		No	Contractor will hire local labour to extent
regions or countries are hired?			possible. EPC Contractor will establish the labour
			camp (s) for those hired from outside, as per the
			rules within the site premises and provide
			adequate facility to the labour to stay within
			camp site. Labours should be informed by the
			EPC project officials to avoid to keep relation
			with the local people and do not go inside the
			nearby residential area without prior permission. Strict observance of the code of conduct as
			specified in Annexure-III.
12. Large population influx during project		No	The Contractor shall be overall responsible for
construction and operation that causes			supply of water within switch yard for
increased burden on social infrastructure			firefighting, drinking purposes, construction
and services (such as water supply and			purpose and other miscellaneous purposes. The
sanitation systems)?			scope is also inclusive of installation of deep
			tube well, construction of slow sand filter and

Screening Checklist	Yes	No	Remarks
			ground storage tank, supply and installation of distribution network pipelines, supply and erection of all overhead tanks, staging for OH tank wherever necessary, pipes, fittings etc. required for the water supply to be taken from the terminal point to the respective buildings. A scheme shall be prepared by the contractor indicating the layout and details of water supply which shall subject to the approval of EMPLOYER before actual start of work. Any extra bore required shall be within the scope of the contractor.
13. Risks and vulnerabilities related to occupational health and safety due to physical, chemical, biological, and radiological hazards during project construction and operation?	Yes		Any intervention in safety at S/S will be taken care by implementing proper precautionary measures as per safety procedures. Use of PPEs during construction and operation of substation will also be ensured.
14. Risks to community health and safety due to the transport, storage, and use and/or disposal of materials such as explosives, fuel and other chemicals during construction and operation?		No	Risks to community health and safety due to the transport, storage, and use and/or disposal of materials such as explosives, fuel and other chemicals during construction and operation is not envisaged. Local community to be informed by the EPC contractors and the concerned Circle officials regarding the vehicle movement and maintain the material store in such manner so that the risks to community health do not arise.
15. Community safety risks due to both accidental and natural causes, especially where the structural elements or components of the project are accessible to members of the affected community or where their failure could result in injury to the community throughout project construction, operation and decommissioning?		No	During construction work EPC contractors should maintain the safety measures and maintain the same to keep community safety throughout the construction phase.
16. Generation of solid waste and/or hazardous waste?	Yes		Solid waste and/or hazardous waste will be generated during construction and operation of substation.
17. Use of chemicals?	Yes		Chemicals will be used in the execution of the project.
18. Generation of wastewater during construction or operation?	Yes		Waste water from Septic Tank will be generated during construction and operation of substation.

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

Checklist for identification of Social Impacts (Bihpuria S/S)

Partic	ulars	Observation
A. Pro	posed Site Location	
1.	Land requirement for the project (GPS parcel border for Substation)	The proposed substation (26°59'17.975"N 93°50'14.797" E) is located near to the NH 15.
2.	Landownership of the project area: Govt. / Private lands	2 ha of Government land (Revenue Department, Government of Assam) have been transferred in the name of AEGCL. Land parcel is completely free of habitation.
3.	Does the project require acquisition of land or transfer of Govt. land/structures? If yes please mention the area of land, number of affected structures, Households	2 ha of Government land (Revenue Department, Government of Assam) have been transferred in the name of AEGCL. Land parcel is completely free of habitation.
4.	Present usage of the land parcels is for: Agricultural purposes Residential purposes Commercial purposes Other purposes (Indicate)	Government land used for temporarily cultivation by four nos. of non-title holders (squatters) staying near the village of the proposed substation.
5.	Will the project lead to loss of housing?	No
6.	Will the project lead to loss of agricultural land?	Government land used temporarily for cultivation by four nos. of non-title holders (squatters) staying near the village of the proposed substation.
7.	Will the project cause damage to private property/assets? (Structures, crops, trees, etc.)	Not applicable
8.	Will the project lead to loss of common property resources?	• The Project will not lead to loss of common property resources. 1 No. Jarabari Bor Namghar (Prayer house for worship) (26°59'6.88"N 93°50'2.49"E) is approx. 500m away from the proposed S/S. P.Chalaguri H.S School (26°59'39.00"N 93°50'6.88"E) is approx. 1.3km away from the S/S.
9.	Will the project lead to loss of livelihood – directly or indirectly?	• No • Government land used temporarily for cultivation by four nos. of non-title holders (squatters) staying near the village of the proposed substation. The cultivators vacated the land parcel. As per the provision of entitlement matrix of ESMPF, one time financial assistance of Rs. 25,000 has been paid to the four numbers of non-title holders (squatters)

Partic	ulars	Observation
		on 12th April 2022.
10.	Does the project require relocation of encroachers/squatters? If yes, please elaborate number, gender and nature, if possible.	No
11.	Does the project require relocation of community facilities/Govt. establishment or any object that are of religious, cultural and historical significance.	Not Applicable
12.	Is the proposed project site encountering any site of archaeological/historical value? Cultural/Symbolic value?	Not Applicable
13.	Proposed project onsite/off-site support infrastructures are located in an area where residents are: All Mainstream / All Indigenous peoples/Majority Mainstream or Non-indigenous peoples/ Majority Indigenous peoples.	 Majority Mainstream (The local inhabitants belong to General/ Other Backward Caste (OBC).
B. Potential Social Impacts- Will the Project cause		
1.	Involuntary resettlement of people? (physical displacement and/or economic displacement)	Not Applicable
2.	Impacts on the poor, women and children, Indigenous Peoples or other vulnerable groups?	Impacts on local people may arise from the proposed substation site. Proper safety measures should be taken during construction. Strict observance of the code of conduct will be followed.
3.	Will community facilities require relocation?	Not Applicable
4.	Poor sanitation and solid waste disposal in construction camps and work sites	May occur at the time of construction
5.	Large population influx during project construction and operation that causes increased burden on social infrastructure and services (such as water supply and sanitation systems)?	May occur at the time of construction
6.	Social conflicts relating to inconveniences in living conditions where construction interferes with pre-existing roads	May occur at the time of construction
7.	Will a Resettlement Plan be required?	Abbreviated Resettlement Action Plan (ARAP) will be prepared for four numbers of Squatters in due course.
8.	Impact on local economy – Fisheries, local tourism related businesses, market places, etc.?	Not Applicable
9.	Livelihood- Direct impact due to loss of land and structures?	No direct impacts. However, Government land used temporarily for cultivation by four nos. of non-title holders (squatters) staying near the village of the proposed substation. The cultivators vacated the land parcel. As per the provision of entitlement matrix of ESMPF, one time

Particulars		Observation
		financial assistance of Rs. 25,000 has
		been paid to the four numbers of non-
		title holders (squatters) on 12 th April
		2022.
10.	Indirect impact due to loss of commercial grounds,	Not Applicable
	market places, places for hawker stalls, etc.?	
	Risks and vulnerabilities related to occupational	Any intervention in safety at S/S will be
11.	health and safety due to physical, chemical,	taken care by implementing proper
	biological, and radiological hazards during project	precautionary measures as per safety
	construction and operation?	procedures. Use of PPEs during
		construction and operation of substation
		will also be ensured.
12.	Other social concerns relating to inconveniences in	May occur at the time of construction
	living conditions in the project areas?	
	Social concerns relating to local inconveniences	May occur at the time of construction
13.	associated with project operation, if any? (e.g.	
	increased volume of traffic, greater risk of accidents,	
	GBV/SE communicable disease transmission)	
14.	Does the project related work affect any objects that	There is no impact on any kind of
	are of religious and cultural significance to the IPs?	cultural Property Resources (CPR).
	Which are the 3 main economic activities that are	
15.	conducted by the IP population? Will these be	Not Applicable
	affected by the proposed project development and	
	how?	
16.	Is there a requirement for an in-depth Indigenous	Not Applicable
	people's plan? (IPP)	
17.	Describe any other impacts that have not been	Not Applicable
	covered in this screening form	
18.	Describe alternatives, if any, to avoid or minimize	Not Applicable
	displacement from private and public lands	

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

Project Impact Assessment Checklist (Bihpuria S/S)

ojec	t impact Assessment Checklist (Binpuria 5/5	<u></u>		D 1 116 1 1 1 1 1
	Detected Section 111			Remarks (If yes, what is the proposed
SI. No.	Potential Environmental Impacts Will the	Yes	No	mitigation measures and indicate which
	Project cause			Environmental and Social Management Standard will be implemented)
1.	Encroachment on historical/cultural areas,		No	Not Applicable
1.	disfiguration of landscape and increased		INO	Not Applicable
	waste generation?			
2			No	Not Applicable
2.	Encroachment on precious ecosystem (e.g.		No	Not Applicable
	Sensitive or protected areas)?	\/		T
3.	Alteration of surface water hydrology	Yes		Temporary alteration of surface water
				hydrology may occur due to silt runoff
				from land filling for construction of
				substation and associated facilities.
4.	Deterioration of surface water quality due to	Yes		Temporary deterioration of surface
	silt Runoff, sanitary wastes from worker-			water quality due to silt runoff from
	based camps and chemicals used in			land filling for construction of
	construction?			substation and associated facilities
				may occur.
				To minimize the above impact, land
				filling will be proposed to done in dry
				season with soil compaction.
5.	Increased local air pollution due to rock	Yes		Crushers (if any) will operate after
	crushing, cutting and filling?			obtaining Consent to Establish (CTE)
				and Consent to Operate (CTO) from
				SPCB and follows the conditions.
6.	Risks and vulnerabilities related to	Yes		Any intervention in safety at S/S, will
	occupational health and safety due to			be taken care by implementing proper
	physical, chemical, biological, and			precautionary measures as per safety
	radiological hazards during project			procedures and use of PPEs during
	construction and operation?			construction and operation of
				substation.
7.	Chemical pollution resulting from chemical		No	Chemical clearing of vegetation for
	clearing of vegetation for construction site?			construction site is not envisaged.
8.	Noise and vibration due to civil works?	Yes		Minor noise and vibration may occur
				during construction of substation.
				Proper Noise barrier will be installed
				as per requirement to minimize the
				Noise.
				To minimize noise and vibration from
				civil works, all construction vehicles,
				and machineries and equipments will
				be maintain regularly and with a valid
				PUC certificate.
9.	Dislocation or involuntary resettlement		No	Not applicable
	of people?			
	F L	<u> </u>		

SI. No.	Potential Environmental Impacts Will the Project cause Disproportionate impacts on the poor,	Yes	No No	Remarks (If yes, what is the proposed mitigation measures and indicate which Environmental and Social Management Standard will be implemented) Not applicable
	women and children, Indigenous Peoples or other vulnerable groups?			
11.	Social conflicts relating to inconveniences in living conditions where construction interferes with pre-existing roads?	Yes		Social conflict may arise at the time of vehicle movement through the pre-existing road. To avoid the situation prior information / consultation to be arrange with the local community people before execution of construction work by EPC.
12.	Hazardous driving conditions where construction interferes with pre-existing roads?	Yes		May Occur at the time of movement of construction material vehicle.
13.	Creation of temporary breeding habitats for vectors of disease such as mosquitoes and Rodents?		No	Creation of temporary breeding habitats for vectors of disease such as mosquitoes and Rodents will not envisage.
14.	Dislocation and compulsory resettlement of people living in right-of-way of the power Transmission lines?		No	Not applicable
15.	Environmental disturbances associated with the maintenance of lines (e.g. routine control of vegetative height under the lines)?		No	Not applicable
16.	Facilitation of access to protected areas in case corridors traverse protected areas?		No	Not applicable
17.	Disturbances (e.g. noise and chemical pollutants) if herbicides are used to control vegetative height?		No	Not applicable
18.	Large population influx during project construction and operation that cause increased burden on social infrastructure and services (Such as water supply and sanitation systems)?		No	The Contractor shall be overall responsible for supply of water within switch yard for firefighting, drinking purposes, construction purpose and other miscellaneous purposes. The scope is also inclusive of installation of deep tube well, construction of slow sand filter and ground storage tank, supply and installation of distribution network pipelines, supply and erection of all overhead tanks, staging for OH tank wherever necessary, pipes, fittings etc. required for the water supply to be taken from the terminal point to

				Remarks (If yes, what is the proposed
	Potential Environmental Impacts Will the			mitigation measures and indicate which
SI. No.	Project cause	Yes	No	Environmental and Social Management
	1 Toject cause			Standard will be implemented)
				the respective buildings. A scheme
				shall be prepared by the contractor
				indicating the layout and details of
				·
				water supply which shall subject to
				the approval of EMPLOYER before
				actual start of work. Any extra bore
				required shall be within the scope of
				the contractor.
19.	Social conflicts if workers from other regions		No	Contractor will hire local labor to
	or countries are hired?			extent possible. EPC Contractor will
				establish the labor camp (s) for those
				hired from outside, as per the rules
				within the site premises and provide
				adequate facility to the labor to stay
				within camp site. Laborers should be
				informed by the EPC project officials
				to avoid to keep relation with the local
				people and do not go inside the
				nearby residential area without prior
				permission.
20.	Poor sanitation and solid waste disposal in		No	Contractor will hire local labor to
	construction camps and work sites, and			extent possible and provide adequate
	possible transmission of communicable			facility to labor camp and work site
	diseases from Workers to local populations?			for those hired from outside.
				Regular health checkup and
				awareness camp regarding
				transmission of communicable
				diseases (such as Covid 19, STI's and
				HIV/AIDS will be provided by
				contractor.
21.	Risks to community safety associated with		No	Not applicable
	maintenance of lines and related facilities?			
22.	Community health hazards due to		No	No Community health hazard is
	electromagnetic fields, land subsidence,			envisaged. Precautionary measures
	lowered Ground water table and			will be taken by officials as part
	salinization?			standard safety procedure during
	Summedion:			operation phase.
23.	Dicks to community health and cafety due to		No	
25.	Risks to community health and safety due to		No	Risks to community health and safety
	the transport, storage, and use and/or			due to the transport, storage, and
	disposal of materials such as explosives, fuel			use and/or disposal of materials
	and other Chemicals during construction and			such as explosives, fuel and other
	operation?			chemicals during construction and
				operation is not envisaged.
				Local community to be informed by

				D 1 /// 1 1 1 1
SI. No.	Potential Environmental Impacts Will the Project cause	Yes	No	Remarks (If yes, what is the proposed mitigation measures and indicate which Environmental and Social Management Standard will be implemented)
				the EPC contractors and the concerned Circle officials regarding the vehicle movement and maintain
				the material store in such manner so that the risks to community health do
				not arise.
24.	Community safety risks due to both accidental and natural hazards, especially		No	During construction work EPC contractors should maintain the
	where the structural elements or components of the project (e.g. high voltage			safety measures and maintain the same to keep community safety
	wires) are accessible to members of the affected community or where their failure			throughout the construction phase.
	could result in injury to the community			
	throughout project construction, operation and decommissioning?			
Invol	untary Resettlement Screening			
1.	Will the activity be undertaken in public land		No	Not applicable
2.	If no 1 is yes, are there any non-titled people (squatters) who live at the site or within the public land/RoW? Please provide gender disaggregated number.		NA	Not applicable
3.	Will the activity be undertaken in private land but acquired		No	2 ha of Government land (Revenue Department, Government of Assam) have been transferred in the name of AEGCL. Land parcel is completely free of habitation.
4.	If no 3 is yes, when the private land was acquired, the land acquired legally under Gol law? (unknown =No)		NA	Not applicable
5.	If no 3 is yes, are there any outstanding Complaints about the land acquired?		NA	Not applicable
6.	Will the activity require new private land acquisition or use?		No	Not applicable
7.	If no 6 is yes, the land will be obtained through negotiated settlement or donation?		NA	Not applicable
8.	If no 6 is yes, will it require compulsory land Acquisition?		NA	Not applicable
9.	If no 6 is yes, then will the activity require permanent or temporary relocation Displacement of any people (titled or non-titled)?		NA	Not applicable

SI. No.	Potential Environmental Impacts Will the Project cause If no 8 is yes, then will there be any loss	Yes	No	=	es and indicate which Social Management
	of housing/accommodation or severely affected households more than 10% of their productive Asset?				
11.	In all cases, will there be any loss of vegetable gardens or agriculture?		No	compensation will and Government p	-
12.	In all cases, will there be any losses of Trees	Yes		Approx. 20 nos. recorded at the tir	of bamboos were ne of site visit.
13.	In all cases, will any small or informal businesses have to be moved or closed temporarily or Permanently?		No	Not applicable.	
14.	In all cases, will there be temporary or permanent loss of employment as a result of the renovation?		No	Not applicable.	
15.	In all cases, will there be temporary or permanent impact on women or vulnerable groups?		No	Not applicable.	
Indigen	ous Peoples Screening	Yes	No	Not Known	Remarks
16.	Are the subproject areas located in scheduled Tribe area?		No		Not applicable
17.	Do the applicants belong to scheduled tribes?		No		
18.	Will the project directly or indirectly affect Indigenous Peoples' traditional socio-cultural and belief practices? (e.g. child-rearing, health, education, arts, and governance)		No		Not applicable
19	Will the project affect the livelihood systems of Indigenous Peoples? (e.g., food production system, natural resource management, crafts and trade, employment status)		No		Not applicable
20.	Commercial development of the cultural resources and knowledge of Indigenous Peoples?				Not Applicable
21.	Physical displacement from traditional or Customary lands?		No		Not applicable
22.	Commercial development of natural resources (such as minerals, hydrocarbons, forests, water, hunting or fishing grounds) within customary lands under use that would impact the livelihoods or the cultural, ceremonial, spiritual uses that define the				Not Applicable

SI. No.	Potential Environmental Impacts Will the Project cause	Yes	No	Remarks (If yes, what is the proposed mitigation measures and indicate which Environmental and Social Management Standard will be implemented)
	identity and community of Indigenous Peoples?			
23.	Establishing legal recognition of rights to lands and territories that are traditionally owned or customarily used, occupied or claimed by Indigenous peoples?		No	Not Applicable
24.	Acquisition of lands that are traditionally owned or customarily used occupied or claimed by indigenous peoples?		No	Not applicable

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

B. Khumtai Substation

Checklist for identification of Environmental Impacts (Khumtai S/S)

Screening Checklist	Yes	No	Remarks
A. Project Siting: Is the Project area			
adjacent to or within any of the following			
environmentally sensitive areas? 1. Cultural heritage site		No	Deopahar Archeological Site (26°36'3.67"N 93°43'53.80"E) is approx. 6km away from the proposed S/S. Borchapari Eco Camp (26°37'8.49"N 93°46'39.76"E) is approx. 5.2 km from the proposed S/S. Kalpataru Academy (26°34'9.54"N 93°46'22.57"E) is approx. 1km from the proposed S/S. Rang Bang M.E School (26°33'9.64"N 93°45'17.12"E) is approx. 3.5km away from the proposed S/S. Bokail High School (26°31'16.32"N 93°46'53.72"E) is approx. 5.8km away from the proposed S/S. Vivekanand Kendra NRL hospital (26°35'25.95"N 93°44'59.80"E) is approx. 3.8km away from the proposed S/S. Baba Than (Lord Shiva Temple) Numaligarh (26°35'33.39"N 93°44'57.48"E) is approx. 8.2km away from the proposed S/S. Khumtai Model Hospital (26°35'9.22"N 93°48'49.94"E) is approx. 6.8km away from the proposed S/S. Kamargoan College (26°38'41.78"N 93°45'39.02"E) is approx. 8.3km away from the proposed S/S.
			CSIF unit Numalighah (26°34'50.43"N 93°48'2.57"E) is approx. 6.8km away from the proposed S/S.
2. Legally protected Area (core zone or buffer zone)		No	No Biosphere Reserve, National Park, and Wildlife Sanctuary and their Eco-sensitive zone are recorded within 10km radius from the proposed S/S. No Reserve Forest / Protected Forest recorded near to the proposed S/S.
3. Wetland/ Mangrove/ Estuarine		No	Wetland and its Eco-sensitive zone observed/reported within 10km radius from the proposed S/S. There is no Mangrove / Estuarine nearby the Project site.
Special area for protecting biodiversity		No	No Special area for protecting biodiversity is recorded within 10km radius from the proposed

Screening Checklist	Yes	No	Remarks
			S/S.
B. Potential Environmental Impacts: Will			
the Project cause			
1. Impairment of historical/cultural areas; disfiguration of landscape or potential loss/damage to physical cultural resources?		No	Enumeration of trees and tea bushes for permission of cutting from Forest Department is under process. Noise and dust pollution are envisaged from the proposed construction of substation. Since, the proposed site is near NRL premise; there is existing disturbances and impact from the construction of proposed substation will be negligible.
2. Disturbance to precious ecology (e.g. sensitive or protected areas)?		No	No Reserve Forest / Protected Forest recorded near to the proposed S/S.
3. Alteration of surface water hydrology of waterways resulting in increased sediment in streams affected by increased soil erosion at construction site?	Yes		Temporary alteration of surface water hydrology may occur due to silt runoff from land filling for construction of substation and associated facilities.
4. Deterioration of surface water quality due to silt runoff and sanitary wastes from worker-based camps and chemicals used in Construction?	Yes		Temporary deterioration of surface water quality may takes place due to silt runoff from land filling for construction of substation and associated facilities.
5. Increased air pollution due to project construction and operation?	Yes		Moderate air pollution may takes place during construction of substation.
6. Noise and vibration due to project construction or operation?	Yes		Moderate noise and vibration may occur during construction of substation.
7. Involuntary resettlement of people? (physical displacement and/or economic displacement)		No	There is no such Involuntary Resettlement and physical & economic relocation took place as 6.83 ha garden land has been acquired by AEGCL from Amalgamated Plantation Pvt. Ltd (APPL) (Letekujan Tea Estate) for construction of proposed S/S. Land parcel is completely free of habitation.
8. Disproportionate impacts on the poor, women and children, Indigenous Peoples or other vulnerable groups?		No	There is no material impact on poor, women, children and indigenous Peoples or any other vulnerable groups.
9. Poor sanitation and solid waste disposal in construction camps and work sites, and possible transmission of communicable diseases (such as STI's and HIV/AIDS) from workers to local populations?		No	Contractor will hire local labour to extent possible and provide adequate facility to labour camp and work site for those hired from outside. Regular health checkup and an awareness camp regarding transmission of communicable diseases (such as Covid 19, STI's and HIV/AIDS) will be provided by contractor.
10. Creation of temporary breeding habitats for diseases such as those transmitted by mosquitoes and rodents?		No	No temporary breeding habitat for diseases such as those transmitted by mosquitoes and rodents is envisaged.

Screening Checklist	Yes	No	Remarks
			EPC contractor has to be informed at the time of implementation to take sufficient measure so that the possibility of such contamination does not arise.
11. Social conflicts if workers from other regions or countries are hired? 12. Large population influx during project		No	Contractor will hire local labour to extent possible. EPC Contractor will establish the labour camp (s) for those hired from outside, as per the rules within the site premises and provide adequate facility to the labour to stay within camp site. Labourers should be informed by the EPC project officials to avoid to keep relation with the local people and do not go inside the nearby residential area without prior permission. Strict observance of the code of conduct as specified in Annexure-III.
construction and operation that causes increased burden on social infrastructure and services (such as water supply and sanitation systems)?		NO	supply of water within switch yard for firefighting, drinking purposes, construction purpose and other miscellaneous purposes. The scope is also inclusive of installation of deep tube well, construction of slow sand filter and ground storage tank, supply and installation of distribution network pipelines, supply and erection of all overhead tanks, staging for OH tank wherever necessary, pipes, fittings etc. required for the water supply to be taken from the terminal point to the respective buildings. A scheme shall be prepared by the contractor indicating the layout and details of water supply which shall subject to the approval of EMPLOYER before actual start of work. Any extra bore required shall be within the scope of the contractor.
13. Risks and vulnerabilities related to occupational health and safety due to physical, chemical, biological, and radiological hazards during project construction and operation?	Yes		Any intervention in safety at S/S will be taken care by implementing proper precautionary measures as per safety procedures. Use of PPEs during construction and operation of substation will also be ensured.
14. Risks to community health and safety due to the transport, storage, and use and/or disposal of materials such as explosives, fuel and other chemicals during construction and operation?		No	Risks to community health and safety due to the transport, storage, and use and/or disposal of materials such as explosives, fuel and other chemicals during construction and operation is not envisaged. Local community to be informed by the EPC contractors and the concerned Circle officials regarding the vehicle movement and maintain the material store in such manner so that the

Screening Checklist	Yes	No	Remarks
			risks to community health do not arise.
15. Community safety risks due to both		No	During construction work EPC contractors
accidental and natural causes, especially			should maintain the safety measures and
where the structural elements or			maintain the same to keep community safety
components of the project are			throughout the construction phase.
accessible to members of the affected			
community or where their failure			
could result in injury to the			
community throughout project			
construction, operation and			
decommissioning?			
16. Generation of solid waste and/or	Yes		Solid waste and/or hazardous waste will be
hazardous waste?			generated during construction and operation of
			substation.
17. Use of chemicals?	Yes		Chemicals will be used in the execution of the
			project.
18. Generation of wastewater during	Yes		Waste water from Septic Tank will be generated
construction or operation?			during construction and operation of substation.

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

Checklist for identification of Social Impacts (Khumtai S/S)

	Particulars	Observation
A. Pro	pposed Site Location	
1.	Land requirement for the project (GPS parcel border for Substation)	The proposed substation is located at 26°34'23.45"N 93°46'56.43"E near NH 129.
2.	Landownership of the project area: Govt. / Private lands	6.83 ha garden land has been acquired by AEGCL from Amalgamated Plantation Pvt. Ltd (APPL) (Letekujan Tea Estate) for construction of proposed S/S. Land parcel is completely free of habitation.
3.	Does the project require acquisition of land or transfer of Govt. land/structures? If yes please mention the area of land, number of affected structures, Households	6.83 ha garden land has been acquired by AEGCL from Amalgamated Plantation Pvt. Ltd (APPL) (Letekujan Tea Estate) for construction of proposed S/S. Land parcel is completely free of habitation.
4.	Present usage of the land parcels is for: Agricultural purposes Residential purposes	Amalgamated Plantation Pvt. Ltd (APPL) (Letekujan Tea Estate) land acquired by AEGCL for construction of S/S.
	Commercial purposes Other purposes (Indicate)	
5.	Will the project lead to loss of housing?	No
6.	Will the project lead to loss of agricultural land?	Amalgamated Plantation Pvt. Ltd (APPL) (Letekujan Tea Estate) land acquired by AEGCL for construction of S/S.
7.	Will the project cause damage to private property/assets? (Structures, crops, trees, etc.)	Not applicable
8.	Will the project lead to loss of common property resources?	The Project will not lead to loss of common property resources. Deopahar Archeological Site (26°36'3.67"N 93°43'53.80"E) is approx. 6km away from the proposed S/S. Borchapari Eco Camp (26°37'8.49"N 93°46'39.76"E) is approx. 5.2 km from the proposed S/S. Kalpataru Academy (26°34'9.54"N 93°46'22.57"E) is approx. 1km from the proposed S/S. Rang Bang M.E School (26°33'9.64"N 93°45'17.12"E) is approx. 3.5km away from the proposed S/S. Bokail High School (26°31'16.32"N 93°46'53.72"E) is approx. 5.8km away from the proposed S/S. Vivekanand Kendra NRL hospital (26°35'25.95"N 93°44'59.80"E) is approx. 3.8km away from the proposed S/S. Baba Than (Lord Shiva Temple) Numaligarh

	Particulars	Observation
		(26°35'33.39"N 93°44'57.48"E) is approx. 8.2km away from the proposed S/S. Khumtai Model Hospital (26°35'9.22"N 93°48'49.94"E) is approx. 6.8km away from the proposed S/S. Kamargoan College (26°38'41.78"N 93°45'39.02"E) is approx. 8.3km away from the proposed S/S. CSIF unit Numalighah (26°34'50.43"N 93°48'2.57"E) is approx. 6.8km away from the proposed S/S.
9.	Will the project lead to loss of livelihood – directly or indirectly?	No. Amalgamated Plantation Pvt. Ltd (APPL) (Letekujan Tea Estate) land acquired by AEGCL for construction of S/S.
10.	Does the project require relocation of encroachers/squatters? If yes, please elaborate number, gender and nature, if possible.	No
11.	Does the project require relocation of community facilities/Govt. establishment or any object that are of religious, cultural and historical significance.	Not Applicable
12.	Is the proposed project site encountering any site of archaeological/historical value? Cultural/Symbolic value?	Not Applicable
13.	Proposed project onsite/off-site support infrastructures are located in an area where residents are: All Mainstream / All Indigenous peoples/Majority Mainstream or Non-indigenous peoples/ Majority Indigenous peoples.	Majority Mainstream (The local inhabitants belong to General/Tea Tribe.
B. Pot	ential Social Impacts- Will the Project cause	
1.	Involuntary resettlement of people? (physical displacement and/or economic displacement)	Not Applicable
2.	Impacts on the poor, women and children, Indigenous Peoples or other vulnerable groups?	Impacts on local people may arise from the proposed substation site. Proper safety measures should be taken during construction. Strict observance of the code of conduct will be followed.
3.	Will community facilities require relocation?	Not Applicable
4.	Poor sanitation and solid waste disposal in construction camps and work sites	May occur at the time of construction
5.	Large population influx during project construction and operation that causes increased burden on social infrastructure and services (such as water supply and sanitation systems)?	May occur at the time of construction
6.	Social conflicts relating to inconveniences in living conditions where construction interferes with pre-	May occur at the time of construction

	Particulars	Observation
	existing roads	
7.	Will a Resettlement Plan be required?	No
8.	Impact on local economy – Fisheries, local tourism	Not Applicable
	related businesses, market places, etc.?	
9.	Livelihood- Direct impact due to loss of land and	No.
	structures?	6.83 ha garden land has been acquired by
		AEGCL from Amalgamated Plantation Pvt.
		Ltd (APPL) (Letekujan Tea Estate) for
		construction of proposed S/S.
		Land parcel is completely free of
		habitation.
10.	Indirect impact due to loss of commercial grounds,	Not Applicable
	market places, places for hawker stalls, etc.?	
1.1	Risks and vulnerabilities related to occupational	Any intervention in safety at S/S will be
11.	health and safety due to physical, chemical,	taken care by implementing proper
	biological, and radiological hazards during project	precautionary measures as per safety procedures. Use of PPEs during
	construction and operation?	procedures. Use of PPEs during construction and operation of substation
		will also be ensured.
12.	Other social concerns relating to inconveniences in	May occur at the time of construction
1	living conditions in the project areas?	imay occur at the time of construction
	Social concerns relating to local inconveniences	May occur at the time of construction
13.	associated with project operation, if any? (e.g.	,
	increased volume of traffic, greater risk of accidents,	
	GBV/SE communicable disease transmission)	
14.	Does the project related work affect any objects that	There is no impact on any kind of cultural
	are of religious and cultural significance to the IPs?	Property Resources (CPR).
	Which are the 3 main economic activities that are	
15.	conducted by the IP population? Will these be	Not Applicable
	affected by the proposed project development and	Νοι Αρρικασίε
	how?	
16.	Is there a requirement for an in-depth Indigenous	No
	people's plan? (IPP)	
17.	Describe any other impacts that have not been	Not Applicable
	covered in this screening form	
18.	Describe alternatives, if any, to avoid or minimize	Not Applicable
	displacement from private and public lands	

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

Project Impact Assessment Checklist (Khumtai S/S)

Project impact Assessment checklist [kilumtur 3/3]					
Sl. No.	Potential Environmental Impacts Will the Project cause	Yes	No	Remarks (If yes, what is the proposed mitigation measures and indicate which Environmental and Social Management Standard will be implemented)	
1.	Encroachment on historical/cultural areas, disfiguration of landscape and increased waste generation?		No	Not Applicable	
2.	Encroachment on precious ecosystem (e.g. Sensitive or protected areas)?		No	Not Applicable	
3.	Alteration of surface water hydrology	Yes		Temporary alteration of surface water hydrology may occur due to silt runoff from land filling for construction of substation and associated facilities.	
4.	Deterioration of surface water quality due to silt Runoff, sanitary wastes from worker- based camps and chemicals used in construction?	Yes		Temporary deterioration of surface water quality due to silt runoff from land filling for construction of substation and associated facilities may occur. To minimize the above impact, land filling will be proposed to done in dry season with soil compaction.	
5.	Increased local air pollution due to rock crushing, cutting and filling?	Yes		Crushers (if any) will operate after obtaining Consent to Establish (CTE) and Consent to Operate (CTO) from SPCB and follows the conditions.	
6.	Risks and vulnerabilities related to occupational health and safety due to physical, chemical, biological, and radiological hazards during project construction and operation?	Yes		Any intervention in safety at S/S, will be taken care by implementing proper precautionary measures as per safety procedures and use of PPEs during construction and operation of substation.	
7.	Chemical pollution resulting from chemical clearing of vegetation for construction site?		No	Chemical clearing of vegetation for construction site is not envisaged.	
8.	Noise and vibration due to civil works?	Yes	Na	Moderate noise and vibration may occur during construction of substation. Proper Noise barrier will be installed as per requirement to minimize the Noise. To minimize noise and vibration from civil works, all construction vehicles, and machineries and equipments will be maintain regularly and with a valid PUC certificate.	
9.	Dislocation or involuntary resettlement of people?		No	Not applicable	
10.	Disproportionate impacts on the poor, women and children, Indigenous Peoples or other vulnerable groups?		No	Not applicable	

				Remarks (If yes, what is the proposed
SI. No.	Potential Environmental Impacts Will the	Yes	No	mitigation measures and indicate which
	Project cause			Environmental and Social Management Standard will be implemented)
11.	Social conflicts relating to inconveniences in	Yes		Social conflict may arise at the time of
	living conditions where construction			vehicle movement through the pre-
	interferes with pre-existing roads?			existing road. To avoid the situation prior
				information / consultation to be arrange
				with the local community people before
12	Harandaya datata a sandistana yakana	V		execution of construction work by EPC.
12.	Hazardous driving conditions where construction interferes with pre-existing	Yes		May occur at the time of movement of construction material vehicle.
	roads?			construction material vehicle.
13.	Creation of temporary breeding habitats for		No	Creation of temporary breeding habitats
	vectors of disease such as mosquitoes and			for vectors of disease such as mosquitoes
	Rodents?			and Rodents will not envisage.
14.	Dislocation and compulsory resettlement of		No	Not applicable
	people living in right-of-way of the power			
45	Transmission lines?			N. P. II
15.	Environmental disturbances associated with		No	Not applicable
	the maintenance of lines (e.g. routine control of vegetative height under the lines)?			
16.	Facilitation of access to protected areas in		No	Not applicable
10.	case corridors traverse protected areas?			The applicable
17.	Disturbances (e.g. noise and chemical		No	Not applicable
	pollutants) if herbicides are used to control			
	vegetative height?			
18.	Large population influx during project		No	The Contractor shall be overall
	construction and operation that cause increased burden on social infrastructure			responsible for supply of water within switch yard for firefighting, drinking
	and services (Such as water supply and			purposes, construction purpose and other
	sanitation systems)?			miscellaneous purposes. The scope is also
				inclusive of installation of deep tube well,
				construction of slow sand filter and
				ground storage tank, supply and
				installation of distribution network
				pipelines, supply and erection of all
				overhead tanks, staging for OH tank
				wherever necessary, pipes, fittings etc.
				required for the water supply to be taken from the terminal point to the respective
				buildings. A scheme shall be prepared by
				the contractor indicating the layout and
				details of water supply which shall subject
				to the approval of EMPLOYER before
				actual start of work. Any extra bore
				required shall be within the scope of the
				contractor.

				Remarks (If yes, what is the proposed
SI. No.	Potential Environmental Impacts Will the	Yes	No	mitigation measures and indicate which
	Project cause			Environmental and Social Management
				Standard will be implemented)
19.	Social conflicts if workers from other regions		No	Contractor will hire local labor to extent
	or countries are hired?			possible. EPC Contractor will establish the
				labor camp (s) for those hired from
				outside, as per the rules within the site
				premises and provide adequate facility to
				the labor to stay within camp site.
				Laborers should be informed by the EPC
				project officials to avoid to keep relation
				with the local people and do not go inside
				the nearby residential area without prior
20	Deer conitation and called weets disposal in		Na	permission. Contractor will hire local labor to extent
20.	Poor sanitation and solid waste disposal in		No	
	construction camps and work sites, and possible transmission of communicable			possible and provide adequate facility to labor camp and work site for those hired
	diseases from Workers to local populations?			from outside.
	diseases from workers to local populations:			Regular health checkup and awareness
				camp regarding transmission of
				communicable diseases (such as Covid 19,
				STI's and HIV/AIDS will be provided by
				contractor.
21.	Risks to community safety associated with		No	Not applicable
	maintenance of lines and related facilities?		110	Not applicable
22.	Community health hazards due to		No	No Community health hazard is envisaged.
	electromagnetic fields, land subsidence,			Precautionary measures will be taken by
	lowered Ground water table and			officials as part standard safety procedure
	salinization?			during operation phase.
23.	Risks to community health and safety due to		No	Risks to community health and safety due
	the transport, storage, and use and/or			to the transport, storage, and use and/or
	disposal of materials such as explosives, fuel			disposal of materials such as
	and other Chemicals during construction and			explosives, fuel and other chemicals
	operation?			during construction and operation is not
				envisaged.
				Local community to be informed by the
				EPC contractors and the concerned Circle
				officials regarding the vehicle movement
				and maintain the material store in such
				manner so that the risks to community
				health do not arise.
24.	Community safety risks due to both		No	During construction work EPC
	accidental and natural hazards, especially			contractors should maintain the safety
	where the structural elements or			measures and maintain the same to keep
	components of the project (e.g. high voltage			community safety throughout the
	wires) are accessible to members of the			construction phase.
	affected community or where their failure			

SI. No.	Potential Environmental Impacts Will the Project cause	Yes	No	Remarks (If yes, what is the proposed mitigation measures and indicate which Environmental and Social Management Standard will be implemented)
	could result in injury to the community throughout project construction, operation and decommissioning?			
Invol	untary Resettlement Screening		ı	
1.	Will the activity be undertaken in public land		No	Not applicable
2.	If no 1 is yes, are there any non-titled people (squatters) who live at the site or within the public land/RoW? Please provide gender disaggregated number.		NA	Not applicable
3.	Will the activity be undertaken in private land but acquired		No	6.83 ha garden land has been acquired by AEGCL from Amalgamated Plantation Pvt. Ltd (APPL) (Letekujan Tea Estate) for construction of proposed S/S. Land parcel is completely free of habitation.
4.	If no 3 is yes, when the private land was acquired, the land acquired legally under Gol law? (unknown =No)		NA	Not applicable
5.	If no 3 is yes, are there any outstanding Complaints about the land acquired?		NA	Not applicable
6.	Will the activity require new private land acquisition or use?		No	Not applicable
7.	If no 6 is yes, the land will be obtained through negotiated settlement or donation?		NA	Not applicable
8.	If no 6 is yes, will it require compulsory land Acquisition?		NA	Not applicable
9.	If no 6 is yes, then will the activity require permanent or temporary relocation Displacement of any people (titled or non-titled)?		NA	Not applicable
10.	If no 8 is yes, then will there be any loss of housing/accommodation or severely affected households more than 10% of their productive Asset?		NA	Not applicable
11.	In all cases, will there be any loss of vegetable gardens or agriculture?		No	For any temporary damage, compensation will be paid as per RPF and Government policy.
12.	In all cases, will there be any losses of Trees	Yes		Enumeration of trees and tea bushes for permission of cutting from Forest Department is under process.
13.	In all cases, will any small or informal businesses have to be moved or closed		No	Not applicable.

				Remarks (If yes, what is the proposed	
SI. No.	Potential Environmental Impacts Will the Project cause	Yes	No	_	ures and indicate which nd Social Management implemented)
	temporarily or Permanently?				
14.	In all cases, will there be temporary or		No	Not applicable.	
	permanent loss of employment as a result of				
	the renovation?				
15.	In all cases, will there be temporary or		No	Not applicable.	
	permanent impact on women or vulnerable				
la dia sa	groups?	V	Na	Not Keeping	Damauka
	ous Peoples Screening	Yes	No	Not Known	Remarks
16.	Are the subproject areas located in scheduled Tribe area?		No		Not applicable
17.	Do the applicants belong to scheduled		No		
1,.	tribes?		110		
18.	Will the project directly or indirectly affect		No		Not applicable
	Indigenous Peoples' traditional socio-cultural				
	and belief practices? (e.g. child-rearing,				
	health, education, arts, and governance)				
19	Will the project affect the livelihood systems		No		Not applicable
	of Indigenous Peoples? (e.g., food				
	production system, natural resource				
	management, crafts and trade, employment				
20.	status) Commercial development of the cultural				Not Applicable
20.	resources and knowledge of Indigenous				Пос Аррисавіе
	Peoples?				
21.	Physical displacement from traditional or		No		Not applicable
	Customary lands?				
22.	Commercial development of natural				Not Applicable
	resources (such as minerals, hydrocarbons,				
	forests, water, hunting or fishing grounds)				
	within customary lands under use that				
	would impact the livelihoods or the cultural,				
	ceremonial, spiritual uses that define the				
	identity and community of Indigenous Peoples?				
23.	Establishing legal recognition of rights to		No		Not Applicable
23.	lands and territories that are traditionally		10		Τίοι Αρμικανία
	owned or customarily used, occupied or				
	claimed by Indigenous peoples?				
24.	Acquisition of lands that are traditionally		No		Not applicable
	owned or customarily used occupied or				
	claimed by indigenous peoples?				

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

C. Agomani Substation

Checklist for identification of Environmental Impacts (Agomani S/S)

Screening Checklist	Yes	No	Remarks
A. Project Siting: Is the Project area			
adjacent to or within any of the following			
environmentally sensitive areas?			
1. Cultural heritage site		No	No cultural heritage site nearby proposed
			substation.
			Joyma High School is located next to substation.
			(26°28′7.55′N 90°0′44.53′E).
Legally protected Area (core zone or		No	No Biosphere Reserve, National Park, and Wildlife
buffer zone)		''	Sanctuary and their Eco-sensitive zone are
burier zone,			recorded within 10km radius from the proposed
			S/S.
			No Reserve Forest / Protected Forest recorded
			near to the proposed S/S.
3. Wetland/ Mangrove/ Estuarine		No	Wetland and its Eco-sensitive zone
5. Wedanu, Mangrove, Estudine		INU	observed/reported within 10km radius from the
			proposed S/S.
			There is no Mangrove / Estuarine nearby the
			Project site.
4. Special area for protecting biodiversity		No	No Special area for protecting biodiversity is
4. Special area for protecting blodiversity		No	
B. Potential Environmental Impacts: Will			recorded near to the proposed S/S.
<u> </u>			
the Project cause		NI-	No top a bound by a phase will be the ground of C/C
1. Impairment of historical/cultural areas;		No	No trees have been observed in the proposed S/S.
disfiguration of landscape or potential			Noise and dust pollution are envisaged from the
loss/damage to physical cultural			proposed construction of substation.
resources?			Since, the proposed site is near residential area
			and a school so there may be some disturbances
2 8: 1 1 1			due to the proposed construction of substation.
2. Disturbance to precious ecology (e.g.		No	No Reserve Forest / Protected Forest recorded
sensitive or protected areas)?	V		near to the proposed S/S.
3. Alteration of surface water hydrology of	Yes		Temporary alteration of surface water hydrology
waterways resulting in increased sediment			may occur due to silt runoff from land filling for
in streams affected by increased soil			construction of substation and associated
erosion at construction site?	ļ ,		facilities.
4. Deterioration of surface water quality	Yes		Temporary deterioration of surface water quality
due to silt runoff and sanitary wastes from			may takes place due to silt runoff from land
worker-based camps and chemicals used			filling for construction of substation and
in Construction?			associated facilities.
5. Increased air pollution due to project	Yes		Minor air pollution may takes place during
construction and operation?			construction of substation.
6. Noise and vibration due to project	Yes		Minor noise and vibration may occur during
construction or operation?			construction of substation.
7. Involuntary resettlement of people?		No	There is no such Involuntary Resettlement and
(physical displacement and/or economic			physical & economic relocation took place as 3.36

Screening Checklist	Yes	No	Remarks
displacement)			ha AEGCL own land is available construction of
			proposed S/S.
			Land parcel is completely free of habitation.
8. Disproportionate impacts on the poor,		No	There is no material impact on poor, women,
women and children, Indigenous Peoples			children and indigenous Peoples or any other
or other vulnerable groups?			vulnerable groups.
9. Poor sanitation and solid waste disposal		No	Contractor will hire local labour to extent
in construction camps and work sites, and			possible and provide adequate facility to labour
possible transmission of communicable			camp and work site for those hired from outside.
diseases (such as STI's and HIV/AIDS) from			Regular health checkup and an awareness camp
workers to local populations?			regarding transmission of communicable
			diseases (such as Covid 19, STI's and HIV/AIDS)
			will be provided by contractor.
10. Creation of temporary breeding		No	No temporary breeding habitat for diseases such
habitats for diseases such as those			as those transmitted by mosquitoes and rodents
transmitted by mosquitoes and rodents?			is envisaged.
a anomico ay mosquito sa ana reasmon			EPC contractor has to be informed at the time of
			implementation to take sufficient measure so
			that the possibility of such contamination does
			not arise.
11. Social conflicts if workers from other		No	Contractor will hire local labour to extent
regions or countries are hired?		140	possible. EPC Contractor will establish the labour
regions of countries are fined:			camp (s) for those hired from outside, as per the
			rules within the site premises and provide
			adequate facility to the labour to stay within
			camp site. Labourers should be informed by the
			EPC project officials to avoid to keep relation
			with the local people and do not go inside the
			nearby residential area without prior permission.
			Strict observance of the code of conduct as
42 James and detication in flow during a sector		N1 -	specified in Annexure-III.
12. Large population influx during project		No	The Contractor shall be overall responsible for
construction and operation that causes			supply of water within switch yard for
increased burden on social infrastructure			firefighting, drinking purposes, construction
and services (such as water supply and			purpose and other miscellaneous purposes. The
sanitation systems)?			scope is also inclusive of installation of deep
			tube well, construction of slow sand filter and
			ground storage tank, supply and installation of
			distribution network pipelines, supply and
			erection of all overhead tanks, staging for OH
			tank wherever necessary, pipes, fittings etc.
			required for the water supply to be taken from
			the terminal point to the respective buildings. A
			scheme shall be prepared by the contractor
			indicating the layout and details of water supply
			which shall subject to the approval of EMPLOYER
			before actual start of work. Any extra bore

Screening Checklist	Yes	No	Remarks
			required shall be within the scope of the contractor.
13. Risks and vulnerabilities related to	Yes		Any intervention in safety at S/S will be taken
occupational health and safety due to			care by implementing proper precautionary
physical, chemical, biological, and			measures as per safety procedures. Use of PPEs
radiological hazards during project			during construction and operation of substation
construction and operation?			will also be ensured.
14. Risks to community health and safety		No	Risks to community health and safety due to the
due to the transport, storage, and use			transport, storage, and use and/or disposal of
and/or disposal of materials such as			materials such as explosives, fuel and other
explosives, fuel and other chemicals			chemicals during construction and operation is
during construction and operation?			not envisaged.
			Local community to be informed by the EPC
			contractors and the concerned Circle officials
			regarding the vehicle movement and maintain the material store in such manner so that the
			risks to community health do not arise.
15. Community safety risks due to both		No	During construction work EPC contractors
accidental and natural causes, especially		NO	should maintain the safety measures and
where the structural elements or			maintain the same to keep community safety
components of the project are			throughout the construction phase.
accessible to members of the affected			and agreed the contact action princes.
community or where their failure			
could result in injury to the			
community throughout project			
construction, operation and			
decommissioning?			
16. Generation of solid waste and/or	Yes		Solid waste and/or hazardous waste will be
hazardous waste?			generated during construction and operation of
			substation.
17. Use of chemicals?	Yes		Chemicals will be used in the execution of the
			project.
18. Generation of wastewater during	Yes		Waste water from Septic Tank will be generated
construction or operation?			during construction and operation of substation.

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

Checklist for identification of Social Impacts (Agomani S/S)

	Particulars	Observation
A. Pro	pposed Site Location	
1.	Land requirement for the project (GPS parcel border for Substation)	The proposed substation is located at 26°28'11.59"N 90° 0'41.00"E near NH 27.
2.	Landownership of the project area: Govt. / Private lands	3.36 ha AEGCL own land is available construction of proposed S/S. Land parcel is completely free of habitation.
3.	Does the project require acquisition of land or transfer of Govt. land/structures? If yes please mention the area of land, number of affected structures, Households	3.36 ha AEGCL own land is available construction of proposed S/S. Land parcel is completely free of habitation.
4.	Present usage of the land parcels is for: Agricultural purposes Residential purposes Commercial purposes Other purposes (Indicate)	3.36 ha AEGCL own land is available construction of proposed S/S.
5. 6.	Will the project lead to loss of housing? Will the project lead to loss of agricultural land?	No 3.36 ha AEGCL own land is available construction of proposed S/S.
7.	Will the project cause damage to private property/assets? (Structures, crops, trees, etc.)	Not applicable
8.	Will the project lead to loss of common property resources?	The Project will not lead to loss of common property resources. Joyma High School (26°28′7.55′N 90°0′44.53′E) is located next to substation.
9.	Will the project lead to loss of livelihood – directly or indirectly?	3.36 ha AEGCL own land is available construction of proposed S/S. Land parcel is completely free of habitation.
10.	Does the project require relocation of encroachers/squatters? If yes, please elaborate number, gender and nature, if possible.	3.36 ha AEGCL own land is available construction of proposed S/S. Land parcel is completely free of habitation.
11.	Does the project require relocation of community facilities/Govt. establishment or any object that are of religious, cultural and historical significance.	Not Applicable
12.	Is the proposed project site encountering any site of archaeological/historical value? Cultural/Symbolic value?	Not Applicable
13.	Proposed project onsite/off-site support infrastructures are located in an area where residents are: All Mainstream / All Indigenous peoples/Majority Mainstream or Non-indigenous peoples/ Majority Indigenous peoples.	Majority Mainstream (The local inhabitants belong to General/Tea Tribe).

	Particulars	Observation
B. Pot	ential Social Impacts- Will the Project cause	
1.	Involuntary resettlement of people? (physical displacement and/or economic displacement)	Not Applicable
2.	Impacts on the poor, women and children, Indigenous Peoples or other vulnerable groups?	Impacts on students and local people may arise from the proposed substation site. Proper safety measures should be taken during construction. Strict observance of the code of conduct will be followed.
3.	Will community facilities require relocation?	Not Applicable
4.	Poor sanitation and solid waste disposal in construction camps and work sites	May occur at the time of construction
5.	Large population influx during project construction and operation that causes increased burden on social infrastructure and services (such as water supply and sanitation systems)?	May occur at the time of construction
6.	Social conflicts relating to inconveniences in living conditions where construction interferes with pre-existing roads	May occur at the time of construction
7.	Will a Resettlement Plan be required?	Not Applicable.
8.	Impact on local economy – Fisheries, local tourism related businesses, market places, etc.?	Not Applicable
9.	Livelihood- Direct impact due to loss of land and structures?	3.36 ha AEGCL own land is available construction of proposed S/S. Land parcel is completely free of habitation.
10.	Indirect impact due to loss of commercial grounds, market places, places for hawker stalls, etc.?	Not Applicable
11.	Risks and vulnerabilities related to occupational health and safety due to physical, chemical, biological, and radiological hazards during project construction and operation?	Any intervention in safety at S/S will be taken care by implementing proper precautionary measures as per safety procedures. Use of PPEs during construction and operation of substation will also be ensured.
12.	Other social concerns relating to inconveniences in living conditions in the project areas?	May occur at the time of construction
13.	Social concerns relating to local inconveniences associated with project operation, if any? (e.g. increased volume of traffic, greater risk of accidents, GBV/SE communicable disease transmission)	May occur at the time of construction
14.	Does the project related work affect any objects that are of religious and cultural significance to the IPs?	There is no impact on any kind of cultural Property Resources (CPR).

	Particulars	Observation
	Which are the 3 main economic activities that are	
15.	conducted by the IP population? Will these be	Not Applicable
	affected by the proposed project development and	Not Applicable
	how?	
16.	Is there a requirement for an in-depth Indigenous	Not Applicable
	people's plan? (IPP)	
17.	Describe any other impacts that have not been	Not Applicable
	covered in this screening form	
18.	Describe alternatives, if any, to avoid or minimize	Not Applicable
	displacement from private and public lands	

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Project Impact Assessment Checklist (Agomani S/S)

		<u>>/</u>		Danis de la
				Remarks (If yes, what is the proposed
SI.No.	Potential Environmental Impacts Will the	Yes	No	mitigation measures and indicate which
	Project cause			Environmental and Social Management
				Standard will be implemented)
1.	Encroachment on historical/cultural areas,		No	Not Applicable
	disfiguration of landscape and increased			
	waste generation?			
2.	Encroachment on precious ecosystem (e.g.		No	Not Applicable
	Sensitive or protected areas)?			
3.	Alteration of surface water hydrology	Yes		Temporary alteration of surface water
				hydrology may occur due to silt runoff
				from land filling for construction of
				substation and associated facilities.
4.	Deterioration of surface water quality due to	Yes		Temporary deterioration of surface
	silt Runoff, sanitary wastes from worker-			water quality due to silt runoff from
	based camps and chemicals used in			land filling for construction of
	construction?			substation and associated facilities
				may occur.
				To minimize the above impact, land
				filling will be proposed to done in dry
				season with soil compaction.
5.	Increased local air pollution due to rock	Yes		Crushers (if any) will operate after
	crushing, cutting and filling?			obtaining Consent to Establish (CTE)
	G. C C			and Consent to Operate (CTO) from
				SPCB and follows the conditions.
6.	Risks and vulnerabilities related to	Yes		Any intervention in safety at S/S, will
	occupational health and safety due to			be taken care by implementing proper
	physical, chemical, biological, and			precautionary measures as per safety
	radiological hazards during project			procedures and use of PPEs during
	construction and operation?			construction and operation of
				substation.
7.	Chemical pollution resulting from chemical		No	Chemical clearing of vegetation for
	clearing of vegetation for construction site?			construction site is not envisaged.
8.	Noise and vibration due to civil works?	Yes		Minor noise and vibration may occur
				during construction of substation.
				Proper Noise barrier will be installed
				as per requirement to minimize the
				Noise.
				To minimize noise and vibration from
				civil works, all construction vehicles,
				and machineries and equipments will
				be maintain regularly and with a valid
				PUC certificate.
9.	Dislocation or involuntary resettlement		No	Not applicable
	of people?			

SI.No.	Potential Environmental Impacts Will the Project cause	Yes	No	Remarks (If yes, what is the proposed mitigation measures and indicate which Environmental and Social Management Standard will be implemented)
10.	Disproportionate impacts on the poor, women and children, Indigenous Peoples or other vulnerable groups?		No	Not applicable
11.	Social conflicts relating to inconveniences in living conditions where construction interferes with pre-existing roads?	Yes		Social conflict may arise at the time of vehicle movement through the pre-existing road. To avoid the situation prior information / consultation to be arrange with the local community people before execution of construction work by EPC.
12.	Hazardous driving conditions where construction interferes with pre-existing roads?	Yes		May occur at the time of movement of construction material vehicle.
13.	Creation of temporary breeding habitats for vectors of disease such as mosquitoes and Rodents?		No	Creation of temporary breeding habitats for vectors of disease such as mosquitoes and Rodents will not envisage.
14.	Dislocation and compulsory resettlement of people living in right-of-way of the power Transmission lines?		No	Not applicable
15.	Environmental disturbances associated with the maintenance of lines (e.g. routine control of vegetative height under the lines)?		No	Not applicable
16.	Facilitation of access to protected areas in case corridors traverse protected areas?		No	Not applicable
17.	Disturbances (e.g. noise and chemical pollutants) if herbicides are used to control vegetative height?		No	Not applicable
18.	Large population influx during project construction and operation that cause increased burden on social infrastructure and services (Such as water supply and sanitation systems)?		No	The Contractor shall be overall responsible for supply of water within switch yard for firefighting, drinking purposes, construction purpose and other miscellaneous purposes. The scope is also inclusive of installation of deep tube well, construction of slow sand filter and ground storage tank, supply and installation of distribution network pipelines, supply and erection of all overhead tanks, staging for OH tank wherever necessary, pipes, fittings etc. required for the water supply to be taken from the terminal point to the respective

				Remarks (If yes, what is the proposed			
	Determined Foreign and address to Will the			• • •			
Sl.No.	Potential Environmental Impacts Will the	Yes	No	mitigation measures and indicate which			
	Project cause			Environmental and Social Management			
				Standard will be implemented)			
				buildings. A scheme shall be prepared			
				by the contractor indicating the			
				layout and details of water supply			
				which shall subject to the approval of			
				EMPLOYER before actual start of			
				work. Any extra bore required shall			
				be within the scope of the contractor.			
19.	Social conflicts if workers from other regions		No	Contractor will hire local labor to			
15.	or countries are hired?		INO	extent possible. EPC Contractor will			
	or countries are filled?			•			
				establish the labor camp (s) for those			
				hired from outside, as per the rules			
				within the site premises and provide			
				adequate facility to the labor to stay			
				within camp site. Laborers should be			
				informed by the EPC project officials			
				to avoid to keep relation with the local			
				people and do not go inside the			
				nearby residential area without prior			
				permission.			
20.	Poor sanitation and solid waste disposal in		No	Contractor will hire local labor to			
20.	construction camps and work sites, and		110	extent possible and provide adequate			
	-			-			
	possible transmission of communicable			facility to labor camp and work site			
	diseases from Workers to local populations?			for those hired from outside.			
				Regular health checkup and awareness			
				camp regarding transmission of			
				communicable diseases (such as Covid			
				19, STI's and HIV/AIDS will be provided			
				by contractor.			
21.	Risks to community safety associated with		No	Not applicable			
	maintenance of lines and related facilities?						
22.	Community health hazards due to		No	No Community health hazard is			
	electromagnetic fields, land subsidence,			envisaged. Precautionary measures			
	lowered Ground water table and			will be taken by officials as part			
	salinization?			standard safety procedure during			
				operation phase.			
23.	Risks to community health and safety due to		No	Risks to community health and safety			
23.	-		INU				
	the transport, storage, and use and/or			due to the transport, storage, and			
	disposal of materials such as explosives, fuel			use and/or disposal of materials			
	and other Chemicals during construction and			such as explosives, fuel and other			
	operation?			chemicals during construction and			
				operation is not envisaged.			
				Local community to be informed by			
				the EPC contractors and the			
				concerned Circle officials regarding the			
		<u> </u>	1				

SI.No.	Potential Environmental Impacts Will the Project cause	Yes	No	Remarks (If yes, what is the proposed mitigation measures and indicate which Environmental and Social Management Standard will be implemented)
				vehicle movement and maintain the material store in such manner so that the risks to community health do not arise.
24.	Community safety risks due to both accidental and natural hazards, especially where the structural elements or components of the project (e.g. high voltage wires) are accessible to members of the affected community or where their failure could result in injury to the community throughout project construction, operation and decommissioning?		No	During construction work EPC contractors should maintain the safety measures and maintain the same to keep community safety throughout the construction phase.
Invol	untary Resettlement Screening			
1.	Will the activity be undertaken in public land		No	Not applicable
2.	If no 1 is yes, are there any non-titled people (squatters) who live at the site or within the public land/RoW? Please provide gender disaggregated number.		NA	Not applicable
3.	Will the activity be undertaken in private land but acquired		No	3.36 ha AEGCL own land is available construction of proposed S/S. Land parcel is completely free of habitation.
4.	If no 3 is yes, when the private land was acquired, the land acquired legally under Gol law? (unknown =No)		NA	Not applicable
5.	If no 3 is yes, are there any outstanding Complaints about the land acquired?		NA	Not applicable
6.	Will the activity require new private land acquisition or use?		No	Not applicable
7.	If no 6 is yes, the land will be obtained through negotiated settlement or donation?		NA	Not applicable
8.	If no 6 is yes, will it require compulsory land Acquisition?		NA	Not applicable
9.	If no 6 is yes, then will the activity require permanent or temporary relocation Displacement of any people (titled or non-titled)?		NA	Not applicable
10.	If no 8 is yes, then will there be any loss of housing/accommodation or severely affected households more than 10% of their productive Asset?		NA	Not applicable

SI.No.	Potential Environmental Impacts Will the Project cause	Yes	No	Remarks (If yes, what is the propo- mitigation measures and indicate of Environmental and Social Manage Standard will be implemented)			
11.	In all cases, will there be any loss of vegetable gardens or agriculture?		No	For any te	mporary damage, Il be paid as per RPF		
12.	In all cases, will there be any losses of Trees		No	No trees have been observed in the proposed S/S.			
13.	In all cases, will any small or informal businesses have to be moved or closed temporarily or Permanently?		No	Not applicable.			
14.	In all cases, will there be temporary or permanent loss of employment as a result of the renovation?		No	Not applicable.			
15.	In all cases, will there be temporary or permanent impact on women or vulnerable groups?		No	Not applicable.			
Indigen	ous Peoples Screening	Yes	No	Not Known	Remarks		
16.	Are the subproject areas located in scheduled Tribe area?		No		Not applicable		
17.	Do the applicants belong to scheduled tribes?		No				
18.	Will the project directly or indirectly affect Indigenous Peoples' traditional socio-cultural and belief practices? (e.g. child-rearing, health, education, arts, and governance):		No		Not applicable		
19	Will the project affect the livelihood systems of Indigenous Peoples? (e.g., food production system, natural resource management, crafts and trade, employment status)		No		Not applicable		
20.	Commercial development of the cultural resources and knowledge of Indigenous Peoples?				Not Applicable		
21.	Physical displacement from traditional or Customary lands?		No		Not applicable		
22.	Commercial development of natural resources (such as minerals, hydrocarbons, forests, water, hunting or fishing grounds) within customary lands under use that would impact the livelihoods or the cultural, ceremonial, spiritual uses that define the identity and community of Indigenous Peoples?				Not Applicable		
23.	Establishing legal recognition of rights to		No		Not Applicable		

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SI.No.	Potential Environmental Impacts Will the Project cause	Yes	No	Remarks (If yes, what is the proposed mitigation measures and indicate white Environmental and Social Management Standard will be implemented)		
	lands and territories that are traditionally					
	owned or customarily used, occupied or					
	claimed by Indigenous peoples?					
24.	Acquisition of lands that are traditionally		No		Not applicable	
	owned or customarily used occupied or					
	claimed by indigenous peoples?					

Following are the few climatic parameters along with remedial measures adapted for S/S at design stage.

7.1.1 Earthquakes

<u>Impact:</u> The earthquake disaster has a vast risk for a sustainable and harmonious societal and economic development. The performance of substation equipment during an earthquake depends on their configuration, dynamic properties, ductility and strength of construction. Substation equipment's are lightly hampered structures having natural modes within the frequency band of ground excitation. The satisfactory operation of substation during and after an earthquake depends on the survival, without malfunction of many diverse type of equipment. Porcelain components are identified as most vulnerable parts against earthquake vibrations than any other components.

Structural failures are possible in each story and in any kind of structure. They are caused by lateral and torsional displacement, local fracture of supporting members, large displacement of foundations and collision of adjacent buildings.

Direct impact such as liquefaction, ground settlement, slope sliding, fault creation and ground vertical motion takes place due to earthquakes.

Indirect impact such as falling of distribution poles and/or their connections to power transformers and falling of these transformers separately or in a group on buildings etc. may takes place due to earthquakes.

Destruction of bushings, porcelain insulator and angles of structural support due to large vibrations of connected equipment may happen due to earthquake. Settlement, sliding, destruction of foundations, supporting equipment and transformers may also damage due to earthquakes.

<u>Adaptation:</u> In selection the best method for retrofitting and enhancing lateral load resisting capacity of structures, the whole system including site characteristic, foundations and structural and non-structural members has been considered as per IS 1893 (Part 1) 2002. It is worth mentioning that evaluation of geotechnical properties, soil conditions and type of foundations is an important stage in selecting the best method is retrofitting.

7.1.2 Lightning Strikes

<u>Impact:</u> The Lightning strikes due to Thunderstorm lead to affect (electrical shock and fire) the substation drastically because it's built with steel structures only. The direct lightning strikes the conducting paths to equipment and the first element on a grounded structure within striking distance will be the point of the strike of the lightning flash. The striking distance depends on the

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return strike peak current. The higher the strike's current, the greater the striking distance, final breakdown to ground or a grounded object occurs.

Adaptation

Lightning Arrester: A device on an electric power or telecommunication system which diverts power to ground when the system attains an extreme voltage spike. These devices are designed to work with a direct lightning strike or an extreme surge from a fault somewhere down the line. The lightning arrester is essentially an automatic switch designed to work instantaneously.

In the case of a ground wire, the protective angle results in inclined plane surfaces below which all objects have protection against the lightning strikes. For masts or rods, the protective angle generates a conical surface for protection.

Following are some specific protection against direct lightning attack:

Protective angle and protective zone

This method consists of shielding by overhead ground wires, masts or rods. The ground wires run over the substation so that all equipment lies in the protective zone. The ground wire's protective angle is between a vertical line through the ground wire and a diagonal line connecting the ground wire.

Mesh type

This method is useful for shielding a substation's buildings, like the control room. The method locates a mesh of wires on the top or at a certain distance from the building's roof and provides down conductors for connection to the grounding electrodes. The cell size and the separation between down conductors depend on the protection level required. Most lightning currents go through the wires and grounding electrodes close to the impact point. Wire mesh type lightning protection has been adapted for lightening protection.

7.1.3 Flood

<u>Impact:</u> Flooding caused by heavy rains and storm may submerge the substations leading to heavy damage to civil/substation equipment structures. Increasing heavy rain may cause flashover faults across high voltage insulators and short circuits in high voltage circuit breakers. A few feet of standing water can easily take a substation off line and have damaging trickle-down effects to the other substations connected to the one experiencing flooding.

<u>Adaptation:</u> Most of the substation locations are away from flood prone area. For low lying substation location, the area/equipment level will be raised sustainably to avoid logging of water. During preparation of contour plan, Finished Ground Level (FGL) is fixed by considering the Highest Flood level (HFL) data of that area.

7.1.4 Insulator

<u>Impacts:</u> In electrical sub- stations, the electrical insulator is a very important component. Porcelain/ceramic and glass insulators exhibit satisfactory mechanical, surface and ultra- violet-resistance properties. However, surface wettability, brittleness and heavy weight are the primary drawbacks.

<u>Adaptation:</u> Porcelain Post Composite (PPC) insulators are adapting for the project, which use tight gas-kilns with advanced thermal insulating materials and coatings. The High Voltage substation and Over-Head line ceramic insulators might have a service life of over 50 years. At end-of-life, the

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porcelain is an inert, non-hazardous and fully recyclable material. PPC insulators are also green products with a very low carbon footprint. Basic minerals, like kaolin, feldspar, bauxite and clays etc. are used without expensive and complicated refining operations. All these minerals are widely available everywhere on this planet, allowing the use of local mining sources and reducing the logistics carbon footprint. While the carbon dioxide equivalent of a ceramic insulator depends on manufacturer, factory, season and product mix, the Kyoto Agreement Scopes 1 and 2 values for porcelain vary between 1.0 and 2.0 kg CO2-eq/kg.

The PPC ceramic material C-130 consists mainly of Aluminum-oxide c. 50% and Silicon dioxide c. 45% with the remaining 5% made up of various metal-oxides present in the raw material. Ceramic insulators are 100% recyclable. All the minerals found exist in nature and are non-hazardous, inert and non-toxic, making the recycling very easy and cost effective.

Porcelain insulators are typically the 'green' option due to,

- Natural, locally-sourced raw materials;
- Long service lives;
- 100% recyclability with no hazard at end-of-life.

7.1.5 Sulfur Hexafluoride (SF6)

<u>Impact:</u> Gas insulated systems are now a major component of power transmission and distribution networks all over the world. GIS is used above 132kV, having all components interconnected and insulated via compressed SF6 (i.e., circuit breakers, disconnections, grounding switches, bush bars, potential transformers, power transformers, cable insulation).

The relative contribution of SF6 to global warming is estimated at the present time to be only 0.01%, and unlike other environmental pollutants, there is no evidence that SF6 contributes to stratospheric ozone depletion.

It is a potent greenhouse gas with a high global warming potential with a rapid increase of concentration in the earth atmosphere.

Due to compactness and steel shielding structures of GIS substation, it offers significant savings in land use, aesthetically acceptable, have relatively low radio and audible noise emissions.

SF6 decomposes under electrical stress in GIS substation forming toxic by-products that are a health threat for working personnel in the event of exposure.

Several precautions are recommended to avoid personnel exposure to toxic by-products (oxyfluoride) levels or other by-products. These are -

- Concentrations in the operating gas matrix should be traced to pre determine the overall gas toxicity.
- Contaminants should be systematically considered during maintenance, chamber evacuation and system opening process.
- Small SF6 quantities leaking into air or stagnated pollutant concentrations in the operating field should be analysed and compare to the threshold limit values and permissible exposure level.
 - Cost-effective options to reduce SF6 emissions
 - Leak Detection and Repair
 - Use of Recycling Equipment
 - Employee Education/Training

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- Reducing SF6 emissions helps electric power systems
 - **Increase Grid Reliability** Use of improved SF6 equipment and management practices helps protect system reliability and efficiency.
 - **Save Money** Purchasing SF6 can be expensive, so reducing emissions can save money.

<u>Adaptation:</u> The monitoring of the data (i.e. data from the sensors and other signals) will be made through data acquisition modules as per International Electro-technical Commission (IEC) - 61850 standards.

These modules will be connected via Ethernet network to a switch. In this way, the data can be sent through a single optical fiber to the control room of the substation. The communication protocol used for data acquisition will be the MODBUS/ Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)/IEC-61850 standard.

To provide automation of verification through on-line monitoring, the system collects data from sensors and performs leakage checking using computer software. From the detection of any possible leakage the software may display a visual alarm to an operator or to warn any responsible person via e-mail or other way of communication.

7.2 Cumulative Impacts

Cumulative impacts may have an amplified effect in the study area due to the presence of other projects. As most of the impacts are temporary, reversible and bound to occur in the project area and the impacts are manageable using good practice, the cumulative impact of the project is insignificant.

This section assesses the cumulative impacts of the project that will have on the land, ambient air, noise, water, soil, ecology and socio- economic environment that will be managed using good practice.

7.2.1 Air Environment

Impact: Air quality will get impacted from the following sources during the decommissioning phase:

- Dust and emissions from site clearing, excavation work, cutting and leveling work at site and access/ internal roads, stacking of soils, handling of construction material, transportation of material, emission due to movement of vehicles and heavy construction machinery etc.;
- Vehicular emissions due to traffic movement on site and on access roads;
- Particulate emissions from operation of vehicular mount mixing plant;
- Exhaust emissions from construction machineries, other heavy equipment like excavators, and compactors etc.;
- Emissions from emergency power diesel generator.
- Based on the above, the receptor sensitivity is assessed to be medium.
- Negligible demolition activities associated with decommissioning are likely to occur for a very small period of time and therefore the impact magnitude has been assessed as **small**.

Significance of Impact: The overall impact significance during construction phase has been assessed to be **Minor**.

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Table - 10: Cumulative Impact on Air Quality

Impact	Ambient Air q	Ambient Air quality–Construction Phase										
Impact Nature	Negative				Pos	itive				Ne	Neutral	
Impact Type	Direct			Ī	ndir	ect				Induced		
Impact Duration	Temporary	S	Short-tern	า		Long-ter	m		Perma	nent	t	
Impact Extent	Local			F	Regi	onal				Int	ernational	
Impact Scale	Project area a	nd vicii	nity									
Frequency	Regular during	Regular during Construction Phase										
Impact Magnitude	Positive	Negl	ligible		Small Me		Me	⁄ledium		Large		
Resource Sensitivity	Low			ſ	Medium			Н			gh	
	Negligible	N	Minor			Modera	te	e Major				
Impact Significance	Significance of	fimpad	ct is cons	ider	ed N	/linor.						
Residual Impact	Positive	Neglig	gible		Sm	all		Medium			Major	
Magnitude												
Residual Impact	Negligible		Minor					Moderate			Major	
Significance	Significance of	fimpad	ct is cons	ider	ed N	∕linor.						

Mitigation Measures

- Emissions from the emergency DG set and other stationary machines will be controlled by ensuring that the engines are always properly tuned and maintained.
- Minimize stockpiling by coordinating excavations, spreading, re-grading and compaction activities;
- Speed of vehicles on site will be limited to 10-15 km/hr. which will help in minimizing dust and emissions due to vehicular movement;
- Idling of vehicles and equipment will be prevented;
- Burning of any waste material shall be prevented;
- Labourers shall be provided with gas connection to prevent burning of fuel wood for cooking purposes;
- If excess dust is observed, source of dust shall be investigated and proper suppression measures ensured;
- Proper maintenance of vehicles, equipments and machineries and use of vehicles with Pollution under Control (PUC) Certificate shall be ensured.

7.2.2 Noise Environment

Impact: During construction phase of the project, noise will generate from movement of vehicles carrying materials, machineries and equipments. The receptor sensitivity is assessed to be **low to medium.**

Impact magnitude is considered to be **small** considering the construction period to last for 6-7 months in a year for construction period of 3 years.

Significance of Impact: The overall impact significance is envisaged to be **Minor**.

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Table - 11: Cumulative Impact on Ambient noise level

Impact	Ambient Noise	Ambient Noise Levels–Construction Phase									
Impact Nature	Negative	Negative			itive			Neutral			
Impact Type	Direct			Indir	ect		Induced				
Impact Duration	Temporary		Short-term	Long-term			Tempo	orary			
Impact Extent	Local			Regi	onal		International				
Impact Scale	Project area ar	Project area and vicinity									
Frequency	Regular during	g Con	nstruction Ph	ase							
Impact Magnitude	Positive	Ne	gligible	Sm	all	Medium	1	Large			
Resource Sensitivity	Low			Med	Medium		/ledium			High	
	Negligible	Mii	nor		Moderate Maj		Major				
Impact Significance	Significance of	imp	pact is considered to be Minor .								

Mitigation Measures

Normal working hours of the contractor to be defined (preferable 8 am to 5-6pm). If work needs to be undertaken outside these hours, it should be limited to activities with minimum noise generation pre-approved from competent authority.

- Only well-maintained equipment will be operated on-site;
- If it is noticed that any particular equipment is generating too much noise then lubricating moving parts, tightening loose parts and replacing worn out components should be carried out to bring down the noise as possible;
- Machinery and equipment that may be in intermittent use will be shut down or throttled down during non-work periods; and
- Minimal use of vehicle horns and heavy engine breaking in the area will be encouraged.

7.2.3 Water Environment

Impact: The Contractor shall be overall responsible for supply of water within switch yard for firefighting, drinking purposes, construction purpose and other miscellaneous purposes. The scope is also inclusive of installation of deep tube well, construction of slow sand filter and ground storage tank, supply and installation of distribution network pipelines, supply and erection of all overhead tanks, staging for OH tank wherever necessary, pipes, fittings etc. required for the water supply to be taken from the terminal point to the respective buildings. A scheme shall be prepared by the contractor indicating the layout and details of water supply which shall subject to the approval of Employer before actual start of work. Any extra bore required shall be within the scope of the contractor.

Since, there are other development activities present in proposed project area especially in Chhaygaon, water requirement during construction phase may include groundwater / surface water abstraction. The construction phase is anticipated to last for as short time span of approximately 6-7 months in a year for construction period of 3 years. Therefore, based on the above, the receptor sensitivity and impact magnitude is assessed to be **Minor** during construction phase.

Significance of Impact: The overall impact significance during construction phase has been assessed to be **Minor.**

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Table - 12: Cumulative Impact on Water Environment

Impact	Cumulative Impact on Water Environment									
Impact Nature	Negative		Positive	Positive			Neu			
Impact Type	Direct		Indirect	Indirect		Indu	ced			
Impact Duration	Temporary	Sho	rt-term Long-te		Long-te	ng-term		Perma	inent	
Impact Extent	Local	Regiona	Regional			International				
Impact Scale	Project area an	d vicinit	/							
Impact Magnitude	Positive	Negligil	ole	Sm	nall Me		Medium		Large	
Resource Sensitivity	Low		Medium	1			High			
	Negligible	Min	or		Moderate			Major		
Impact Significance	Significance of	impact i	s conside	ed	to be Mi r	or				

Mitigation Measures: The Contractor shall be overall responsible for supply of water within switch yard for firefighting, drinking purposes, construction purpose and other miscellaneous purposes. The scope is also inclusive of installation of deep tube well, construction of slow sand filter and ground storage tank, supply and installation of distribution network pipelines, supply and erection of all overhead tanks, staging for OH tank wherever necessary, pipes, fittings etc. required for the water supply to be taken from the terminal point to the respective buildings. A scheme shall be prepared by the contractor indicating the layout and details of water supply which shall subject to the approval of Employer before actual start of work. Any extra bore required shall be within the scope of the contractor. Measures such as optimizing water usage, sensitization of water use, regular inspection of water leaks, recycling/ reuse (if possible) may reduce the overall impact directly arising from the project.

7.2.4 Soil Environment

Impact: Soil compaction and erosion may occur associated with land filling work during construction phase.

The waste generated from project includes domestic solid waste and hazardous waste like waste oil, lubricants etc. The quantity of hazardous waste generated will be much lesser quantity. Therefore, receptor sensitivity has been assessed as **low.**

Significance of Impact: The overall impact significance on soil erosion and compaction has been assessed as **negligible**.

Table - 13: Cumulative Impact on Soil Environment

Impact	Soil Erosion and Compaction										
Impact Nature	Negative	Positive		Neut	Neutral						
Impact Type	Direct	Direct				Induc	ed				
Impact Duration	Temporary	Short	-term		Long-term			Permanent			
Impact Extent	Local		Regional	Regional					International		
Impact Scale	Limited to Project	areas									
Impact Magnitude	Positive	Negligib	le Sm		Small M		dium		Large		
Resource/Receptor											
Sensitivity	Low		Medium				High				
	Negligible	Mino	Minor		Moderate		ate				
Impact Significance	Significance of imp	act is c	onsidered	Neg	ligible.						

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Mitigation Measures

Vehicles will utilise the existing road to undertake construction activities.

The waste generated will be disposed of through approved vendors in accordance with Hazardous and Other Wastes (Management and Trans-boundary Movement) Rules, 2016. The hazardous wastes will be stored onsite at separate designated covered area provided with impervious flooring and sent for disposal through an authorised vendor. During operation phase, the quantity of municipal waste and hazardous waste generated is less and probability of the hazardous waste generation is only during plant maintenance and therefore occasional. The waste generated would be routed through proper collection and containment.

- Municipal domestic waste generated at site to be segregated onsite;
- Ensure hazardous waste containers are properly labeled and stored onsite provided with impervious surface, shed and secondary containment system;
- Ensure routinely disposal of hazardous waste through approved vendors and records are properly documented;
- Use of spill control kits to contain and clean small spills and leaks during O&M activities.

7.2.5 Ecological Environment

Impact: 36 fruit/non fruit/plantation trees of different girth size have been recorded / observed in substation sites. These include shading timber, plantation species as well as edible fruit species. The initial construction works involving land clearance, cutting, filling and leveling may cause loss of vegetation. Falling of trees (if required), clearing of vegetation will cause impact on local ecology. There may be loss of nesting tree for some local birds due to falling of trees from the proposed substation locations.

Significance of Impact: The overall impact significance on Ecological Environment has been assessed as **Minor**.

Impact Ecological Environment Impact Nature Negative Positive Neutral Direct Indirect Induced Impact Type Impact Duration Short-term Temporary Long-term Permanent **Impact Extent** International Local Regional **Impact Scale** Project area and vicinity Medium Impact Magnitude Positive Negligible Small Large **Resource Sensitivity** Medium Low High Negligible Minor Moderate Major Impact Significance Significance of impact is considered to be Minor

Table - 14: Cumulative Impact on Ecological Environment

Mitigation Measures

Falling of vegetation during construction and operation should be kept to a minimum. Transplantation, plantation and creation of green belt to be taken will reduce the impact as well compensate the tree falling.

The activities of the construction and operations staff must be restricted to avoid disturbance to flora and fauna.

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7.2.6 Socio – Economic Environment

Impact: The land for construction is AEGCL / transferred from APDCL to AEGCL. Therefore, there is no such impact anticipated. There may be minor impact due to social conflict with local people and labours hired from outside by contractor etc. and other minor impacts may arise during construction period.

Significance of Impact: The overall impact significance on Socio – Economic Environment has been assessed as **Minor**.

Table - 15: Cumulative Impact on Socio - Economic Environment

Impact	Social Impact Le	ocial Impact Levels- Construction Phase						
Impact Nature	Negative		Positive			Ne	utral	
Impact Type	Direct		Indirect	Indirect		Indu	iced	
Impact Duration	Temporary	Sho	rt-term	Long-te	erm		Perm	anent
Impact Extent	Local		Regional			Inte	rnatior	nal
Impact Scale	Project area ar	nd vicinit	У					
Impact Magnitude	Positive	Negligil	ole S	imall	Me	ediun	า	Large
Resource Sensitivity	Low		Medium			High	1	
	Negligible	Min	or	Modera	ate	Major		
Impact Significance	Significance of	impact	is consider	ed to be N	/lino	r		

Mitigation Measures

The possibilities of Impact to be mitigated by the detailed consultation with not only the affected People but also with the local People of the Project area.

The project component to be discussed and proper discloser of the same to be discussed in that consultation along with the local authority and they should be informed that about the developmental work and the compensation to be given to the PAPs as per rules.

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8 AUDIT FINDINGS AND PROPOSED REMEDIATION MEASURES

Table - 16: Audit Findings and Proposed Remediation Measures

SI	Name of Proposed	Location	Status of	Audit Findings	Remediation Measures
No	. Substation	(District)	Land	Addit i manigs	nemediation weasures
1.	Establishment of	Bihpuria / North	Transferred to	• Temporary alteration / deterioration of surface	EPC Contractor will plan land filling in dry season to
	new 220/33kV (2X	Lakhimpur	AEGCL by	water quality due to silt runoff from land filling	avoid temporary deterioration of surface water quality
	100MVA), GIS		Revenue	for construction of substation and associated	due to runoff from land filling area apart from
	substation at		Department,	facilities may occur.	drainage system as per master plan.
	Bihpuria		Government of	• Inconvenience may be caused to local residents	Detailed Traffic Management Plan will be prepared
			Assam	and road users from the transportation of	and included in Contractor's Environmental and Social
				construction material including transportation of	management Plan (CESMP) and will implemented by
				earth for filling in S/S.	EPC contractor under direct supervision of PMU.
			•	• There may be some disturbances and safety	For unavoidable falling of bamboos, plantation will be
				issues may arise to local residents during	taken as per requirement under the guidance of State
				construction of the proposed S/S.	Forest Department.
			•	• Approx. 20 numbers of bamboos, which may	Any intervention in S/S safety will be taken care by
				require to be fallen is recorded in the proposed	implementing proper precautionary measures as per
				substation.	safety procedures and use of PPEs during construction
			•	• Minor air pollution, noise and vibration may takes	and operation of substation.
				place during construction of substation.	EPC contractor will hire local labour to extent possible
			•	 Social conflict with local people and labours hired 	and provide adequate facility to labour camp and work
				from outside by contractor may arise during	site for those hired from outside. Regular health
				construction period.	checkup and an awareness camp regarding
					transmission of communicable diseases (such as Covid
					19, STI's and HIV/AIDS) will be provided by contractor.
					• EPC Contractor will establish the labour camp (s) for
					those hired from outside, as per the rules within the
					site premises. Labourers should be informed by the
					EPC project officials to avoid to keep relation with the
					local people and do not go inside the nearby
					residential area without prior permission. Strict

SI.	Name of Proposed Substation	Location (District)	Status of Land	Audit Findings	Remediation Measures
2.	Substation	(District) Khumtai, Golaghat		 Temporary alteration / deterioration of surface water quality due to silt runoff from land filling for construction of substation and associated facilities may occur. Inconvenience may be caused to local residents and road users from the transportation of construction material including transportation of earth for filling in S/S. There may be some disturbances and safety issues may arise to local residents during construction of the proposed S/S. Enumeration of trees and tea bushes for permission of cutting from Forest Department is under process. Elephants occasionally come at the Tea Garden Moderate air pollution, noise and vibration may takes place during construction of substation. Social conflict with local people and labours hired from outside by contractor may arise during 	 observance of the code of conduct will be followed. During working hours EPC Contractor will provide all Personnel Protective Equipments (PPEs) to all workers to avoid health hazard that will arise from air, noise and soil and water pollution. EPC Contractor will plan land filling in dry season to avoid temporary deterioration of surface water quality due to runoff from land filling area apart from drainage system as per master plan. Detailed Traffic Management Plan will be prepared and included in CESMP and will implemented by EPC contractor under direct supervision of PMU. For unavoidable falling of trees, plantation will be taken as per requirement under the guidance of State Forest Department. To avoid unwanted entry of elephants in the S/S premise, thickness of the boundary wall may be increased. EPC contractor will hire local labour to extent possible and provide adequate facility to labour camp and work site for those hired from outside. Regular health checkup and an awareness camp regarding transmission of communicable diseases (such as Covid 19, STI's and HIV/AIDS) will be provided by contractor.
				construction period.	• EPC Contractor will establish the labor camp (s) for those hired from outside, as per the rules within the site premises. Laborers should be informed by the EPC project officials to avoid to keep relation with the local people and do not go inside the nearby residential

SI.	Name of Proposed	Location	Status of	Audia Findings	Remediation Measures
No.	Substation	(District)	Land	Audit Findings	Remediation Measures
					area without prior permission. Strict observance of the
					code of conduct will be followed.
					During working hours EPC Contractor will provide all
					Personnel Protective Equipments (PPEs) to all workers
					to avoid health hazard that will arise from air, noise
					and soil and water pollution.
3.	Establishment of new	Agomoni /	AEGCL own	• Temporary alteration / deterioration of surface	EPC Contractor will plan land filling in dry season to
	220/132kV	Kokrajhar	land	water quality due to silt runoff from land filling	avoid temporary deterioration of surface water quality
	(2X160MVA), GIS			for construction of substation and associated	due to runoff from land filling area apart from
	substation at Agomoni			facilities may occur.	drainage system as per master plan.
				• Inconvenience may be caused to local residents	Detailed Traffic Management Plan will prepared and
				and road users from the transportation of	included in CESMP and will implemented by EPC
				construction material including transportation of	contractor under direct supervision of PMU.
				earth for filling in S/S.	During working hours EPC Contractor will provide all
				• There may be some disturbances and safety	Personnel Protective Equipments (PPEs) to all workers
				issues may arise to local residents during	,
				construction of the proposed S/S.	and soil and water pollution.
				• Minor air pollution, noise and vibration may takes	
				place during construction of substation.	construction of the proposed S/S all precautionary
				Social conflict with local people and labours hired	measures will be taken as per requirement.
				from outside by contractor may arise during	• Teachers to be aware about the safety related hazards
				construction period.	of the project before execution of civil works.
					• Laborers should be informed by the EPC project
					officials to avoid to keep relation with the local people
					and do not go inside the nearby residential area
					without prior permission.

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9 ENVIRONMENTAL & SOCIAL MANAGEMENT PLAN (ESMP) WITH SPECIFIC POTENTIAL ES IMPACTS

Table – 17: Environmental & Social Management Plan (ESMP)

SL. No. PRE	Project Activity -CONSTRUCTION I		Mitigation Measures	Parameters to be Monitored	Standards/Meas urement	Frequency ¹	Institutional Responsibility	Implementation Schedule
1.	Substation location and design	Disturbance to the adjacent lands and the people due to cut and fill operations	Construction of retaining structures, peripheral drain, minimize cut and fill operations, etc. Substation designed to ensure noise will not be a nuisance.	Setbacks to substation and other structures	Substation and other structures	Once during substation siting survey and design	Surveyor (during survey) Contractor (Detailed design and layout development) PMC (Review of Detailed Design) AEGCL -PMU (Approval of survey report, detailed design and design layout), AEGCL Field Officials and P& E Wing	Part to site selection, layout development and detailed design
2.	Interference with drainage patterns	Temporary flooding	Most of the substation locations are away from flood prone area. For low lying substation location, the area / equipment level will be raised sustainably to avoid logging of water. During	Substation location	Visual observation and confirmation of implementation of contour plan by finished Ground Level (FGL) is fixed by considering the Highest Flood	Once before start of civil construction	Surveyor / Contractor / PMC / AEGCL PIU officials / AEGCL-PMU (during implementation of contour plan)	During implementation of contour plan

¹All clearance/permits will be obtained prior to construction commencement.

SL. No.	Project Activity	Potential Environmental & Social Impact	Mitigation Measures preparation of contour plan, Finished Ground Level (FGL) is fixed	Parameters to be Monitored	Standards/Meas urement level (HFL) data of that area.	Frequency ¹	Institutional Responsibility	Implementation Schedule
			by considering the Highest Flood level (HFL) data of that area.					
В.	Ambient Environr	ment	<u> </u>		N ·			
3.	Substation location and design	Noise generation exposure to noise causing nuisance to neighboring properties	Substation designed to ensure noise will not be a nuisance. AEGCL – PMU and PMC to review the detail design to ensure substation noise level are designed as per required limits.	Ambient noise levels at the substation boundary and distance from nearby dwellings.	The Noise Pollution (Regulation and Control) Rules, 2000 and IFC / WB EHS. General Guidelines and Guidelines for Electric Power Transmission and Distribution, whichever is stringent.	Once before start of construction work	Contractor (Detailed design and layout development) PMC (Review of detailed design) AEGCL -PMU (Approval of, detailed design layout) & AEGCL Field Officials	Part of detailed alignment survey and design.
4.	Equipment specifications and design parameters	Release of chemicals and gases in receptors (air, water, land)	PCBs for bidden in substation transformers or other project facilities or equipment	Transformer design	Exclusion of PCB's in transformers (should be part of tender specifications)	Once	AEGCL – PMU, PMC, AEGCL Field Officials & P&E Wing	Tender document/specif ications
		water, iailuj	The equipments and process should not	Design stage of equipments and	Part of tender specifications	Once before start of construction	Contractor (during procurement of	Part of tender document and

SI	Project Activity	Potential Environmental & Social Impact	Mitigation Measures	Parameters to be Monitored	Standards/Meas urement	Frequency ¹	Institutional Responsibility	Implementation Schedule
			use chlorofluorocarbons or halon. Their use (if any) in existing process should be phased out and disposed of in a manner consistent with the required statutory guidelines.	process finalization	(Exclusion of CFC) Disposal / phase out of existing equipments and process (IEC 61619 or ASTM D4059)	work	equipment) AEGCL - PMU & PMC (during site inspections and approval for installation) & AEGCL Field Officials	detailed project design
C.	Ecological Enviror	nment						
5.	Cutting of Trees	Loss of trees and loss to biodiversity.	Tree replantation budget allocated as per Forest Department's requirement.	Trees loss, relevance of applicable clearances required from concerned authorities (forest department, revenue authorities)	Tree Enumeration	Consultation with local authorities (once) Statutory approval (clearance) from relevant authorities (once)	Surveyor / AEGCL - PMU/Revenue Circle / Forest Department / Contractor & AEGCL Field Officials	Detailed Design and Planning stage
D	Social Environme	nt				, ,		
6.	Involuntary resettlement or land acquisition	Loss of lands and abandoned structures	Not applicable, as land areas for all proposed S/S are AEGCL / transferred by Revenue Department, Government of Assam and acquired from Amalgamated Plantation Pvt. Ltd (APPL).	-	-	-	-	-

SL. No.	Project Activity	Potential Environmental & Social Impact	Mitigation Measures	Parameters to be Monitored	Standards/Meas urement	Frequency ¹	Institutional Responsibility	Implementation Schedule
7.	Encroachment into farm land	Loss of agricultural productivity	Compensation will be paid as per RPF and govt. policy	If there is any tree in the Substation Land whether it may be transferred or Purchased/acquisition the tree falling permission to be obtain before construction work starts.	Consultation to be made with the concerned Forest Department.	Meeting with concerned Department frequently to sort out the matter	AEGCL- PMU / Horticulture Department / EPC Contractor PMC & AEGCL Field Officials.	The schedule to be settled after discussion with all the Stakeholders as when necessary.
8.	Interference with drainage patterns/ Irrigation channels/ rivers	Flooding hazards/loss of agricultural production	Appropriate drainage system to be made to avoid channel interference for low lying areas and adjacent village.	Place of Substation land and Land Utilisation Plan should be approved after physical verification.	Consultation with local authorities and design engineers	Once	PMC & AEGCL Field Officials.	Part of detailed drawing and design.
9.	Cutting of Trees	Livelihood loss	No trees observed at Agomani S/S. Approx. 20 nos. of bamboos are observed in Bihpuria S/S whereas, tree enumeratation is under progress.	-	-	-	-	-
CON	ISTRUCTION PHAS							
A.	Physical Environm	nent	1				1	
10.	Site clearance	Soil erosion and surface runoff	Construction to be restricted to the non-rainy season. Provision and maintenance of drains and retention	Soil erosion	Visual inspection (Turbidity and sedimentation).	Twice during construction phase	Contractor through contract provisions under supervision of PMC / PMU of AEGCL PMC & AEGCL Field Officials.	Throughout the construction Phase

SL. No.	Project Activity	Potential Environmental & Social Impact	Mitigation Measures	Parameters to be Monitored	Standards/Meas urement	Frequency ¹	Institutional Responsibility	Implementation Schedule
			ponds.					
11.	Disturbance to public utility services- Water supply, sanitation	Public inconvenience	Advance notice to the public about the time and the duration of the utility disruption (if any arises). Use of well trained and experienced machinery operators to reduce accidental damage to the public utilities. — pipelines/Power Lines/Road crossings etc. Restoring the utilities immediately to overcome public inconvenience.	Disruption to other commercial and public activities/public complaints. Contractor obligation to restore the facilities such as blocked drains (if any) through contract provisions.	As per public complaint.	At least once during construction (as and when required).	AEGCL and Contractor through contract provisions and PMC through public disclosure and consultations & AEGCL Field Officials.	Contractor provisions in planning stage and PMC monitoring in Construction period.
12.	Uncontrolled erosion/silt runoff	Soil loss, downstream siltation	Use of existing roads	Design basis and construction procedures	Incorporating good design and construction management practices.	Once for each site	Contractor through contract provisions under supervision of PMC and AEGCL - PMU & AEGCL Field Officials.	Throughout the Construction Phase.
В.	Ambient Environr	ment						
13.	Equipment layout and installation	Noise and vibrations	Selection of construction techniques and machinery to	Construction techniques and machinery.	Minimal ground disturbance.	Once – Commencement of construction Phase.	Contractor through contract provisions under supervision of PMC and AEGCL -	Throughout the construction Phase.

SL. No.	Project Activity	Potential Environmental & Social Impact	Mitigation Measures	Parameters to be Monitored	Standards/Meas urement	Frequency ¹	Institutional Responsibility	Implementation Schedule
			minimize ground disturbance.				PMU & AEGCL Field Officials.	
14.	Surplus earth work/soil	Runoff to cause water pollution, solid waste disposal	Excess fill from foundation excavation to be reused on site where earth filling is required.	Location and amount (m³) of fill disposal. Soil disposal locations and volume (m³).	Appropriate recoding disposal and dispersal locations in quarterly reporting of contractor and PMC.	At least once during construction phase (as and when required).	Contractor through contract provisions under supervision of PMC and AEGCL - PMU & AEGCL Field Officials.	Throughout the construction Phase
	Loss	Loss of topsoil	Use the excess soil from excavation of the substation foundation and drainage improvement in filling operations.	Borrow area sighting and required earth filling (area of site in m ² and estimated volume in m ³).	Record maintenance for excavated earth and utilization of earth for earth filling.	At Least once during construction phase (as and when required).	Contractor under supervision of PMC & AEGCL -PMU & AEGCL Field Officials.	Throughout the construction Phase
15.	Substation construction	Water pollution due to wastewater disposal and construction water runoff. Interference in drainage of rain and waste water at site.	Construction of appropriate drain system. Removal of silt and trash choking the drainage from the substation land.	Drains choked with rain/ water due to silt and trash.	Presence of proper drainage and sanitation and waste disposal facilities.	Daily - construction phase	Contractor under supervision of PMC & AEGCL -PMU & AEGCL Field Officials.	Construction/operation period. Semi-annually Inspection report to be submitted by Contractor along with Photographs
16.	Construction of roads for accessibility to substations	Air pollution due to loosen dust might blow in the area	Suppression of dust by sprinkling of water within the work area and stack	Soil stacking locations (access roads & substation site).	CPCB ambient air quality standards and IFC/WB. EHS	Daily - Visual inspections. Monitoring for PM10 & PM2.5	Contractor (for implementing mitigation measures), PMC	Throughout the construction Phase

SL. No.	Project Activity	Potential Environmental & Social Impact causing dusty	Mitigation Measures the loose soil and	Parameters to be Monitored	Standards/Meas urement	Frequency ¹ etc. twice in a	Institutional Responsibility (conducting air	Implementation Schedule
		conditions.	contain it with covers if required.		Guidelines and Guidelines for Electric Power Transmission and Distribution, whichever is stringent.	year.	quality monitoring) under supervision of AEGCL– PMU & AEGCL Field Officials.	
		Nuisance caused by noise to neighboring areas.	Minimize construction activities undertaken during the night. Construction as per scheduled timings only.	Timing of construction (noise emissions, [dB(a)]).	Monitoring of time schedule for work CPCB. Regulations for noise level and IFC/WB EHS. General Guidelines and Guidelines for Electric Power Transmission and Distribution, whichever is Stringent.	Weekly monitoring by contractor especially during usage of heavy machinery. Monitoring noise levels in dB during construction phase as per monitoring schedule	Contractor (maintenance of record) and PMC (verification of record) under supervision of AEGCL – PMU & AEGCL Field Officials.	Throughout the construction Phase
17.	Provision of facilities for construction workers	Contamination of receptors (land, water, air). Health Impact on labour due to lack of basic amenities.	Construction workforce facilities to include proper sanitation, water supply and waste disposal facilities. (IFC/EBRD- Worker's Accommodations:	Amenities for Workforce, grievances filed by workers.	Presence of proper sanitation, water supply and waste disposal facilities.	Once before commencing construction work.	Contractor (to provide amenities to workforce) through contract provisions under supervision of PMC (visual inspection and monitoring for	Throughout the construction Phase

SL. No.	Project Activity	Potential Environmental & Social Impact	Mitigation Measures	Parameters to be Monitored	Standards/Meas urement	Frequency ¹	Institutional Responsibility	Implementation Schedule
			processes and standards or its equivalent will be followed).		clearances obtained under: Inter-State Migrant Workmen (Regulation of Employment and Conditions of Service) Act, 1979 and Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970 AIIB ESS1.		provided facilities to labour/workers) and AEGCL – PMU. (validation of documentary evidence) & AEGCL Field Officials.	
18.	Mechanized construction	Noise, vibration and operator safety, efficient operation, Noise, vibration, equipment wears and tear	Construction equipment to be well maintained. Construction techniques and Machinery selection to minimize ground disturbance.	Construction techniques and equipment- estimated noise emissions and operating schedules.	Technical specifications, safety regulations, Noise control regulations (the more stringent of the standards, National or International to be followed).	Once a month	Contractor (implementation of proposed measures) through contract provisions under supervision of PMC (Site inspections) and AEGCL – PMU (Validation of documentary evidence) & AEGCL Field Officials.	Throughout the construction Phase
19.	Storage of chemicals and materials	Contamination of receptors (land, water, air).	Fuel and other hazardous materials securely stored.	Location of hazardous material storage; spill reports {type of material spilled, amount (kg or m3) and action taken to control	Fuel storage in appropriate locations and receptacles with reference to IFC/WB EHS.	Once a month	Contractor (implementation of proposed measures) through contract provisions under supervision of PMC	Throughout the construction Phase

SL. No.	Project Activity	Potential Environmental & Social Impact	Mitigation Measures	Parameters to be Monitored and clean up spill}.	Standards/Meas urement General	Frequency ¹	Institutional Responsibility (Site inspections)	Implementation Schedule
					Guidelines and Guidelines for Electric Power Transmission and Distribution, whichever is stringent		and AEGCL – PMU (Validation of documentary evidence) & AEGCL Field Officials.	
C. E	cological Environm	nent			<u> </u>			
20.	Site clearance	Vegetation	Marking of vegetation to be completed prior to clearance, and strict control on clearing activities to ensure minimal clearance.	Vegetation marking and clearance control (area in m²).	Clearance strictly limited to target vegetation.	During Construction	Contractor (implementation of proposed measures) through contract provisions under supervision of PMC (Site inspections) and AEGCL – PMU (Validation of documentary evidence) & AEGCL Field Officials.	Throughout the construction Phase
21.	Wood/ vegetation harvesting, cut and fill operations	Loss of vegetation and deforestation	Construction workers should be prohibited from harvesting wood in the project area during their employment.	Illegal wood / vegetation harvesting (area in sq. m, number of incidents reported)	Complaints by local people or other evidence of illegal harvesting.	Once a month	Contractor (implementation of proposed measures) through contract provisions under supervision of PMC (Site inspections) and AEGCL – PMU (Validation of documentary	Throughout the construction Phase

SL. No.	Project Activity	Potential Environmental & Social Impact	Mitigation Measures	Parameters to be Monitored	Standards/Meas urement	Frequency ¹	Institutional Responsibility	Implementation Schedule
							evidence) & AEGCL Field Officials.	
		Effect on fauna (including avifauna)	Preventing work force from disturbing the flora, fauna including hunting of animals and fishing in water bodies. Proper awareness programme regarding conservation of flora, fauna including ground vegetation to all workers. Special care to be taken during breeding season of any species.	Habitat loss	Complaints by local people or other evidence of illegal hunting.	Once a month	Contractor (implementation of proposed measures) through contract provisions under supervision of PMC (Site inspections) and AEGCL – PMU (Validation of documentary evidence) & AEGCL Field Officials.	Throughout the construction Phase
D. S	ocial Environment							
22.	Construction schedules	Noise nuisance to neighbouring properties	To minimize construction activities should be undertaken during the night time and local communities to be informed of the construction schedule properly	Timing of construction (noise emissions, dBA).	The Construction as per scheduled timings to be made after consultation with nearby dwellers.	As and when necessary.	Contractor (implementation of proposed measures) through contract provisions under supervision of PMC (Site inspections) and AEGCL – PMU (Validation of	Throughout the construction Phase

SL. No.	Project Activity	Potential Environmental & Social Impact	Mitigation Measures	Parameters to be Monitored	Standards/Meas urement	Frequency ¹	Institutional Responsibility	Implementation Schedule
			before starting the construction.				documentary evidence) & AEGCL Field Officials.	
23.	Acquisition of cultivable lands	Loss of agricultural productivity.	Not applicable, as land areas for all proposed S/S are AEGCL / transferred by Revenue Department, Government of Assam and acquired from Amalgamated Plantation Pvt. Ltd (APPL).	-	-	-	-	-
24.	Temporary use of land	Losses to neighbouring land uses/ values	contract clauses specifying careful construction practices. As much as possible existing access ways to be used. Productive land to be reinstated following completion of construction. Compensation to be paid for loss of production, if any.	Contract clauses Design basis and layout. Reinstatement of land status (area affected, m²).	Incorporating of good construction management, design engineering practices. Maintain good understanding with affected People.	Frequent before and during construction phase.	Contractor (implementation of proposed measures) through contract provisions under supervision of PMC (Site inspections) and AEGCL – PMU (Validation of documentary evidence) & AEGCL Field Officials.	Throughout the construction Phase
25.	Transportation & storage of materials	Nuisance to the general public	Transport loading and unloading of construction	Compliance to traffic management plan (Detailed Traffic	CPCB Emission standards and Water Quality	Once in a month	Contractor (implementation of proposed measures)	Throughout the construction Phase

SL. No.	Project Activity	Potential Environmental & Social Impact	Mitigation Measures	Parameters to be Monitored	Standards/Meas urement	Frequency ¹	Institutional Responsibility	Implementation Schedule
			materials should not cause nuisance to the people by way of noise, vibration and dust. Avoiding storage of construction materials beside the road, around water bodies, residential or CPR. Construction materials should be stored in covered areas to ensure protection from dust, emissions and such materials should be bundled in environment friendly and nuisance free manner.	Management Plan will be prepared and included in CESMP report and will implemented by EPC contractor)	standards (the more stringent of the National or International standards to be followed).		through contract provisions under supervision of PMC (Site inspections) and AEGCL – PMU (Validation of documentary evidence) & AEGCL Field Officials.	
		Road Safety	Prepare the Traffic Management Plan; Instruct drivers of construction vehicles to strictly follow road regulations; Adequate and clearly visible	Compliance to traffic management plan. (Detailed Traffic Management Plan will be prepared and included in CESMP report and will implemented by EPC contractor)	Regular Monitoring and Daily Incident Reporting.	Once a month	Contractor (implementation of proposed measures) through contract provisions under supervision of PMC (Site inspections) and AEGCL – PMU (Validation of	Throughout the construction Phase

SL. No.	Project Activity	Potential Environmental & Social Impact	Mitigation Measures	Parameters to be Monitored	Standards/Meas urement	Frequency ¹	Institutional Responsibility	Implementation Schedule
			warning signs (such as danger, detour, cross here, works in progress, people at work, etc.) will be posted at designated sites while scaffoldings will be placed over road crossing points.				documentary evidence) & AEGCL Field Officials.	
26.	Earth Work during execution	Impact on Community health and safety due to air pollution and increase in noise level.	Selection of quality construction techniques and machinery to minimize ground disturbance, noise generation. Using water sprinkling to minimize the dust.	Quality Construction Techniques and machinery.	Construction timing, good quality of machineries & pollution control certificates of machineries in Use.	Daily – during construction phase	Contractor (implementation of proposed measures) through contract provisions under supervision of PMC (Site inspections) and AEGCL – PMU (Validation of documentary evidence) & AEGCL Field Officials.	Throughout the construction phase
27.	Worker's Health and safety Community health and safety	Injury and sickness of workers and members of the public; Incidents/accide nts; GBV/SE	Contract provisions specifying requirements for construction camps. Contractor to prepare and implement a health and safety plan and provide workers	Contract clauses: number of incidents and total loss of man days caused by injuries and sickness to be registered. Periodic health Checkup of workers and the details to be	Monitoring of Health and Safety practices of IFC/WB EHS. General Guidelines and Guidelines for Electricity Act.	Workers Insurance to be valid throughout the project. Health checkup to be done at the time of mobilization/entry of the	Contractor (implementation of proposed measures) through contract provisions under supervision of PMC (Site inspections) and AEGCL – PMU	Throughout the construction Phase

SL. No.	Project Activity	Potential Environmental & Social Impact	Mitigation Measures	Parameters to be Monitored	Standards/Meas urement	Frequency ¹	Institutional Responsibility	Implementation Schedule
			with required PPE. Contractor to arrange for health and safety awareness programmes including on AIDS and sexually transmitted diseases (STD). Detailed workers camp Management plan to be maintained by EPC.	recorded/properly maintained by EPC. Workers Insurance Policy to be provided, as per Labour Laws.		Worker/Workers. After then Twice in every month- Health check-up of works to be done.	(Validation of documentary evidence) & AEGCL Field Officials	
		Electrocution and other accident may occur due to lack of proper awareness of the Workers.	Adequate signage and barriers around charged components.	Complaints raised by community people or workers and number of accident to be recorded and maintained.	Regular Monitoring and Daily Incident Reporting	Continuous activity	Contractor (implementation of proposed measures) through contract provisions under supervision of PMC (Site inspections) and AEGCL – PMU (Validation of documentary evidence)	Throughout the construction phase
		COVID-19 Response	Taking cognizance of situation at time of mobilization, the Contractor shall undertake a COVID-19 risk assessment of project area and	Checklist of implementation of PPE distributed Plan to be maintained by the EPC.	WHO/Gol COVID-19 Guidelines	Monthly	Contractor through contract provisions under supervision of PMC and PMU	Throughout the construction phase

SL. No.	Project Activity	Potential Environmental & Social Impact	Mitigation Measures	Parameters to be Monitored	Standards/Meas urement	Frequency ¹	Institutional Responsibility	Implementation Schedule
			prepare a COVID-19 Response and Management Plan (C-R&MP) and submit to AEGCL and PMC for approval. The preparation of C-R&MP shall consider guidelines of Gol, World Health Organisation, International Labour Organisation etc. The contractor shall submit a monthly monitoring and progress report to AEGCL and PMC.				measures), PMC cand AEGCL -	
		Human and Animal interference in Substation area.	Restriction to be maintained in the Substation area to avoid any type of accident and injury.	In the first Phase of construction the boundary wall should be constructed by the EPC contractor.	Substation construction to be starts according to the specification of Land Utilization Plan (LUP) and Design.	Entire construction phase	(implementation of measures), PMC	Throughout the construction Phase
28.	Impact of Migrant workers	Lack of proper knowledge/ training, unhygienic	The provisions given in the Inter-state Migrant Workmen (Regulation of	As per provisions Regulation of Employment and Conditions of Service)	Regulatory clearance documents	Continuous activity	Contractor (implementation of proposed measures) through contract	Throughout the construction phase

SL. No.	Project Activity	Potential Environmental & Social Impact	Mitigation Measures	Parameters to be Monitored	Standards/Meas urement	Frequency ¹	Institutional Responsibility	Implementation Schedule
		living conditions, occupational hazards may cause spread of diseases in camps; Potential conflict between migrant workforce and local may took place.	Employment and Conditions of Service) Act, 1979, along with the Bonded Labour System (Abolition) Act 1976, and subsequent amendments, to be followed. The spread of disease to be avoided by improving the Labour camp facilities and Conflict with local People to be addressed through proper awareness and training session to the workforce.	Act, 1979, along with the Bonded Labour System (Abolition) Act 1976.			provisions under supervision of PMC (Site inspections) and AEGCL – PMU (Validation of documentary evidence) & AEGCL Field Officials.	
29.	Capacity Building	Improve standards of implementation of work and Monitoring the Project progress.	Training of AEGCL staff & contractors.	Training schedules	Number of training program	Quarterly	PMC to provide training to EPC and AEGCL – PMU, AEGCL – Field staff and Divisional Officers.	Throughout the construction Phase
30.	Site clearance and Excavation works	Chances of finding archaeological /cultural	Instruction should be given to the workers not to remove such	Discovery of any artifact of such historical or cultural significance.	Chance finds procedure	As per occurrence of event.	Contractor (implementation of proposed measures) through contract	Throughout the construction Phase

SL. No.	Project Activity	Potential Environmental & Social Impact	Mitigation Measures	Parameters to be Monitored	Standards/Meas urement	Frequency ¹	Institutional Responsibility	Implementation Schedule
		artifacts	articles(if found any) and immediately inform to the Supervisor of the EPC and further to Environmental Specialist of PMU.				provisions under supervision of PMC (Site inspections) and AEGCL – PMU (Validation of documentary evidence) & AEGCL Field Officials	
OPE		NTENANCE PHASE			l		I	
A.	Ambient Environi	mental	Dunnanna of ail wit		<u> </u>			
31.	Oil Spillage	Contamination of land and nearby water bodies/aquifer	Presence of oil pit for collection of oil leakage (if any from transformer). Storage of transformer oil drums on raised and solid surface.	Design of transformer pad and availability of storage area for transformer oil drums.	Visual inspections	Continuous activity	AEGCL-Divisional Offices/PIU & PMC.	Throughout the operations
32.	Switchgear operation	SF6 leakage during operations and refilling activity	Record of all substation switchgear, storage cylinders located within secure casings.	Usage of SF6 gas	As per prevailing guidelines	During storage and refilling of equipments containing SF6 (Record is to be maintained for all substation switchgear, storage cylinders located within secure casings).	AEGCL-Divisional Offices/PIU & PMC	Throughout the operations

SL. No.	Project Activity	Potential Environmental & Social Impact	Mitigation Measures	Parameters to be Monitored	Standards/Meas urement	Frequency ¹	Institutional Responsibility	Implementation Schedule
33.	Vegetation Clearance in substation	Toxic impact on non-target organism	Prior marking of vegetation to be removed to clearance, and strict control on clearing activities to ensure manual cutting and removal of vegetation.	Vegetation marking and clearance control (area in m ²). Usage of herbicides if any should be reported.	Visual Inspections to check if clearance is strictly limited to marked area.	Weekly inspections	AEGCL-Divisional Offices/AEGCL -PIU & PMC	Throughout the operations
C. 9	Social Environmen	t						
34.	Operation and Maintenance of substations	Nuisance to neighbouring properties	If required, provision of fixing noise barriers near substation sites.	Noise level to be maintained as per the rules of CPCB.	Noise level standards should be maintained as prescribed by CPCB and IFC/WB EHS. General Guidelines and Guidelines for Electric Power Transmission and Distribution, whichever is Applicable.	Once in a year	AEGCL-Divisional Offices/AEGCL -PIU & PMC	Throughout the execution of the Project.
		Lightning	Lightning conductor and earth wire will be installed in the Substation site.	Usage of appropriate technologies (number of incidents).	Preparedness level for using these technologies in crisis.	once a month	AEGCL-Divisional Offices/AEGCL -PIU & PMC	Throughout the operations
35.	Inadequate	Injury and	Availability of	Availability of	Record of	Twice a year	AEGCL – corporate	Throughout the

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SL. No.	Project Activity	Potential Environmental & Social Impact	Mitigation Measures	Parameters to be Monitored	Standards/Meas urement	Frequency ¹	Institutional Responsibility	Implementation Schedule
	provision of staff/workers health and safety	sickness of staff and workers	Personal Protective Equipments. Safety awareness trainings. Availability of emergency action plan and training of staff and worker on implementation of emergency action plan.	Availability of	Number of staff trained in a year to be kept properly.		office/HR Department	operations
36.	Training for Electric safety	Raising awareness for electrical safety measures	Training of AEGCL – Project Implementation Unit.	Training schedules/ valid license	Number of training program	Twice a year	AEGCL – corporate office/HR Department	Throughout the operations

Abbreviations

PMU – Project Management Unit, PMC – Project Management Consultancy P&E Wing - Planning and Engineering Wing, SO2- -Sulphur Dioxide; NO2- - Nitrogen Dioxide; CO- Carbon Monoxide; EC – Electric Conductivity; Pb – Lead; PM2.5 - Particulate Matter <2.5; PM10 - Particulate Matter <10; TSPM- Total suspended Particulate Matter; EC - Electrical Conductivity; DO - Dissolved Oxygen; TSS - Total Suspended Solids; BOD - Biological Oxygen Demand; NAAQS - National Ambient Air Quality Standards; NWQS - National water Quality Standards; AEGCL - Assam Electricity Grid Corporation Limited; ORP – Oxidation Reduction Potential, PIU – Project Implementation Unit (AEGCL) IFC – International Finance Corporation (World Bank Group), HR – Human Resource PS – Performance Standards

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10 ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL MONITORING PLAN (ESMOP)

Table - 18: Environmental and Social Monitoring Plan

Environmental component	Project stage	Parameters to be monitored	Location	Frequency ²	Standards	Implementation	Supervision
		PM10, PM2.5, along with Meteorological datatemperature Humidity, wind speed, wind direction.	Inside the substation boundary	One time	National Air quality standards of CPCB	EPC by CPCB approved laboratory	AEGCL - PMU/ AEGCL Field officials & PMC
1.Air Quality	B. Construction	PM10, PM2.5, along with Meteorological datatemperature Humidity, wind speed, wind direction.	Same location as selected during pre- construction period	Twice a year	National Air quality standards of CPCB	EPC by CPCB approved laboratory	AEGCL - PMU/ AEGCL Field Officials & PMC
	C. Operation Stage	PM10, PM2.5, along with Meteorological data- temperature Humidity, wind speed, wind direction.	Same location as selected during pre- construction period	One time	National Air quality standards of CPCB	EPC by CPCB approved laboratory (Defect Liability Stage)	AEGCL - PMU/ AEGCL Field Officials & PMC
2.Water Quality	A. Pre-Construction Stage	As per IS: 10500 (PH, Colour, TSS, Conductivity, Odour, Nitrate, Fluoride, Sulphates, Chloride, DO, BOD, T. coliform, E. coliform, Dissolved Iron, total pesticides, Floating materialswood, plastic, rubber etc. Oil and grease, TDS Turbidity, Total hardness, (as CaCO3), corrosivity, Taste).	Nearest downstream spring/hand pump of substations	One time	National water quality standards of CPCB	EPC by CPCB approved laboratory	AEGCL - PMU/ AEGCL Field Officials & PMC
	Stage	As per IS:10500 {pH, Colour, TSS, Conductivity, Odour, Nitrate, Fluoride, Sulphates,	Nearest downstream spring/hand pump	Twice a year	National water quality standards of CPCB	EPC by CPCB approved laboratory	AEGCL - PMU/ AEGCL Field officials & PMC

²Here the frequency means the frequency for the monitoring report. The ground data collection frequency should refer to those in the ESMP.

Environmental component	Project stage	Parameters to be monitored	Location	Frequency ²	Standards	Implementation	Supervision
		Chloride, DO, BOD, T. coliform, E. coliform, Dissolved Iron, total pesticides, Floating materialswood, plastic, rubber etc. Oil and grease, TDS, Turbidity, Total hardness, (as CaCO3), corrosivity, Taste}.	of substations				
	C. Operation Stage	As per IS: 10500 (PH, Colour, TSS, Conductivity, Odour, Nitrate, Fluoride, Sulphates, Chloride, DO, BOD, T. coliform, E. coliform, Dissolved Iron, total pesticides, Floating materialswood, plastic, rubber etc. Oil and grease, TDS, Turbidity, Total hardness, (as CaCO3), corrosivity, Taste).	Nearest downstream spring/hand pump of substations	One Time	National water quality standards of CPCB	EPC by CPCB approved laboratory (Defect Liability Stage)	AEGCL - PMU/ AEGCL Field officials & PMC
	A. Pre-Construction Stage	Noise level (dB level) On hourly basis for 24 hours	Inside the substation boundary	One Time	Noise and vibrations	EPC by CPCB approved laboratory	AEGCL- PMU/ AEGCL Field officials & PMC
3.Noise/ Vibration	B. Construction Stage	Noise level (dB level) On hourly basis for 24 hours	Same location as selected during pre- construction period	Twice a year/ noise assessments by demand	CPCB standards for Noise and vibrations	EPC by CPCB approved laboratory	AEGCL- PMU/ AEGCL Field officials& PMC
	C. Operation Stage	Noise level (dB level) On hourly basis for 24 hours	Same location as selected during pre- construction period	One Time	CPCB standards for Noise and vibrations	EPC by CPCB approved laboratory (Defect Liability Stage)	AEGCL- PMU/ AEGCL Field officials & PMC
4. Soil	A. Pre-Construction Stage	PH, Sulphate (SO3), Chloride, ORP, water Soluble salts EC, Organic Matter, Moisture	Inside the substation boundary	One time	Technical specifications	EPC by CPCB approved laboratory	AEGCL- PMU/ AEGCL Field officials & PMC

Environmental component	Project stage	Parameters to be monitored	Location	Frequency ²	Standards	Implementation	Supervision
	B. Construction Stage	Content. PH, Sulphate (SO3), Chloride, ORP, water Soluble salts EC, Organic Matter, Moisture Content.	Same location as selected during pre- construction period	Twice a year	Technical specifications	EPC by CPCB approved laboratory	AEGCL- PMU/ AEGCL Field officials& PMC
	C. Operation Stage	PH, Sulphate (SO3), Chloride, ORP, water Soluble salts EC, Organic Matter, Moisture Conten.t	Same location as selected during pre- construction period	One Time	Technical specifications	EPC by CPCB approved laboratory (Defect Liability Stage)	AEGCL- PMU/ AEGCL Field officials & PMC
	A. Pre-Construction Stage	Design specification	-	Once during final design approval	National Electrical Safety Code, American National Standard Institute, C2	Contractor (designing), PMC and PMU (design review)	AEGCL- PMU/ AEGCL Field officials& PMC
	IR (Onstruction	Adherence to Design specification during construction work.	Transmission line routes	Continuous activity	National Electrical Safety Code, American National Standard Institute, C2	Contractor	AEGCL- PMU/ AEGCL Field officials& PMC
	C. Operation Stage	Maintenance of conductor to ground, phase to phase and circuit to circuit clearances.	Transmission line routes	Continuous activity	National Electrical Safety Code, American National Standard Institute, C2	AEGCL – Field Staff	AEGCL- PMU/ AEGCL Field officials& PMC
	A. Pre-Construction Stage	Visual inspection for substation locations	Substations	Continuous activity	Identification of carcass (animals/birds) to be reported to	Surveyor	AEGCL- PMU/ AEGCL Field officials& PMC
6. Carcass	B. Construction Stage	Visual Physical Inspection for substation.	Substations	Continuous activity	concerned forest/wildlife authority for identification of species. Record to be maintained for number of carcasses	Contractor	AEGCL- PMU/ AEGCL Field officials& PMC
	C. Operation Stage	Visual Physical Inspection for substation.	Substations	Continuous activity		AEGCL – Field Staff	AEGCL- PMU/ AEGCL Field officials& PMC
7. Traffic	A. Pre-Construction Stage	Number & type of vehicles being used to access substation site.	Substations	Continuous activity	Record maintenance for being used for survey and increased	Surveyor	AEGCL- PMU/ AEGCL Field officials& PMC

Environmental component	Project stage	Parameters to be monitored	Location	Frequency ²	Standards	Implementation	Supervision
		Number & type of vehicle			traffic load in localities Maintenance of		
		being used for material transportation by EPC contractor.	Substations	Continuous activity	Logbook for in-out time of vehicle on site (substation).	Contractor	AEGCL- PMU/ AEGCL Field officials & PMC
	C. Operation Stage	Number & Type of vehicles being used for maintenance activity.	Substations	Continuous activity	Maintenance of Logbook for in-out time of vehicle on site (substation)	AEGCL – O&M staff	AEGCL- PMU/ AEGCL Field officials & PMC
	A. Pre-Construction Stage	Enumeration of trees after finalization of layout plan of selected substation area.	Substations	Once during detailed survey and layout design development	Documentary evidence to be maintained by surveyor for counting of trees.	Surveyor	AEGCL- PMU/ AEGCL Field officials & PMC
8. Tree cutting	IR (Onstruction	Development of inventory of tress before initiating the substation construction.	Substations	During the construction phase	Marking of tress by revenue authority in presence of Contractor and AEGCL officials Obtaining applicable clearance from forest department.	Contractor / Revenue Department / AEGCL	AEGCL- PMU/ AEGCL Field officials & PMC
	C. Operation Stage	Pruning/cutting of tress after getting prior permission from the competent authority for maintenance activity.	Not Applicable	-	-	-	-
9.Stakeholder Engagement	A. Pre-Construction Stage	Mapping of stakeholders	Substations	Continuous activity	Keep record of the Consultation with mapped stakeholders (Keep minutes of Consultation and attendance sheet)	Survey Consultant/ Concerned revenue circle	
	B. Construction Stage	Listing of identified stakeholders (administrative and project affected people)	Substations	Continuous activity	Keep record of the Consultation with mapped stakeholders	Contractor/PMC/A EGCL/ Concerned revenue circle	AEGCL- PMU/ AEGCL Field officials & PMC

Environmental component	Project stage	Parameters to be monitored	Location	Frequency ²	Standards	Implementation	Supervision
					and PAPs (Keep the record MOM of Consultation and attendance sheet)		
	C. Operation Stage	Identification of stakeholders	Substations	Continuous activity	Consultation with identified stakeholders has to be kept and the copy of minutes of Consultation and attendance sheet also to be kept.	Contractor (Defect Liability Stage)/ AEGCL – Field Officers	AEGCL- PMU/ AEGCL Field officials & PMC
	A. Pre-Construction	Identification of officials, NGO, stakeholders to be part Grievance redressal committee.	Substation Locations	Continuous activity	Development of Grievance redress mechanism as per provisions Notification of formulation of GRM and GRC	AEGCL - PMU	AEGCL- PMU
10.Grievance Mechanism	B. Construction Stage	Working files of GRC and GRM records.	Substation Locations	Continuous activity	Notification of formulation of GRM and GRC and display of GRM procedure in project locations (in local language) keep records for GRM (if any)	Contractor, PMC, AEGCL – PMU, Concerned PIU, AEGCL – Field staff	GRC
	C. Operation Stage	Working files of GRC and GRM records.	Substation Locations	Continuous	Notification of formulation of GRM and GRC and display of GRM procedure in project locations. Working records for GRM	Concerned field staff, concerned PIU	AEGCL- PMU/ PMC

Environmental component	Project stage	Parameters to be monitored	Location	Frequency ²	Standards	Implementation	Supervision
	A. Pre-Construction Stage	Identification of project affected people	Substation locations	During identification of land parcel of substation	Not applicable, as land areas for all proposed S/S are AEGCL / transferred from APDCL.	-	-
	B. Construction	Mapping and listing of projects affected people (crop damage (if any area m2), zirat damage (marking of trees & development of inventory), land acquisition (area m2) —if applicable.	Not Applicable	-		-	-
11. Compensation		Marking of trees (enumeration) to where pruning/cutting is required to maintain clearance between trees and conductor after obtaining prior permission from the competent authority Damage to crop (area m² and Listing of the types of crop) during Stringing of line.	Not Applicable	-		-	-
12. Livelihood	A. Pre-Construction	Identification of any impact on livelihood due to acquisition of land, crop damage and zirat damage.	Substation locations	Once during identification of land parcel for substation.	Compensation is paid as per RPF.	Revenue Department & AEGCL -concerned divisional officer, PMC, EPC Contractor	AEGCL– PMU
	B. Construction Stage	Identification of any impact on livelihood due to loss of	Substation locations	Once – before commencing		Revenue Department &	AEGCL– PMU

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Environmental component	Project stage	Parameters to be monitored	Location	Frequency ²	Standards	Implementation	Supervision
		land (area m ²) – land utilization pattern, crop damage (area m ² and type of crop) and zirat damage (inventory development).		construction work		AEGCL -concerned divisional officer, PMC, EPC Contractor	
	C. Operation Stage	Identification of any impact on livelihood due to acquisition of land, crop damage and zirat damage (inventory development).	Substation locations	Continuous activity		Revenue Department & AEGCL -concerned divisional officer, EPC Contractor (Defect Liability Stage)	AEGCL- PMU/ PMC
	A. Pre-Construction Stage	Identification of any damage to public utilities and public/private property to be envisaged during construction phase.	Substation locations	Once during identification of land Parcel for substation location.	Compensation is paid as per RPF	Revenue Department & AEGCL -concerned divisional officer, PMC, EPC Contractor	AEGCL– PMU
13. Restoration	B. Construction Stage	Marking and listing of damage to public utilities / shifting of public utilities and public / private property.	Substation locations	Continuous activity		Revenue Department & AEGCL -concerned divisional officer, PMC	AEGCL- PMU
	C. Operation Stage (Defect Liability Stage)	Marking and listing of damage to public utilities / shifting of public utilities and public / private property.	Substation locations	Continuous activity		Revenue Department & AEGCL -concerned divisional officer	AEGCL- PMU/ PMC

Abbreviations

PMU – Project Management Unit, PMC – Project Management Consultancy P&E Wing - Planning and Engineering Wing, SO2- -Sulphur Dioxide; NO2- - Nitrogen Dioxide; CO- Carbon Monoxide; EC – Electric Conductivity; Pb – Lead; PM2.5 - Particulate Matter <2.5; PM10 - Particulate Matter <10; TSPM- Total suspended Particulate Matter; EC - Electrical Conductivity; DO - Dissolved Oxygen; TSS - Total Suspended Solids; BOD - Biological Oxygen Demand; NAAQS - National Ambient Air Quality Standards; NWQS - National water Quality Standards; AEGCL - Assam Electricity Grid Corporation Limited; ORP – Oxidation Reduction Potential, PMC – Project Management Consultancy, IFC – International Finance Corporation (World Bank Group), HR – Human Resource, PS – Performance Standards

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11 BUDGET FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF ESMP SPECIFIC FOR ACTIVITIES COVERED BY THE ESIA

ESMP cost to implement the key environmental & social measures and environmental & social monitoring plan which a part of Engineering Procurement Construction (EPC) Contractor's contract as included in Bill Of Quantity (BOQ) item and as part of their good Engineering practice. Estimation for different ESMP activities to be performed by EPC Contractor for the three S/S is tabulated as under.

Table - 19: Environmental and Social Monitoring Plan budget

S. No.	Description	Quantity (in	Rate (in INR	Amount (in INR	
	·	No.)	approx.)	approx.)	
A.	Environmental Monitoring (Pre-construction	n Stage)	1		
1	Air Quality*	3	7000	21,000	
2	Water Quality	3	7000	21,000	
3	Noise Levels	3	3500	10,500	
4	Soil	3	7000	21,000	
	Sub-Total Cost				
В.	Environmental Monitoring (Construction Sta	age)			
1	Air Quality* (Twice/year for 3 year)	(2x3x3) = 18	7000	1,26,000	
2	Water Quality (Twice/year for 3 year)	(2x3x3) = 18	7000	1,26,000	
3	Noise Levels (Twice/year for 3 year)	(2x3x3) = 18	3500	63,000	
4	Soil (Twice/year for 3 year)	(2x3x3) = 18	7000	1,26,000	
5	Noise assessments by demand ³				
	Sub-Total Cost				
C.	Environmental Monitoring (Defect Liability	period)			
1	Air Quality*	3	7000	21,000	
2	Water Quality	3	7000	21,000	
3	Noise Levels	3	3500	10,500	
4	Soil	3	7000	21,000	
	Sub-Total Cost				
	Total Cost				
D.	Training Workshops/Consultations/ Health	Awareness Camp			
	Training on Implementation of ESMP for				
1	PMU, contractors and Divisional Nodal	5x 3 = 15	50,000	7,50,000	
	Officers				
	Public Consultation: Pre-Construction-				
2	Once, Construction- 2 times / year for 3	8x 3= 24	10,000	2,40,000	
	years, Defect Liability period - Once				
	Health & Safety Awareness Camp: Pre-				
3	Construction- Once, Construction- 2 times /	8x 3= 24	10,000	2,40,000	
	year for 3 years, Defect Liability period-				
	Once				

³ Budget for this activity (if arises) will be used from contingency fund

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4	Training on Implementation of GRM Pre- Construction- Once, Construction- 2 times / year for 3 years, Defect Liability period - Once	8x 3= 24	30,000	7,20,000			
5	Training on Occupation Health and safety Pre-Construction- Once, Construction- 2 times / year for 3 years, Defect Liability period - Once	8x 3= 24	30,000	7,20,000			
6	Training on fire safety and disaster management Pre-Construction- Once, Construction- 2 times / year for 3 years, Defect Liability period - Once	8x 3= 24	30000	7,20,000			
E. BOQ it	E. BOQ items						
7	Personal protective equipment's (Hard hats (with full/partial brims as necessary) Safety glasses with side shields. Face masks/shields. Suitable footwear (safety/steel-toed boots, rated dielectric footwear) Insulating gloves (rated, used along with leather/cloth linings for shock protection)) as per site requirement.	1 LOTx 3 S/S	10,00,000	30,00,000			
8	SF6 retrieving arrangement as per site requirement.	1 LOTx 3S/S	5,00,000	15,00,000			
F.	Cost of tree plantation ⁴						
	Total (A+B+C+D+E)			84,78,000			
	Contingency			4,23,900			
	Grand Total			89,01,900.00			

^{*} Meteorological data- temperature Humidity, wind speed, wind direction.

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⁴ Covered under BOQ item (Landscape item)

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12 INSTITUTIONAL ARRANGEMENT FOR MONITORING AND REPORTING

12.1 Monitoring of ESMP compliance

The proposed mitigation measures comprise of conducting environmental monitoring for Air Quality, Noise Level, Soil Quality and Water Quality during Pre-construction, construction and operational phases of the project. The Environment and Social staff of AEGCL shall ensure the monitoring of the environmental and social aspects. During the construction phase, the contractor should ensure that activities like handling of earth works, disposal of debris, storage of materials, labor camps, putting proper traffic signals is done properly to have minimum impact on the environment and affected communities. The PMC for the project will monitor these parameters with the supervision of PMU's E&S special staff. The PMU's E&S staff and Divisional official at divisional level will supervise the contractor. Other environmental good practices include sanitary waste management, noise abatement, maintaining hygienic conditions, maintenance of fire and safety equipment.

The Environmental and Social staff of PMU will ensure that site engineers and contractors adhere and comply with all measures and procedures identified in the ESMP. Activities to be monitored should include, but are not limited to:

- All planning, coordination and management activities related to the implementation of E&S safeguard issues;
- The identification of corrective and preventive actions;
- Records of health and safety matters and training activities;
- Consultations with project affected people (as and when needed, particularly during the implementation);
 - Feedback, trouble shooting and project related grievances;
 - Ensuring that livelihoods, where negatively impacted, are restored to pre-Project levels;
 - Preparation of progress and monitoring reports as required by the funding agency, and
 - Verifying the projects overall compliance with safeguard measures and its progress towards achieving the intended loan outcomes.

12.2 Monitoring of ESMoP Compliance

Environmental Parameters to Be Monitored:

To ensure that project would not generate negative impacts to the environment and affected communities, monitoring of environmental and social parameters has to be performed by PMU- AEGCL and PMC as per contract provisions. The monitoring activities of the project include site supervision, verification of permits, monitoring of water quality, soil, noise and air, traffic disruptions, livelihood restorations, Occupational, Health and Safety, etc. Monitoring of the quality of water, soil, air and noise during the construction stage is the responsibility of the PMC. The ESMoP compliance will be monitored by E&S staff of PMU.

12.3 Reporting Line

Mitigation measures related to construction as specified in the ESMP to be incorporated into civil works contracts, and their implementation will be primarily the responsibility of the contractors. In addition, contractors are required to submit monthly progress reports on the implementation of ESMP measures

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to PMC/PMU. The PMU – AEGCL will report to the AIIB E&S experts on progress achieved against the ESMP activities and milestones on a half-yearly basis. Progress reports will include a description of implementable activities and their status; identify the responsible parties involved in their implementation; and provide project management schedules and timeframes for doing so, along with their associated costs. The lustration of reporting line is provided in **Figure** below.

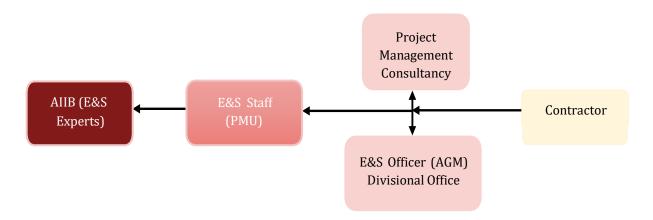


Figure -2: Illustration of Reporting Line

The environmental monitoring report will be submitted by the PMC- E&S staff to the PMU, which will include the result of environmental monitoring into its environmental report. The Environment and Social Staff of PMU after interaction with PMC E&S staff will ensure the adequacy of submitted monitoring reports and PMU will further submit these reports to AIIB twice in a year. This report will include the results of environmental monitoring to demonstrate that sound environmental management practices are applied, andthe set environments targets are achieved.

In case the implementation of ESMP measures is not satisfactory, AEGCL may engage external qualified experts to verify monitoring reports and assess the significant impacts and risks. These external monitoring experts shall recommend actions for AEGCL to enhance environmental compliance. Funding agency will continue to monitor project compliance with safeguard plans and requirements on an ongoing basis throughout the duration of the contract.

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13 STAKEHOLDER & PUBLIC CONSULTATION AND INFORMATION DISCLOSURE

This chapter provides details of public consultation and way forward for continuous consultation with stakeholders and public in different phases of implementation for proposed substations and process of disclosure.

13.1 Public Consultation

Public consultations were conducted with local habitants (33 participants in three S/S namely Bihpuria, Khumtai and Agomani) like economically poor communities, women, vulnerable groups and other local community members nearby substation location on 18th January, 8th April and 4th January 2022 respectively.

People participated in voluntary public consultation sessions to express their views about the proposed project. The community expressed their opinions freely on the project, its impact and suggestions for mitigating adverse impacts.

Community welcomed the construction of proposed sub- stations and associated activities. No major environmental issues were raised during the consultation process. A few of the local villagers has shown their interest on unskilled works on temporary basis when the civil works are initiated.

Local people are waiting eagerly for the implementation to start so they could receive better power and hoped for some employment generation. A summary of public consultations is attached in Table 20.

Details of consultation with public are provided in Annexure I. Consultation followed restrictions for the Covid-19 pandemic appropriate behaviour issued by state government. Awareness about the Covid-19 pandemic appropriate behaviour has been created to local habitants during consultation.

Table - 20: Summary of Public Consultation

Issues Discussed	People's views and perceptions
General Perception	Majority communities (including women) were aware of the proposed set up of substations and associated activities. Communities around have heard about the project but not sure about the details of the project components. Almost all the people were positive and supportive towards the construction of proposed substations and associated activities.
Support of local people for the construction of proposed substations and associated activities	Most of the communities expressed their support during implementation of the construction of proposed substations and associated activities, as it has been perceived to be great potential for the people of the area. They are happy for contribution of Government of India's effort towards rural electrification with proposed substations and associated activities. They are hopeful to address their electricity problem such as low voltage and irregular power supply would resolve. Most of the communities expressed that there should be no adverse impact due to the project on their safety.
Critical issue and	Most of the communities expressed that there were no critical issues

Issues Discussed	People's views and perceptions
concern by the local people for the substation locations	regarding the establishment of new substations.
Project site selection criteria	The community held the view that the project should avoid/minimize harm to vegetation's and places of community importance such as schools, community gathering places etc. Some of them suggested that necessary precautions must be taken to ensure safety of people during construction of sub-stations.
Employment potential in the construction of substations	Across the communities, majority felt that, during construction/operation of substations there may opportunities to local unemployed people for self-supporting business activity like establishment of small hotel/tea stall/grocery shop etc. Some of them requested that they should be involved not only in unskilled labour job but also in the supervisory work. They complained that the construction work is generally handed over to contractors who would bring their own labour force from outside. They hoped that instead of hiring people from outside the local people should be given employment. Some others felt that better distribution lines under the project will ensure proper and regular power and as a result small and medium scale business can be started in the area.
Socio economic standing: land use, cropping pattern	The major sources of livelihood for the communities were agriculture, wage labour, tea garden labour and small business. Most of the communities practiced one time cropping in a year, mainly paddy and vegetable cultivation.
Source of drinking water	The main sources of drinking water were hand pump. The other sources of drinking water were water supply through PHE department and very few numbers of rings well and bore well. Some of the households reported that they experience little scarcity of water during the summer season. In other times, availability of water was good as the water table remained high. However, a few people complained about the taste of the drinking water due to iron content in the water.
Negative impact on food grain, availability /land use	In general, the communities did not see any adverse impact on food/grain availability, as the constructions of proposed substation will be mostly in the AEGCL land and land transferred by Revenue Department, Government of Assam and acquired from Amalgamated Plantation Pvt. Ltd (APPL). Bihpuria there are four nos. of non-title holders (squatters) staying near the village of the proposed substation used the Government land temporarily for cultivation. The cultivators vacated the land parcel. As per the provision of

Issues Discussed	People's views and perceptions
	entitlement matrix of ESMPF, one time financial assistance of Rs. 25,000 has been paid to the four numbers of non-title holders (squatters) on 12 th April 2022.
Will project cause widespread imbalance by cutting fruit and commercial trees in the locality	Communities were not able to give a precise answer to this question as they did not visualize the exact extent to which the trees would be cut-down due to construction of proposed substations. Almost all of them did not envisage any imbalance coming out of the project.
Will project cause health and safety issues	Most of the communities did not foresee any health or safety issues from the construction of substations. Some of them suggested that necessary precautions must be taken to ensure safety of people during construction of sub-stations.
Protected areas	No Biosphere Reserve, National Park, Wildlife Sanctuary and Wetland and their Ecosensitive zone are recorded within 10km radius from the proposed S/S. No Reserve Forest / Protected Forest recorded near to the proposed S/S.
Will project setting change migration pattern of animals	None of the communities consulted were conscious of the presence of any migrant birds or animals in their localities and nearby proposed substations. They therefore did not foresee any impacts on animals, birds or their habitats from the construction of substations.
Migration pattern	Majority of the communities reported outward migration of young generation especially the boys to big cities in search of work. The popular destinations of migration were Bangalore for security guard and helper jobs; and Gujarat, Maharashtra, Hyderabad etc. for factory jobs. There are very few cases of migration to capital cities of north eastern states in search of work.
Perceived benefits from project	Across the communities majority of them viewed that the proposed substations would contribute to minimize the prevailing energy crisis such as load shedding, and low voltage in the region. For some it will increase the rate of rural electrification and provide impetus to open small and medium business units in the area. At community level, the people hoped that project will address the problems of low voltage, and irregular power supply to the households.
Perceived loss	It is temporary in nature due to loss of crops and trees and can be compensated by AEGCL.

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Annexure – I gives the names of all participants including gender-breakdown of the public consultation conducted by the team. Annexure I also indicate a summary of village wise public consultations conducted during the field survey of project villages. The transcript of these discussions will help AEGCL and the EPC contractor to conduct a proper needs assessment to ensure the issues raised by people are addressed appropriately.

13.2 Continuous Consultation and Participation

AEGCL with PMC will carry out meaningful consultation as per requirement (Monthly consultation with local people nearby the S/S by PMU, PIU and PMC along with EPC Contractor) with affected people and other concerned stakeholders, including civil society and facilitate their informed participation. Consultation process undertaken under the directions of the PMU (i) will begin in the sub-project preparation stage and will be carried out on an on-going basis throughout the sub-project cycle (ii) will provide timely disclosure of relevant information that is understandable and readily accessible to groups and individuals, and specially women; (iii) is undertaken in an atmosphere free of intimidation or coercion; (iv) will be gender inclusive and responsive, and tailored to the needs of disadvantaged and vulnerable groups; and (v) shall enable the incorporation of all relevant views of affected people and other stakeholders into decision making, such as subproject design, mitigation measures, the sharing of development benefits and opportunities and implementation issues. Consultation will be carried out in a manner commensurate with the impacts on affected communities. The consultation process and its results will be documented and reflected in the environmental and social monitoring report. Feedback about project should be obtained time to time from PAPs during consultation. PAPs may approach GRC if any grievances arise.

13.3 Public Consultation Information Disclosure

AEGCL will submit to AIIB the following documents for disclosure on AIIB's website: (i) the final ESIA; (ii) a new or updated ESIA and corrective action plan prepared during sub-project implementation, if any; and (iii) the environmental monitoring reports.

AEGCL will provide relevant environmental information, including information from the above documents in a timely manner, in an accessible place and in a form and local language(s) understandable to affected people and other stakeholders in accordance with the AIIB's ESP 2019.

ESIA results will also be communicated to the local community before commencement of construction through posting on the website of AEGCL and other suitable means as well as providing a mechanism for the receipt of comments.

ESIA - ESMP will be disclosed online on the website of AIIB and AEGCL. Their hardcopies in English are available at the following locations:

1. PMU: Project Director,

Address: 1st Floor, AEGCL, Bijulee Bhawan,

Contact No.: 0361-2739520 Website: www.aegcl.co.in

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Contact Person: Mr. Lokhnath Choudhury

2. PIU (Refer Table, Page no 114 of main report)

This executive summary in English and Assamese can be found at the following locations:

1. PMU: Project Director,

Address: 1st Floor, AEGCL, Bijulee Bhawan,

Contact No.: 0361-2739520 Website: www.aegcl.co.in,

Contact Person: Mr. Lokhnath Choudhury

2. PIU: (Refer Table, Page no 115 of main report)

3. GRC

Tier 2:

(i) Chief General Manager (CGM, PP&D), AEGCL

Address: 1st Floor, AEGCL, Bijulee Bhawan,

Contact No.: 0361-2739520 Website: www.aegcl.co.in,

Contact Person: Mr. Lokhnath Choudhury

(ii) PMU: Project Director,

Address: 1st Floor, AEGCL, Bijulee Bhawan,

Contact No.: 0361-2739520 Website: www.aegcl.co.in,

Contact Person: Mr. Lokhnath Choudhury

Tier 1: (Refer Table, Page no 116 of main report)

ESMPF is disclosed in AEGCL website: https://www.aegcl.co.in/aiib-project-details/

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14 COVID-19 PRECAUTION MEASURES TO BE IMPLEMENTED BY PMU/PIU/PMC/EPC

SOP on preventive measures to contain spread of COVID-19 in Workplaces

A. Preventive Measures for Self – The preventive measures include simple public health measures that are to be followed to reduce the risk of infection with COVID-19. These measures need to be observed by all (employees and visitors) at all times. These include:

- Wash your hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds especially after you have been in a public place, or after blowing your nose, coughing, or sneezing.'
- If soap and water are not readily available, use a hand sanitizer that contains at least 60% alcohol. Cover all surfaces of your hands and rub them together until they feel dry.
- Avoid touching your eyes, nose, and mouth with unwashed hands.
- Avoid close contact with people who are sick
- Individuals must maintain a minimum distance of 6 feet (2 gaj ki doori) in common places as far as feasible
- Use of face covers/masks at all times. They must be worn properly to cover nose and mouth. Touching the front portion of mask/face covers to be avoided.
- Self-monitoring of health by all and reporting any illness at the earliest to the immediate supervisory officer.
- Spitting shall be strictly prohibited.

B. Preventive Measures for Workplace -

- Entrance to have mandatory hand hygiene (sanitizer dispenser) and thermal screening provisions.
- Only asymptomatic staff/visitors shall be allowed entry.
- There shall be provision for disinfection at-least twice a day of the interior of the vehicle using 1% sodium hypochlorite solution/spray. A proper disinfection of frequently touched surfaces i.e. steering, door handles, keys, etc. should be taken up.
- All officers and staff / visitors to be allowed entry only if using face cover/masks. The face cover/mask has to be worn at all times inside the work premises.
- Meetings, as far as feasible, should be done through video conferencing.
- Proper crowd management in the working premises duly following physical distancing norms are ensured.
- Specific markings may be made with sufficient distance to manage the queue and ensure physical distancing in the premises.
- Ensure regular supply of hand sanitizers, soap and running water in the washrooms.
- Cleaning and regular disinfection (using 1% sodium hypochlorite) of frequently touched surfaces (doorknobs, elevator buttons, handrails, benches, washroom fixtures, etc.) shall be done in office premises and in common areas at-least twice a day.
- Proper disposal of face covers / masks / gloves left over by visitors and/or employees in covered bins shall be ensured.
- The seating arrangement to ensure a distance of at least 6 feet between patrons as far as feasible.
- Large physical gatherings continue to remain prohibited.

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C. Measures to be taken on occurrence of case-

Despite taking the above measures, the occurrence of cases among the employees working cannot be ruled out. The following measures will be taken in such circumstances, when one or few people(s) who share a room/close office space is/are found to be suffering from symptoms suggestive of COVID-19:

- Place the ill person in a room or area where they are isolated from others at the workplace. Provide a mask/face cover till such time he/she is examined by a doctor.
- Immediately inform the nearest medical facility (hospital/clinic) or call the state or district helpline.
- If there are one or two cases reported, the disinfection procedure will be limited to places/areas occupied and visited by the patient in past 48 hours and work can be resumed after disinfection of the work.
- In case of larger number of cases are being reported at the workplace, the whole block or building, as the case may be, should be disinfected.
- Other members to wear disposable gloves when serving and helping affected person in self-isolation
- Avoid visiting public places like entertainment restaurant, malls, market etc.
- **D. Vaccination:** The concerned person of GRC/PMU/PIU/ PMC/EPC Contractor will ensure that, all project related personals must be double vaccinated.
- *Apart from the above measures, SOP on preventive measures to contain spread of COVID-19 in Workplaces by GOI, GOA from time to time will be followed

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15 GRIEVANCE REDRESS MECHANISM

General overview of the Grievance Redress Mechanism Assam Intra-State Transmission System Enhancement Project

Objectives

The Assam Intra-State Transmission System Enhancement Project (the Project) aims to strengthen Assam's electricity transmission system. As the Project is funded by the Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank (AIIB), it complies with the Environmental and Social Framework and the Policy on the Project-affected People's Mechanism of the AIIB.

The Environmental and Social Management and Planning Framework (ESMPF) of the Project provides for the establishment of a Grievance Redress Mechanism (GRM). The GRM is a free system that registers and attempts to resolve concerns or complaints by Project-affected people (PAPs) or construction workers. This process aims to quickly resolve disputes and avoid litigation, thus ensuring the smooth implementation of the project activities.

At all levels of the project Grievance Redress Mechanism, the Grievance Redress Committee members should uphold the objectives of the GRM and strive to achieve them. The primary objectives of GRM are:

- Provide an accessible, transparent, efficient and predictable mechanism for resolution of grievances to all project by:
 - Popularizing the GRM and how it can be accessed for free.
 - Receiving grievances in various possible forms (Written, Verbal, Electronic, Email, Social Media, Telephone, Fax, Suggestion Box)
 - Establishing clear procedures for redress that covers:
 - Registration in the GRM log all grievances (including minor and verbal).
 - Acknowledgement to the complainant, explaining expected duration for resolution.
 - Investigation of the grievance, proposing a solution to the complainant and if acceptable closure of the complaint. OR
 - Escalation of the grievance to Tier II which should be communicated to the complaint.
 - Investigation of the grievance, proposing a solution to the complainant
 - Provision of feedback and closure of the grievance in the GRM Log.
 - Complaint should be made aware that:
 - There is no retribution or intimidation for complainants.
 - Access of the GRM is free for the complainants.
 - The GRM does not replace the judicial system.
- Observe for any repeated complaints and inform PMU of such for their systemic resolution.
- Providing an environment that fosters free and honest exchange of information, views, and ideas.

Stakeholders with Grievances

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It is likely the following categories of stakeholders may have grievances and file the grievances for redressal. They are

- Individuals, both men and women
- Communities/ Groups of individuals
- Project workers local and migrant
- Community Based Organizations or Common Interest Groups
- Firms, Companies, Enterprises, Service Providers, and other businesses
- National / International NGOs

Roles and Responsibilities of GRC Members

PMU / PIU GRC Members	Community GRC Members
 Receives grievance from complainant and record them in a logbook. Acknowledge receipt of complaints with a written 	Popularize the existence, functions, and accessibility of the GRM among all project- affected people, both men and women.
 Acknowledge receipt of complaints with a written record. Arrange for GRC meetings to consider the grievances. Work closely with the GRC members to develop and implementing actions to resolve grievances. Prepare minutes of GRC meetings and record solutions. Provide feedback information on the status of resolution to the complainant within assigned timeline. Review grievance response and submit to Contractor/PIU/PMU for approval or implementation. Submit proposed solutions to the complainant within assigned timeline. Ensure proper logging, escalation, tracking, reporting, and following up on all project specific grievances. Swiftly escalate any grievances that cannot be resolved at the project level or may pose a big reputational risk to the project. This includes any complaints related to the health, safety, dignity, and wellbeing of any person (both men and women). Notify PMU within 12 hours of any grievances that require investigation or intervention by the police or other relevant authorities. Provide monthly update to a member of the PMU who will track grievances and always include a section on 	affected people, both men and women. Encourage key community members to facilitate submission of complaints, if needed. Attend regularly and actively participate in GRM meetings to review and provide solutions to project related grievances. Facilitate and mediate resolution of grievance. Accept and record grievances from community members. Facilitate the communication of the response of the GRC to complainants/ aggrieved. Keep communicating project related matters to GRC/ PIU.

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Most Common Grievances and Redressal

Common Grievance Categories	Issues and Likely Solutions
Technical/ Engineering	 Design related – Suit the design to the site. Restrict the width according to the available land and modify the design accordingly
	 Alignment related – Always use GPS coordinates. In case of problem contact Revenue department to correct the alignment
	Quality related – Get the materials and finished product tested at reputed laboratories and publicize the results
Environmental	 Storm water – Do not obstruct or divert natural drainage. Provide for culverts or bridges where necessary
	Stone blasting – Take precautions as per law and inform the communities accordingly
	Dust – Keep watering as required so that dust doesn't spread or rise.
	Noise – Use barriers at sensitive receptors and take up work at appropriate timings.
	Uncovered borrow areas – Dig barrow pits as per specifications.
	Waste Disposal – Dispose of waste at designated places only.
Social	 Disruption of other existing public services e.g. hospitals, schools, Water and electricity supply – Consult communities and minimize the disruption of service. Provide alternative supplies.
	Historical and Cultural sites – Follow the government guidelines on this. Do not deface any historical or cultural sites.
	HIV/AIDS/ Covid-19 issues – Follow the government SoP for these. Conduct awareness campaigns among the communities and workers.
	Child labour – Avoid child labour. No children below 14 years on work. No children below 18 years on hazardous work.
	 Rape / sexual and Gender-Based Violence – Conduct awareness camps among workers and community. Have a code of conduct. Set up Internal Complaints Committees to redress gender related grievances.
Land, Compensation and Resettlement	➤ Non-payment of compensation money — Do not take possession of land before paying full compensation
	 Underpayment of compensation money – All compensation valuation has to be done as per the LA Act 2013 and verified before payments
	 Disputes of land ownership – Refer to Revenue Department for measurement and survey to decide on the ownership
	Injurious affections such as cracks in buildings, damages to properties – Do take care not to cause damage to houses. Repair all damages and bring them back to original status.

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Common Grievance Categories	Issues and Likely Solutions		
	Boundary queries between PAPs – Do not get involved in this. Leave these matters to PAPs to decide themselves.		
Road Safety	Accidents – Report immediately to PIU/ PMU.		
	 Humps – Do not erect humps without the permission of PIU. The hump has to be as per the design. No private person can built humps 		
	Signage – All signage has to be fixed by PIU/ Contractor.		
	 Cutting of pavement by utility companies – No utility company can cut the pavement without the permission 		
	 Overloaded vehicles/ Road littering – Such incidents to be reported to PIU for action. 		
Occupational Health and Safety	Protective gear – The workers must wear protective gear at all times during the work.		
	➤ HIV/AIDS / Covid-19 services — The workers and communities must be educated about these. They should follow the SoP.		
Governance	 Procurement – To be transparent and all matters related to procurement to be disclosed 		
	Contractor highhandedness – All contractors to be instructed not to deal with the communities directly. Always involve PIU in dialogue with communities		
	Corruption – Such cases to be sent to the respective agencies for enquiring and investigation.		

DOs and DON'Ts for GRC Members

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<u>General overview of the Grievance Redress Mechanism</u> Assam Intra-State Transmission System Enhancement Project

Project Introduction

The Assam Intra-State Transmission System Enhancement Project (the Project) aims to strengthen Assam's electricity transmission system. The Project will facilitate connection of remote areas, enhance the capacity and reliability of the system, improve voltage profile, and reduce losses and ultimately enhance satisfaction for all categories of consumers. As the Project is funded by the Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank (AIIB), it complies with the Environmental and Social Framework and the Policy on the Project-affected People's Mechanism of the AIIB.

The construction activities under the Project may cause some minor disturbances to the physical environment and communities. These are typical of civil works, such as generating dust, noise, air pollution, and construction debris, influx of construction workers and limited need to acquire permanently or temporary land. Thus, a multi-tiered Grievance Redressal Committee (GRC) will be applicable to the project in its entirety. To honor the GRM, Assam Electrical Grid Corporation Limited (AEGCL) will adopt the practice to resolve any major/ minor grievances, where AEGCL shall accept, review and address issues or problems raised by Project Affected Persons (PAPs), local people and project workers related to project works. GRC will review grievances involving all resettlement benefits, compensation, relocation, replacement cost, other additional assistance for vulnerable groups including Indigenous Peoples (IPs) and grievances related to environmental issues (if any).

The Environmental and Social Management and Planning Framework (ESMPF) provides guidelines how to reduce potential risks and mitigate impacts. Site-specific Environmental and Social Management Plans (ESMP) ⁵gives specific measures for specific locations.

Overview of the Grievance Redress Mechanism

The Project provides for the establishment of a Grievance Redress Mechanism (GRM). <u>The GRM is a free system that registers and attempts to resolve concerns or complaints by Project-affected people (PAPs) or workers/employees arising from project activities.</u> This process aims to quick resolve of disputes and avoid litigation, thus ensuring the smooth implementation of the project activities.

Every person, man, woman, or construction worker employed in Project activities, who feels that they have been adversely affected by the Project, can file their concerns for free to the GRM. The Project guarantees that there will be no reprisals or retributions for raising grievances. The GRM process does not prevent project affected people to seek their rights through the judicial system but provides an additional and free way to resolve problems. Anonymous grievances are acceptable, but it will be impossible to inform the complainant of the outcome. In this case, the grievance and the proposed resolution will be publicized on site.

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⁵ The site specific HSESMP (Health, Safety, Environment and Social Management Plan) to be prepared by EPC after finalization of ESMP template from AIIB's end.

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Complaints which may be arises during the project implementation period (Pre Construction, During Construction and Post Construction) will be handled according to the following procedure:

- 1. Project-affected person approaches a member of the CGRC (Tier-1) in person or via the phone/WhatsApp. (Dedicated phone number will be assigned)
- 2. The Circle level GRC (Tier 1) member receives the grievances and records the details in the GRM logbook.
- 3. The CGRC (Tier-1) acknowledges the receipt of the grievance and provides a dated proof (official slip, text or WhatsApp message).
- 4. The CGRC (Tier-1) gathers information, visits site and interviews people to evaluate if they can find a resolution of the grievance within 10 working days.
- 5. The CGRC (Tier-1) informs grieved party of the proposed resolution in writing.
 - a. Grieved party can accept the proposed solution, which is duly recorded.
 - b. Grieved party may not accept the proposed solution, which is duly recorded.
- 6. If the CGRC (Tier-1) is unable to find a solution, or if the grieved party does not accept the proposition, the CGRC can automatically escalate the issue to the Tier -2 GRC, if grieved party agrees.
- 7. The Tier-2 GRC acknowledges the receipt of the grievance and provides a dated proof (official slip, text or WhatsApp message).
- 8. The Tier 2 GRC gathers information, visits site and interviews people to evaluate if they can find a resolution of the grievance within 20 working days.
- 9. The Tier 2 GRC informs grieved party of the proposed resolution in writing.
 - a. Grieved party can accept the proposed solution, which is duly recorded.
 - b. Grieved party may not accept the proposed solution, which is duly recorded.
- 10. The grieved party may seek their rights in the court of law.

The members of the Tier-1 GRC and their communication details in the project Districts are

Name of the T&T Circle	Name of the Project Districts	Pkg	Name of EPC Contractor	Sub- Projects	Focal point / Nominated Official	Contact number (Mobile and WhatsApp)	Communication Address
N. Lakhimpur	Lakhimpur	Α	M/s Neccon Power & Infra Ltd.	Bihpuria S/S	Sri Nayan Jyoti Kuli, DM, (Nalkata GSS) for Bihpuria GIS	7002949313	O/o The DGM, T&T Circle, AEGCL, North Lakhimpur, Nalkata, 787031
Jorhat	Golaghat	D	M/s R. S. Infraprojects Pvt. Ltd. JV with M/s Parth Electricals	Khumtai S/S	Sri Mausam Deka, DM	8638612407	O/o The DGM, UATTC, AEGCL, LMTC, Garmur, Jorhat, 785007
Bongaigaon	Kokrajhar	E	M/s Godrej & Boyce Mgf. Co. Ltd.	Agomoni S/S	Sri Rajib Das, AM	8011925974	O/o The DGM, Bongaigaon T&T Circle, AEGCL (ASEB), Dhaligaon, Chirang, 783385 Assam.

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The members of the Tier-2 GRC and their communication details in the corporate level

SL. No.	Designation	Position in the Committee	Communication Address		Website & Email id
1.	Chief General Manager(PP&D), AEGCL	Chairman		Contact No.: 0361-2739520	
2.	Project Director(EAP) Projects, AEGCL	Deputy Chairman	Assam Electricity Grid Corporation	Mobile No.: 0361-2739520	
3.	Dy. General Manager (EAP), PMU, AEGCL	Member	Ltd, (AEGCL) First Floor,	Mobile No.: 7002649012	Website: www.aegcl.co.in
4.	E & S Safeguard Specialist, PMU, AEGCL	Member	Bijuli Bhawan Guwahati- 781001	Mobile No.: 985433922	Mail Id: gm.eap@aegcl.co.in
5.	Project Related AGMs(EAP), AEGCL	Members	701001	Mobile No.: 9706078551 9864602779 9864577672	
6	Joint Secretary (Power, Electricity), GoA	Member	GoA, Power (Electricity Dept.), Assam Secretariat, Dispur, Guwahati-781006 Contact No.: 0361-2237260		dy.secy.powe@gmail .com
7	Team Leader, Environment Expert and Social Expert, PMC	Members	2B, Saroj Enclave, K.C Patowary Road. Ulubari, Guwahati-781007 Mobile No. 9960996111		loka.reddy@feedba ckinfra.com

If any unwanted situation like danger, sexual harassment and other life threatening, the victim person may reach to the concerned officials who belong to the Tier-1 and Tier-2 committee and may contact for further needful action or the matter should be informed to AIIB immediately.

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

Grievance Register

	Grievance Register
	* The mobilisation of EPC is awaiting and once EPC starts
Date of Grievance Recorded	their work in the S/S as well as in T/L, then the grievances
	may arises if any, the record will be maintained accordingly
Grievance Recorder	
Grievance submitted through	
Name of Complainant	
Complainant Preferred Contact	
Complainant Address	
Type of Grievance	
Describe Grievance	
Date of Grievance Occurrence	
Date of Acknowledgement	
Mode of Acknowledgement	
Brief Outline of Proposed Resolution	
Action Taken	
Action Taken on	
Outcome	
Outcome communicated to PAH on	
Status Update	
Mode of Complainant Update	
Acknowledged by	
Date Closed	
Days to Close Grievance	
Date of Grievance Received to Tier 2	
Date of GRC meeting (2nd Tier)	
Estimated Time for Resolution	
Action Taken	
Action Taken on	
Outcome	
Outcome communicated to PAH on	
Status Update	
Mode of Complainant Update	
Acknowledged by	
Date Closed	
Days to Close Grievance	

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

16 SUMMARY & CONCLUSION

The project scope involves construction of substations and associated transmission lines of substations.

As the Project is funded through the AIIB, the Bank's Environmental and Social Policy (ESP) applies. The Project has been assigned to "Category B" as per the ESP, as substations are not located in sensitive areas.

The present Environmental and Social Impact Assessment (ESIA) and Environmental and Social Management Plan (ESMP) report focuses on the three numbers of substations (S/S) namely Bihpuria, Khumtai and Agomani.

ESS 1 will be applicable to the Project as civil works may cause a limited number of potentially adverse environmental and social impacts. These impacts are not unprecedented and are limited to the Project area.

ESS 2 does not trigger in Khumtai, Agomani and Bihpuria site because there is no requirement of resettlement/displacement of people. However, at the acquired land for the Bihpuria S/S, it is observed that, four nos. of non-title holders (squatters) is staying near the village of the proposed substation used that land for temporarily cultivation. As per the provision of entitlement matrix of ESMPF, one time financial assistance of Rs. 25,000 has already been paid to the four numbers of non-title holders (squatters) on 12th April 2022. The cultivators now vacated that land parcel. Abbreviated Resettlement Action Plan (ARAP) will be prepared in due course.

ESS 3 does not trigger in three substations namely Bihpuria, Khumtai and Agomani.

The detail of the various regulatory frameworks pertaining to the project has already been discussed / considered in ESMPF.

AEGCL's working operation safety manual also serves as its commitment towards fulfilling the E&S responsibilities including occupation health and safety.

A baseline study to assess the environmental and socio-economic conditions within the three substations premises and adjoining areas has been conducted on 18th January 2022, 8th April and 4th January 2022 respectively for Bihpuria, Khumtai and Agomani to gather baseline information of the environmental and social profile. The detail of the baseline conditions of substations are provided in main report.

Environmental sensitive sites are away from the proposed substation sites. Environmental conditions of the substation sites are quite good.

As assessed from the baseline condition, the impacts are manageable as no major environmental issues have been recorded during site visit. Details of impact and mitigation measures are discussed in the main report. ESMP cost to implement the key environmental & social measures and environmental & social monitoring plan which a part of Engineering Procurement Construction (EPC) Contractor's contract as included in Bill Of Quantity (BOQ) item and as part of their good Engineering practice. An amount of INR 89,01,900.00 is estimated to be required for implementation of ESMP.

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

The land for construction of Bihpuria S/S is transferred to AEGCL by Revenue Department, Government of Assam. The land for construction of Khumtai S/S is acquired from Amalgamated Plantation Pvt. Ltd (APPL), whereas, the land for construction of Agomani S/S is AEGCL's own land.

No Resettlement and Rehabilitation issues are identified at substation locations. The overall E&S risks associated with the construction of substations will be insignificant, whereas it will contribute to major economic development in the relevant areas.

Construction activities will cause minimal environmental impacts which are temporary in nature and can be easily mitigated through management plan during implementation.

Overall, the environmental impacts associated with construction of substations are limited mostly to the construction period and insignificant in operation period and can be mitigated to an acceptable level by implementation of recommended measures and by best engineering and environmental practices. Details of impact and mitigations are discussed in the main report.

The detailed design by the EPC contractor will ensure the inclusion of any such environmental impacts that could not be specified or identified at this stage are taken into account and mitigated where necessary. Those impacts can be reduced through the use of mitigation measures such as improvement in work practices at the construction site.

One round of public consultation was conducted at the adjoining villages of all substation sites. The outcome indicates broad support for the project based on perceived economic and social benefits.

The project implementation will lead to the development of distribution projects, which involve distribution of power and overall energy efficiency improvement. Some of the important project benefits are - strengthen the electricity transmission network, improve reliability to power supply, reduce the transmission losses, reduce the length of transmission lines from power generation utilities to the distribution utilities, improve livelihood and boosts the economic growth of the region and nation as a whole.

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

ANNEXURE – I: Details of Public Consultation at Proposed substation sites

A. Bihpuria substation

Site/Location: Bihpuria, Village - Jarabari, Circle/Block - Bihpuria, District - North Lakhimpur,

Date of Consultation: 18.01.2022

Type of Area (Urban/Rural/Highly Congested Urban: Rural

S.No.	ISSUES	PARTICIPANTS' OPINION, COMMENTS AND SUGGESTIONS
SOCIAL		
1.	Have you heard about the Project or Do you have any information about the project?	Yes , substation construction
2.	What is your opinion about this Project?	The proposed project will improve power supply.
3.	Do you support this Project?	Yes
4.	Do you think that the Project is necessary?	Yes, the project is required to improve power supply.
5.	What are your main concerns/issues about the project?	There are four nos. of non-title holders (squatters) staying near the village of the proposed substation used the Government land temporarily for cultivation. The cultivators vacated the land parcel. As per the provision of entitlement matrix of ESMPF, one time financial assistance of Rs. 25,000 has been paid to the four numbers of non-title holders (squatters) on 12th April 2022.
6.	Can you suggest how best to address your concerns/issues?	No issues
7.	The proposed new land which may be government or privately owned. Would you volunteer to donate or sell the land for the Project?	Government land
8.	Do you expect any kind of compensation if there is loss to land or crops or trees during construction?	No
9.	If you need compensation, what kind of compensation will you be expecting (cash or kind) in case of land acquisition?	Not arises

10.	Health status, Availability of Hospitals and over all environmental condition. Is there any chronic disease prevalent in this area and are you aware about HIV/AIDS and STP?	There is no major health issues reported in the nearby village (Jarabari, Bihpuria) of substation. However, rare reporting of malaria, tuberculosis, water borne diseases etc. has been reported. Nearby hospital is Narayanpur Model Hospital is 6.3 km away from the proposed substation location. People are aware about HIV/AIDS and STD.				
11.	What positive impacts and/or benefits do you think the project will have?	The construction of proposed substation will improve power supply to whole day.				
12.	What negative impacts do you think the project will have?	No negative impacts seen				
13.	How safe do you think or consider the distribution feeder?	No major safety issues were reported. Safety precautionary measures are required to be taken during implementation of proposed substation.				
14.	Any criteria you would like to be considered for project design, construction and operation stage?	No				
15.	How long have you been living in this area?	From childhood				
16.	Are there any indigenous people/ tribal people or ethnic minority living in this area? If yes, how far and what is the name of tribe group and what is their number of Households etc.?	As per 2011 census 140 individuals of Scheduled Tribe and 5 individuals of Schedule Caste people are reported in Jarabari village where substation is proposed.				
17.	If you are from indigenous people/tribal do you expect any impacts from projects on your culture, territory, and livelihood impacts?	No				
ENVIRO	ENVIRONMENT					
1	Protected areas (national park, protected forest, religiously sensitive sites, historical or archaeological sites), if any	No Biosphere Reserve, National Park, Wildlife Sanctuary and Wetland and their Eco-sensitive zone are recorded within 10km radius from the proposed S/S.				
2	Access to the forest land and the use of the forest land (if any)	No				
3	Current environmental conditions in the area – air, dust, noise conditions in the area.	Excellent				
4	Will the project siting adversely impact the	Alteration of surface water hydrology may occur				

	water or soil resource in the locality	due to silt runoff from land filling for construction of substation.
5	Type of trees in the area: Fruit/non fruit/forest/ rare/endangered species etc.	Mixed trees with Fruit/non fruit etc. species in the village and bamboos in S/S area.
6	Wild, endemic, endangered animals in the area.	Fox, Mongoose, Snakes sometimes observed. Common resident bird like Common Maina, Crow observed.
7	Is the consultation useful	Yes
8	Would you support and participate during the implementation of Project	Yes
9	Any other Suggestions?	Local people suggested that necessary precautions must be taken to ensure safety of people during construction of sub- stations. Involvement of local public during implementation of the project.

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

Attendance sheet of Consultation

Na	me of the Project: 220/33KV cation: Jamebana Village	BiR			CIPANT		18 10	1/2022
l. o.	Name .	Age	Sex (M/F)	IP (Y/N)	Education	Occupation	Project Affected (yes/No)	Signature
1	Binen Saikia	74	m	N	10 14 pass	Garn Bunh	·N	Brain
2	(7637883876)							V/
3	Mohan Ch. Hazarika	67	m	N	MABED	Pensioner	N	(8.2
4	(8638372188)					(Cong.)	- 1-	15.01.>
5	Jydi Rupa Hazanika	53	£	N	BSc.	Teachen	N	
6	Sonaram Banuah	75	m	N	10th pass	Pensionen	N	A Buch
7	Rith Barnet	30	M	N	BAPASS	Business	N	Autur
В	Beri Probha Dulla	26	F	N	-do-	H/W	N-	Senipkova Autha Bohuah
9	Bhaskar Dutte	20	M	N	+15 Pass	Student	N	Bhaskan Dutte
0	Dodhinam Neog,	209	m	N	HIS Pass	Agricul	•	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH
1	Pinku Saikia	32	M	N	10th pss	-do-	N	deadar
2	Bhaben Saikia	46	m	N	HS Pass		N	Pinku Saik
3	Deepjyoh Neog	30	M	N	Bn Pass	-do-	V-	Broken Sad
4	Jumen Saikia	26	F	N			M	DID ZLOFF, West
5	Pallabi Saitia	30	F	N	BA Pass			Juman saikia
6	Rikheswan Saikia	55	M	-	109h pass	H/\w	N	Allabe saike
7	Bhaben Bonah	78	m	N	16 m pass	Agriendun	N	Rikhesa
В	Joshnda Borah	56	-	N	7th Pass		N	जीए दिवन
9	Arjan Kuman Bonch	60	Fm	W	8th pass	H/W	N	ज्य)जाट्या
0	Mamori Bhuyan Bonah			۸T	B.Sc.	Pensionen	N	No.
1	Donah Bonah	52	F	N	B.S.c.	Feacher	·W	Morns

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

OFFICIAL PRESENTS & SIGNATURE

*OFFICIAL USE ONLY

	220/33KV	Bihpunia	SIS
Name of the Sub-Projects:	10/10/1	1029	
Date of Public Consultation:	18/07/	TO 0 5	

SL No.	Name	Designation	Contact Number	Signature
1.	Ashish Haganika	DAM (N. LAN)	6000269989	Make
2.	Suman Higanika	AM (N. Jak)	8876579965	Suman Hogari W
3.	Rahul Poley	J·m	863844485	R. D.S
	Taper Gogoi	Driver	6002334343	Torum Gogo
_	Dibya DrobiBarnah	E.S.S. Sitemano Specialist	_9654 33 9228	Site C
-		-		
	8			

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

Photographs













Photo plate 1 to 6: Public consultation along with people adjacent to the area of proposed substation

Date: 18.01.2022

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

B. Khumtai substation

Site/Location: Khumtai -2, Village- Letekojan TE, Circle/Block-Khumtai, District - Golaghat

Date of Consultation: 08.04.2022

Type of Area (Urban/Rural/Highly Congested Urban: Rural (Opposite to NRL premise)

S.No.	ISSUES	PARTICIPANTS' OPINION, COMMENTS AND SUGGESTIONS
SOCIAL		
1.	Have you heard about the Project or Do you have any information about the project?	Yes, majority of the local people were aware of the proposed project and associated activities.
2.	What is your opinion about this Project?	Useful for public as the people hoped that project will address the problems of low voltage and irregular power supply to the households. Also this will improve economic condition of the area.
3.	Do you support this Project?	Yes, there is a broad support for the project based on perceived economic and social benefits.
4.	Do you think that the Project is necessary?	Yes, it will enhance rural electrification and provide impetus to open small and medium business units in the area.
5.	What are your main concerns/issues about the project?	No issue. The establishment of GRM which registers and attempts to resolve concerns or complaints by local people/workers/employees arising from project activities is a welcome step.
6.	Can you suggest how best to address your concerns/issues?	Every person, man, woman, or construction worker employed in project activities, who feels that they have been adversely affected by the project, can file their concerns for free to the GRM.
7.	The proposed new land which may be government or privately owned. Would you volunteer to donate or sell the land for the Project?	NA. Amalgamated Plantation Pvt. Ltd (APPL) Tea Garden land
8.	Do you expect any kind of compensation if there is loss to land or crops or trees during construction?	No
9.	If you need compensation, what kind of compensation will you be expecting (cash or kind) in case of land	No

	acquisition?	
10.	Health status, Availability of Hospitals and over all environmental condition. Is there any chronic disease prevalent in this area and are you aware about HIV/AIDS and STP?	Vivekanand Kendra NRL Hospital at approx 3.8km. No Chronic disease, Aware about COVID 19, HIV/AIDS. The workers and communities must be educated about COVID-19 rules and guidelines. They should follow the Government SoP.
11.	What positive impacts and/or benefits do you think the project will have?	The people hoped that project will address the problems of low voltage, and irregular power supply to the households.
12.	What negative impacts do you think the project will have?	Loss of tea production
13.	How safe do you think or consider the distribution feeder?	Safety precautions required.
14.	Any criteria you would like to be considered for project design, construction and operation stage?	To avoid unwanted entry of elephants in the S/S premise, thickness of the boundary wall may be increased.
15.	How long have you been living in this area?	From Childhood
16.	Are there any indigenous people/ tribal people or ethnic minority living in this area? If yes, how far and what is the name of tribe group and what is their number of Households etc.?	Tea Tribe people are staying in the Lattakoojan village which is away from the Lattakoojan TE.
17.	If you are from indigenous people/tribal do you expect any impacts from projects on your culture, territory, and livelihood impacts?	No impacts on culture, territory from the project and negligible livelihood impacts may be there due to loss of less productive Tea plants.
ENVIRO	DNMENT	
1	Protected areas (national park, protected forest, religiously sensitive sites, historical or archaeological sites), if any	 Borchapari Eco Camp (26°37'8.49"N 93°46'39.76"E) is approx. 5.2 km from the proposed S/S. The local inhabitants belong to General/Tea Tribe. Kalpataru Academy (26°34'9.54"N 93°46'22.57"E) is approx. 1km from the proposed S/S. Rang Bang M.E School (26°33'9.64"N 93°45'17.12"E) is approx. 3.5km away from the proposed S/S. Bokail High School (26°31'16.32"N 93°46'53.72"E) is approx. 5.8km away from the proposed S/S. Vivekanand Kendra NRL hospital (26°35'25.95"N 93°44'59.80"E) is approx. 3.8km away from the proposed

		S/S. Deopahar Archeological Site (26°36'3.67"N 93°43'53.80"E) is approx. 6km away from the proposed S/S. Baba Than (Lord Shiva Temple) Numaligarh (26°35'33.39"N 93°44'57.48"E) is approx. 8.2km away from the proposed S/S. Khumtai Model Hospital (26°35'9.22"N 93°48'49.94"E) is approx. 6.8km away from the proposed S/S. Kamargoan College (26°38'41.78"N 93°45'39.02"E) is approx. 8.3km away from the proposed S/S. CSIF unit Numalighah (26°34'50.43"N 93°48'2.57"E) is approx. 6.8km away from the proposed S/S.
2	Access to the forest land and the use of the forest land (if any)	No No
3	Current environmental conditions in the area – air, dust, noise conditions in the area.	Moderate
4	Will the project sitting adversely impact the water or soil resource in the locality	Temporary deterioration of surface water quality may occur due to runoff from land filling area.
5	Type of trees in the area: Fruit/non fruit/forest/ rare/endangered species etc.	Tea plantation with shade trees in the S/S. Mixed trees with Fruit/non fruit etc. species in the village of S/S.
6	Wild, endemic, endangered animals in the area.	Fox, Mongoose, Snakes sometimes observed by villagers. Common resident bird like Common Maina, Crow observed by villagers. Elephants occasionally come in the Tea Estate.
7	Is the consultation useful	Yes
8	Would you support and participate during the implementation of Project	Yes, local people wish for early implementation of the project.
9	Any other Suggestions?	Necessary safety precautions must be taken and involvement of local people should be appreciated.

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

Attendance Sheet of Consultation

Name of the Sub-Projects: ...220[13.2].3.3.k.V. Khumfai. SIS.

Date of Public consultation: ...08[04]2022

SL. No	Name of the Participant	Λge	Sex (M/F)	IP (Y/N)	Education	Occupation	Project Affected Person (yes/No)	Signature
1.	Rakesh Kurmi	35	М	N	H.S.LC.	Agrillura	No	Ratest Kurmi
2.	Sanjai Sarku	41	М	N	8th pars	Labour	No	Sanjai Sahkar
3.	Jiten Gaeh	37	М	N	H.S.L.C.	Agricultures	No	Titen Ganh
4.	Dinesh Kusmi	42	М	N	7th pars	Agricultures,	No	দিনেচ ঝুঁটি
5.	Bikram Saaka	,39	М	N		Agricultures		विवायका भाषाना

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ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

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Name of the Sub-Projects: 220/132/33 KV	Khumton	919
Name of the Sub-Projects:	2.2	
Date of Public Consultation: 09/64/26		

SI. No.	Name	Designation	Contact Number	Signature
1	Debashish Banman	A.G.M	94075,55343	P
2.	Bhragar Hazanika		7678226523	At
3	Zameer Sodhi	Assit. Manager	9476557892	
4	Somtush KA Yadav	-40-	9957661282	A. S.
5	Bharegar Hazanika	Dy Han		
6	Dibya J. Banuah	ESS Officen	9854331228	dibes
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ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

Photographs





Photo plate 7 & 8: Public consultation along with people adjacent to the area proposed substation

Date: 08.04.2024

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

C. Agomani substation

Site/Location: Agomani, Village- Joyma, Circle/Block - Gossaigaon, District - Kokrajhar

Date of Consultation: 04.01.2022

Type of Area (Urban/Rural/Highly Congested Urban: Rural

S. No.	ISSUES	PARTICIPANTS' OPINION, COMMENTS AND SUGGESTIONS
SOCIAL		
1.	Have you heard about the Project or Do you have any information about the project?	Yes, majority of the local people were aware of the proposed project and associated activities.
2.	What is your opinion about this Project?	Useful for public as the people hoped that project will address the problems of low voltage and irregular power supply to the households. Also this will improve economic condition of the area.
3.	Do you support this Project?	Yes, there is a broad support for the project based on perceived economic and social benefits.
4.	Do you think that the Project is necessary?	Yes, it will enhance rural electrification and provide impetus to open small and medium business units in the area.
5.	What are your main concerns/issues about the project?	No issue. The establishment of GRM which registers and attempts to resolve concerns or complaints by local people/workers/employees arising from project activities is a welcome step.
6.	Can you suggest how best to address your concerns/issues?	Every person, man, woman, or construction worker employed in project activities, who feels that they have been adversely affected by the project, can file their concerns for free to the GRM.
7.	The proposed new land which may be government or privately owned. Would you volunteer to donate or sell the land for the Project?	AEGCL own land
8.	Do you expect any kind of compensation if there is loss to land or crops or trees during construction?	No
9.	If you need compensation, what kind of compensation will you be expecting (cash or kind) in case of land acquisition?	No
10.	Health status, Availability of Hospitals and over all environmental condition. Is there any chronic disease prevalent	St. Mary's Primary Health Centre at approx. 6.6km, Gossaigaon Polyclinic Centre at approx. 6km, Primary Health Centre (Kokrajhar) at approx. 9.4km.

	in this area and are you aware about HIV/AIDS and STP?	No Chronic disease , Aware about COVID-19/HIV/AIDS disease
11.	What positive impacts and/or benefits do you think the project will have?	The people hoped that project will address the problems of low voltage, and irregular power supply to the households.
12.	What negative impacts do you think the project will have?	No negative impact from substation.
13.	How safe do you think or consider the distribution feeder?	Not Applicable
14.	Any criteria you would like to be considered for project design, construction and operation stage?	Not Applicable
15.	How long have you been living in this area?	From Birth
16.	Are there any indigenous people/ tribal people or ethnic minority living in this area? If yes, how far and what is the name of tribe group and what is their number of Households etc.?	Yes, they are away from the proposed S/S.
17.	If you are from indigenous people/tribal do you expect any impacts from projects on your culture, territory, and livelihood impacts?	No impacts on culture, territory from the project
ENVIR	ONMENT	
1	Protected areas (national park, protected forest, religiously sensitive sites, historical or archaeological sites), if any	 No Biosphere Reserve, National Park, Wildlife Sanctuary and Wetland and their Eco-sensitive zone is recorded within 10km radius from the proposed S/S. No Reserve Forest / Protected Forest recorded near to the proposed S/S. No cultural heritage site nearby proposed substation. Joyma High School is located next to substation. (26°28′7.55′N 90°0′44.53′E). There is a Church Joyma Mission NELC Church at approx 300m distance. (26°28'3.71"N 90° 0'47.72"E) St. Mary's Primary Health Centre at approx. 6.6km (26°26'52.15"N89°58'11.43"E), Gossaigaon Polyclinic Centre at approx. 6km (26°26'14.14" N89°58'36.05"E), Primary Health Centre (Kokrajhar) at approx. 9.4km (26°26'42.54"N 89°56'56.43"E). Threre is a Tea garden name Joyma Tea Garden at approx 120 m beside the substation area (26°28'1.55"N 90° 0'51.42"E).

		• There is Joyma River at about 700 m distance from proposed site (26°27'58.41"N 90° 1'4.49"E).
2	Access to the forest land and the use of the forest land (if any)	 No Reserve Forest / Protected Forest recorded near to the proposed S/S.
3	Current environmental conditions in the area – air, dust, noise conditions in the area.	
4	Will the project siting adversely impact the water or soil resource in the locality	
5	Type of trees in the area: Fruit/non fruit/forest/ rare/endangered species etc.	Last to the state of the state
6	Wild, endemic, endangered animals in the area.	Fox, Mongoose, Snakes sometimes observed by villagers. Common resident bird like Common Maina, Crow observed by villagers.
7	Is the consultation useful	Yes
8	Would you support and participate during the implementation of Project	Yes, local people wish for early implementation of the project.
9	Any other Suggestions?	Necessary safety precautions must be taken and involvement of local people should be appreciated.

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

Attendance Sheet of Consultation

Name of the Sub-Projects: 220/132 k V Agamoni 5/5

Date of Public consultation: 04/01/2022

SL. No	Name of the Participant	Age	Sex (M/F)	IP (Y/N)	Education	Occupation	Project Affected Person (yes/No)	Signature
1.	Pober Harti	45	М	N	9th pacs	farmer	7	क्षाद्वार भारत
	Murgal Hisra		F	N	5th pass	Houwife	N	ग्रूतभून चिञ
	Maria Harti		f	N	7th paes	Honouvife	N	शक्या शक्ये
4.	Bugo Harti	55	М	N	Nil	farmer	7	
5.	Sukhuram Hum	52	М	N	10th pais	Quires	N	Sukunam Nunn
6.	Teresa Soren	60	М	N	Nil	farmer	2	
7.	Businuddin	37	н	7	8th pass	Quainers	N	उद्येष हमी

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

Photographs







Photo plate 9 to 11: Public consultation along with people adjacent to the area of proposed substation

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

Annexure – II: Some Site Photographs

A. Bihpuria Substation





Photo plate 12 & 13: Proposed substation site





Photo plate 14 & 15: One time financial assistance to the non-title holders (squatters)

B. Khumtai substation





Photo plate 16 & 17: Proposed substation site

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

C. Agomani substation







Photo plate 19: Joyma Government high school



Photo plate 20: Proposed substation site

ASSAM INTRA STATE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

ANNEXURE-III: CODE OF CONDUCT FOR CONTRACTOR'S WORKERS

As Bona fide Contractor, [enter name of Contractor] for the project (enter name of the project) we have signed a contract with [enter name of Employer] for [enter specific description of the Works]. These Works will be carried out at [enter the Site and other locations where the Works will be carried out]. Our contract requires us to implement measures to address environmental and social risks related to the Services and Works, including the risks of misdemeanor in workplace / worker's camps, sexual exploitation, abuse, harassment, and gender-based violence.

This Code of Conduct is part of the measures to deal with environmental and social risks related to the Works. This involves all workers, labor camps and the workplace. It applies to all our staff, laborers and other employees at the Works Site or other places where the Works are being carried out. It also applies to the personnel of each subcontractor and any other personnel assisting us in the execution of the Works. All such persons are referred to as "Contractor's Personnel" and are subject to this Code of Conduct.

This Code of Conduct identifies the conduct that is required from all Contractor's Personnel.

In our workplace, unsafe, offensive, abusive, or violent behavior will not be tolerated, and all persons should feel comfortable raising issues or concerns without fear of retaliation.

Contractor's Personnel shall:

General Conduct

- Make earnest efforts to understand his/her responsibilities detailed in this Code of Conduct and any other documents and trainings, as directed by the Employer. Proactively seek clarifications to enable work to be undertaken in strict compliance with this Code of Conduct.
- Carry out his/her duties competently and diligently.
- 3. Comply with this Code of Conduct and all applicable laws, regulations, and other requirements, including requirements to protect the health, safety and well-being of other Contractor's Workers, colleagues working under the same contractor and any other person.
- 4. Maintain a safe working environment by:
 - a. Abiding by safety guidelines to ensure that workplaces, machinery, equipment, and processes under each person's control are safe and without risk to health.
 - b. Using required Personal Protective Equipment.
 - c. All works are conducted with safety clearance and under appropriate supervision.
 - d. Using appropriate measures relating to chemical, physical, and biological substances, and agents.
 - e. Following applicable emergency operating procedures.
 - f. Providing separate, safe, and easily accessible working and accommodation facilities for women and men working on the site.
- 5. Report to the Supervisor about work situations that he/she believes are not safe or healthy and remove himself/herself from a work situation which he/she believes presents an imminent and danger to his/her life or health.
- 6. Treat other people with respect, and not discriminate against specific groups such as women, persons with different sexual orientation, people with disabilities, migrant workers, or children.
- Not engage in sexual harassment which includes unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other unwanted verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature in the workplace or with respect to neighboring communities.

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- 8. Engage with the community and/or project affected persons with utmost respect. Intimidation, threats, and coercive behavior will not be tolerated.
- 9. Not engage in sexual exploitation and abuse, which means any actual or attempted abuse of position of vulnerability, differential power, or trust, for sexual purposes, including, but not limited to, profiting monetarily, socially, or politically from the sexual exploitation of another.
- 10. Not engage in sexual assault, which means any form and/or threat of non-consensual sexual contact.
- 11. Not engage in any form of sexual activity with individuals under the age of 18.
- 12. Not make any inappropriate and unwanted sexual advances to people in the adjoining (host) communities or settlements.
- 13. Not work or be present in the worksite(s) under the influence of any intoxicating substances, such as alcohol or drugs.
- 14. Not possess alcohol or any other illegal/ intoxicating substances while on duty or in the labor camps.
- 15. Return to the labor camp no later than 22:00, unless working on night shift.
- 16. Participate and complete relevant training courses that will be provided related to the environmental and social aspects of the Contract, including on health and safety matters, Gender-based violence (GBV), Sexual Exploitation, Abuse and Harassment (SEAH).
- 17. Report violations of this Code of Conduct.
- 18. Not retaliate against any person who reports violations of this Code of Conduct, whether to AIIB or the Employer, or who makes use of the grievance mechanism for Contractor's Workers or the project's Grievance Redress Mechanism.

RAISING CONCERNS (Please refer to section on GRM in the bidding document and provide information as needed: An appropriate GRM shall be constituted by the contractor for grievances in the worksite. This should include an effective mechanism for receiving and promptly addressing allegations of SEA and/or SH from the Contractor's or Employer's Personnel or any other person including third parties.)

If any person observes a behavior that he/she believes may represent a violation of this Code of Conduct, or that otherwise concerns him/her, he/she should raise the issue promptly. This can be done in either of the following ways:

- 1. Contact [enter name of the Contractor's Social Expert] in writing at this address [X] or by telephone at [X] or in person at [X]; or
- 2. Call [X] to reach the Contractor's hotline (if any) and leave a message.

The Complainant's identity will be kept confidential, unless reporting of allegations is mandated by the country law. Anonymous complaints or allegations may also be submitted and will be given all due and appropriate consideration. We take seriously all reports of possible misconduct and will investigate and take appropriate action. We will provide warm referrals to service providers that may help support the person who experienced the alleged incident, as appropriate.

There will be no retaliation against any person who raises a concern in good faith about any behavior prohibited by this Code of Conduct. Such retaliation would be a violation of this Code of Conduct.

CONSEQUENCES OF VIOLATING THE CODE OF CONDUCT

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Any violation of this Code of Conduct by Contractor's Personnel may result in serious consequences, up to and including termination and possible referral to legal authorities.

The information contained in this note will be disseminated to all Contractor's Pengagement of any worker/ personnel, the above information will be provided the Code of Conduct will be provided signed by the Personnel and countersigned prototype is provided below:	verbally, and a copy of ed by the Contractor. A
FOR CONTRACTOR'S PERSONNEL:	
I have received a copy of this Code of Conduct written in [X] language that I unde	erstand. I recognize that
if I have any questions about this Code of Conduct, I can contact [enter name	of Contractor's contact
person with relevant background in handling gender-based violence] requesting a	an explanation.
Name of Contractor's Personnel: [insert name]	
Signature:	
Date: (day month year):	_
	_
Countersignature of authorized representative of the Contractor: [insert name]	
Signature:	
Date: (day month year):	

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ATTACHMENT 1: Behaviors constituting Sexual Exploitation and Abuse (SEA) and behaviors constituting Sexual Harassment (SH)

The following non-exhaustive list is intended to illustrate types of prohibited behaviors:

- 1. Examples of sexual exploitation and abuse include, but are not limited to:
- A Worker/Expert tells a member of the community that he/she can get them jobs in the work site (e.g., cooking and cleaning) in exchange for sex.
- A Worker/Expert that is connecting electricity input to households says that he can connect women headed households to the grid in exchange for sex.
- A Worker/Expert rapes, or otherwise sexually assaults a member of the community.
- A Worker/Expert denies a person access to the Site unless he/she performs a sexual favor.
- A Worker/Expert tells a person applying for employment under the Contract that he/she will only hire him/her if he/she has sex with him/her.
- 2. Examples of sexual harassment in a work context
- A Worker/Expert comment on the appearance of another Worker/Expert (either positive or negative) and sexual desirability.
- When a Worker/Expert complains about comments made by another Worker/Expert on his/her appearance, the other Worker/Expert comment that he/she is "asking for it" because of how he/she dresses.
- Unwelcome touching of a Worker/Expert or Employer's Personnel by another Worker/Expert.
- A Worker/Expert tells another Worker/Expert that he/she will get him/her a salary raise or promotion if he/she sends him/her naked photographs of himself/herself.